Environmental Product Declaration (EPD) According to ISO 14025 and EN 15804+A2

kiwa Ecobility Experts



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fischer injection mortars based on vinyl ester resin

FIS V Plus, FIS VW Plus, FIS VS Plus, FIS VL, T-Bond Pro.1, FIS AB, FIS C 700 HP Pro.1, FIS HT II, FIS HB, FIS SB, FIS RC II, FIS RC II Low Speed

Registration number:	EPD-Kiwa-EE-000431-EN
Issue date:	23.05.2025
Valid until:	23.05.2030
Declaration owner:	fischerwerke GmbH & Co. KG
Publisher:	Kiwa-Ecobility Experts
Program operator:	Kiwa-Ecobility Experts
Status:	verified



1 General information

11 PRODUCT

fischer injection mortars based on vinvl ester resin (FIS V Plus, FIS VW Plus, FIS VS Plus, FIS VL, T-Bond Pro.1, FIS AB, FIS C 700 HP Pro.1, FIS HT II, FIS HB, FIS SB, FIS RC II, FIS RC II Low Speed). This is an average EPD that applies to several different products with chemically similar formulations.

1.2 REGISTRATION NUMBER

FPD-Kiwa-FF-000430-FN

1.3 VALIDITY

Issue date: 23.05.2025

Valid until: 23.05.2030

1.4 PROGRAM OPERATOR

Kiwa-Ecobility Experts Wattstraße 11-13 13355 Berlin Germany

Raoul Mancke

(Head of program operations, Kiwa-Ecobility Experts)



(Verification body, Kiwa-Ecobility Experts)

1.5 OWNER OF THE DECLARATION

Declaration owner: fischerwerke GmbH & Co.KG Address: Klaus-Fischer-Strasse 1, 72178 Waldachtal, GERMANY E-mail: info@fischer.de

Martin Köhrer

Website: fischer-international.com

Production location: fischerwerke GmbH & Co. KG

Address production location: Otto-Hahn-Strasse 15, 79211 Denzlingen, GERMANY

1.6 VERIFICATION OF THE DECLARATION

The independent verification is in accordance with the ISO 14025:2011. The LCA is in compliance with ISO 14040:2006 and ISO 14044:2006. The EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 serves as the core PCR.

Internal 🛛 External

M. Nikrowan

Dr. -Ing. Morteza Nikravan (Third party verifier)

1.7 STATEMENTS

The owner of this EPD shall be liable for the underlying information and evidence. The program operator Kiwa-Ecobility Experts shall not be liable with respect to manufacturer data, life cycle assessment data and evidence.

1.8 PRODUCT CATEGORY RULES

Kiwa-EE GPI R.2.0

Kiwa-FF GPL R 2.0 Annex B1

Insititut Bauen und Umwelt e. V. - PCR Part A Version 1.4: Calculation rules for the life cycle assessment and requirements for the project report according to EN 15804+A2:2022-11. [IBU, 2024]

Insititut Bauen und Umwelt e. V. - PCR Part B: Requirements for the EPD for reactive resin products [IBU, 2021b]



1.9 COMPARABILITY

In principle, a comparison or assessment of the environmental impacts of different products is only possible if they have been prepared in accordance with EN 15804. For the evaluation of the comparability, the following aspects have to be considered in particular: PCR used, functional or declared unit, geographical reference, the definition of the system boundary, declared modules, data selection (primary or secondary data, background database, data quality), scenarios used for use and disposal phases, and the life cycle inventory (data collection, calculation methods, allocations, validity period). PCRs and general program instructions of different EPDs programs may differ. Comparability needs to be evaluated. For further guidance, see EN 15804+A2 (5.3 Comparability of EPD for construction products) and ISO 14025 (6.7.2 Requirements for comparability).

1.10 CALCULATION BASIS

LCA method R<THiNK: Ecobility Experts | EN15804+A2

LCA software: Sphera database

Characterization method: EN 15804 +A2 Method with characterization factors based on the EF Reference Package 3.1 (EN 15804 XLS file)

LCA database profiles: Managed LCA Content MLC database

Version database: Version 2024.2

1.11 LCA BACKGROUND REPORT

This EPD is generated based on the following report: Life cycle assessment for the creation of two environmental product declarations (EPDs) for injection mortar filled in 2-component plastic cartridges. Report creator: SKZ - KFE gGmbH.



2 Product

2.1 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

The declared products are 2-component injection mortars in plastic cartridges which consist of a component A and a hardener component B. Component A consists of a vinyl ester resin mixture. Dibenzoyl peroxide is generally used as hardener in component B. In addition, the product may contain fillers, ancillary materials and additives.

The injection mortar with product designation FIS V Plus, FIS VW Plus, FIS VS Plus, FIS VL, T-Bond Pro.1, FIS AB, FIS C 700 HP Pro.1, FIS HT II, FIS HB, FIS SB, FIS RC II, FIS RC II Low Speed are products in 150 ml, 300 ml, 360 ml, 390 ml, 410 ml, 585 ml, 825 ml and 1500 ml cartridge sizes. EU regulation no. 305/2011/ (CPR) applies for placing the product on the market in the EU/EFTA (with the exception of Switzerland). The product requires a declaration of performance taking into account the ETA, CE and respective national standards which can be accessed on the single product websites.

