Loads

Type FIF-CS

Concrete acc. to EN 206-1:2000

6) Drill method hammer drilling.

7) Rotary drilling.

Solid clay bricks Mz according to EN 771-1:2011

Vertically perforated clay bricks HLz according to EN 771-1:2011

Lightweight aggregate concrete LAC according to EN 1520:2011

Autoclaved aerated concrete blocks AAC according to EN 771-4:2011

²⁾ Possible minimum spacing resp. edge distance according to assessment.

Render fixing FIF-CS3)

Highest permissible loads for a single anchor¹⁾⁴ for fixing of external thermal insulation composite systems with rendering. For the design the complete assessment ETA-15/0006 has to be considered.

Brick raw density

Minimum

strenath

[N/mm²]

20

12

6

[kg/dm³]

≥ 1.8

≥ 1.0

≥ 0.9

 ≥ 0.5

1) The partial safety factors for material resistance as regulated in the assessment as well as a partial safety factor for load actions of γ, = 1,5 are considered.

³⁾ Plastic anchor for fixing of external thermal insulation composite systems with rendering according to ETAG014. Only tensile wind loads are permitted. 4) The given loads are valid for installation and use of fixations in dry base material for temperatures in the substrate up to +24 °C (resp. short term up to +40 °C).

⁵⁾ Restrictions concerning the manufacturer and the permissible hole patterns as well as the web thickness see assessment.

compressive brick

C12/15 - C50/60

Minimum

embed-

h_{nom}

[mm]

 $35^{6)}$

 $35^{6)}$

257)

 $35^{6)}$

357)

ment depth

Minimum

member

thickness

h_{min}

[mm]

100

100

100

100

100

Concrete and masonry5)

Minimum

spacing²⁾

Smin

[mm]

100

100

100

100

100

Minimum

distance2)

edge

 \mathbf{C}_{\min}

[mm]

100

100

100

100

100

Permissi-

ble tensile

load3)

Nperm

[kN]

0.40

0.40

0.20

0.20

0.10