Product specification

All products share the same raw material feedstock but differ from each other in their composition. The following are average specifications that apply to all products.

The composition of the product is described in the following table:

Materials Component A	Weight [m-%]
Vinyl ester resin mixture	30 - 40
Inorganic fillers	55 - 70
Others	< 5
Materials Component B	Weight [m-%]
Dibenzoyl peroxide	5 – 25
Dibenzoyl peroxide Pasting agent (e.g. water or organic liquid)	5 – 25 20 – 30
Dibenzoyl peroxide Pasting agent (e. g. water or organic liquid) Inorganic fillers	5 - 25 20 - 30 40 - 70

2.2 APPLICATION (INTENDED USE OF THE PRODUCT)

Vinyl ester based mortars are for example recommended for anchorings with the highest load-bearing capacity in cracked and non-cracked concrete and for applications of seismic performance categories C1 and C2. They are also suitable for applications in masonry, high-rise racks and heavy indoor or outdoor steel constructions. The injection mortar is processed with approved system components and also with reinforcing steel bars. It can also be used for diamond-drilled and water-filled drill holes.

2.3 REFERENCE SERVICE LIFE (RSL)

No modules from the use phase have been declared. No reference service life is stated for this reason.

USED RSL (YR) IN THIS CALCULATION

The use phase was not considered, which is why no information on the RSL is required.

2.4 TECHNICAL DATA

This is an average EPD that applies to two different products with the same chemical formulations filled in 2 cartridge sizes. This is an average EPD that applies to several different products with chemically similar formulations:

FIS V Plus, FIS VW Plus, FIS VS Plus, FIS VL, T-Bond Pro.1, FIS AB, FIS C 700 HP Pro.1, FIS HT II, FIS HB, FIS SB, FIS RC II, FIS RC II Low Speed are products in 150 ml, 300 ml, 360 ml, 390 ml, 410 ml, 585 ml, 825 ml and 1500 ml cartridge sizes.

Description	Unit	Value
Density	Kg/m³	1,75
Tensile shear strength DIN EN 14293	N/mm²	-
Tensile bond strength DIN EN 14293	N/mm²	-

Shear strength and adhesive tensile strength in accordance with DIN EN 14293 are not relevant for this product.

2.5 SUBSTANCES OF VERY HIGH CONCERN

The product contains no substances on the Candidate List of substances of very high concern for authorization (Substances of Very High Concern – SVHC) at a concentration of above 0.1% mass.

2.6 DESCRIPTION PRODUCTION PROCESS

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The products to be declared are 2-component reaction resin systems, which consist of a hardener and a mortar mass. The two components are produced in separate processes: the respective raw materials, operating and auxiliary materials are weighed gravimetrically into a mixer, homogenized by mixing and then made available for the filling process. After a successful quality control, both components are automatically filled into a previously injection-moulded and labelled cartridge.

fischerwerke GmbH & Co. KG has a high level of vertical integration. Not only all plastic parts such as cartridges, pistons and static mixers, but also the labels for the cartridges and outer packaging are produced in-house.

Product Flow Diagram

The LCA considers the product stage (A1-A3), the construction stage (A4-A5), the disposal stage (C1-C4) and benefits and loads outside the system boundary (Module D). Modules A1 (provision of raw materials), A2 (transportation) and A3 (production) are aggregated in the assessment as modules A1-A3.



System boundary

Modules A1 - A3 comprise the following activities:

- Provision of energy
- Provision of raw, operating and auxiliary materials and packaging
- Transportation to the plant
- Production of injection mortar
- Treatment of production waste
- Treatment of packaging waste from raw materials

Module A4 includes:

- Transportation to the construction site Module A5 includes:
- Installation process/ disposal of product packaging Module C1 includes:
 - Dismantling

Module C2 includes:

• Transportation to the waste disposal site

Module C3 – C4 includes:

- End-of-life scenarios
 - Scenario 0: Landfill of the product
 - Scenario 1: thermal treatment of the product

Module D includes:

• Benefits and loads outside the system boundary

2.7 CONSTRUCTION DESCRIPTION

The products are installed manually. Once the mortar material has been fully used, the cartridge (in module A5) is disposed to waste.



3 Calculation rules

3.1 DECLARED UNIT

The declared unit is 1 kg injection mortar mass. The assessed production volume is based on information provided by the manufacturer. Overall, it is assumed that the data is representative and consistent. The product to be declared is an injection mortar filled in 2-component plastic cartridges, each consisting of a component A (mortar), a hardener component B (hardener), a plastic cartridge and a static mixer. Usually, 2 static mixers are supplied with each product cartridge.

3.2 CONVERSION FACTORS

Description	Value	Unit
Reference unit	1	kg
Weight per reference unit	1	kg

3.3 SCOPE OF DECLARATION AND SYSTEM BOUNDARIES

The system boundary was chosen "from the cradle to the factory gate with options". Accordingly, the consideration includes the production stage (A1-A3), transportation to the place of use (A4), installation (A5) and the disposal stages (C1-C4) as well as benefits and loads outside the system boundary (D). The life cycle is modular in accordance with EN 15804.

The life cycle stages included are as shown below:

(X = module declared, ND = module not declared)

A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	С3	C4	D
Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	ND	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х						

The modules of the EN15804+A2 contain the following:

Module A1 = Raw material supply	Module B5 = Refurbishment
Module A2 = Transport	Module B6 = Operational energy use
Module A3 = Manufacturing	Module B7 = Operational water use
Madula A.4. Transmost	Module C1 = De-construction /
Module A4 – Transport	Demolition
Module A5 = Construction,	Module C2 = Transport

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Module B1 = Use	Module C3 = Waste Processing
Module B2 = Maintenance	Module C4 = Disposal
Module B3 = Repair	Module D = Benefits and loads beyond the product system boundaries
Module B4 = Replacement	

3.4 REPRESENTATIVENESS

This EPD is representative for injection mortarts which consists of a vinyl ester resin mixture, a product of fischerwerke GmbH & Co. KG.

Information on modules A1-A3 comes directly from the manufacturer. The geographical representativeness of modules A1-A3 can be classified as very good.

The manufacturer distributes its products throughout Europe. European data sets were used for modules A4-A5 and EoL modules C1-C4 and D. The geographical representativeness of these modules can be classified as good.

3.5 CUT-OFF CRITERIA

Due to their very low relevance, the following processes were not considered:

• In the case of multiple-use packaging, the manufacturing and waste treatment processes were not considered. The resulting emissions would have been allocated to all products that were packaged with it during their lifetime, which leads to a low relevance of this aspect.

Based on the detailed data collection of the manufacturer's data, it can be assumed that no significant mass or energy flows have been neglected. The total cut-off percentage is < 1.0% of the mass fraction in relation to the declared unit.

3.6 ALLOCATION

No co-products are produced during the manufacture of plastic insulation materials (modules A1-A3). Therefore, no co-product allocation was necessary for foreground processes.

Energy, auxiliary and operating materials and waste during the production of injection mortar (modules A1-A3) were recorded at plant level. Electricity consumption is recorded on a plant or machine-specific basis but must be allocated to the products. Allocation is based on the produced mass.

In addition, various operating and auxiliary materials are used, i.e. lubricants and cleaning agents, for which there is no product-specific recording of consumption. These are also allocated by mass.

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3.7 DATA COLLECTION & REFERENCE TIME PERIOD

Primary data including all raw materials, packaging materials, energy consumption and ancillary materials was comprehensively collected for the reference year from 2024.01.01 to 2024.12.31.

3.8 ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

3.8.1. TRANSPORT TO CONSTRUCTION SITE (A4)

No manufacturer-specific data is available for transportation to the construction site (Module A4). Transportation to construction sites takes place over a distance of 434 km, based on statistical back-ground data for the average truck transport of plastic products [Ecoinvent, 2019].

3.8.2. ASSEMBLY (A5)

The products are installed manually. For this reason, in Module A5 only the transportation and waste treatment of packaging waste and cartridge to the waste treatment are considered. Transport by truck with a total weight of 32 t over a transport distance of 77 km are assumed. This corresponds to the Ecoinvent background data for transportation of non-hazardous waste [Ecoinvent, 2019]. The benefits resulting from the incineration of packaging waste were considered in Module D in accordance with PCR Part A Version 1.4 (Institute Bauen und Umwelt e. V. IBU). It is assumed that 100 % of the product packaging waste and the cartridge are thermally treated. The thermal and electrical energy generated and exported are declared outside the system boundary in Module D as a benefit of subsequent use.

3.8.3. DE-CONSTRUCTION, DEMOLITION (C1)

The information in the previously published EPD EPD-FIS-20130268-IBG1-EN was used for the life cycle assessment of dismantling. An energy consumption of 0,0033 kWh/d. U. during disassembly was considered.

3.8.4. TRANSPORT END-OF-LIFE (C2)

The dismantled products are transported to a waste incineration plant for thermal recycling or to were disposed on a landfill. The transportation distance corresponds with the Ecoinvent background data for transportation of non-hazardous waste and is 77 km [Ecoinvent, 2019].

3.9 DATA QUALITY

Background data was taken exclusively from the Sphera database Version 2024.2 with the database MLC (Managed LCA Content).

Data quality level

Notes

Time- related coverage	Age of data and minimum time period for data collection.	The collected data is from the year 2024. The temporal representativeness is less than 3 years	Very good		
	Upstream: Unit process for raw material should be collected for respective geographic region	Supplier data was collected and considered geographically in the model.	Very good		
Geographical coverage	Core: Unit process for production should represent the real site.	Specific data from the corresponding production site where the injection mortar and the cartridges are manufactured was used.	Very good		
	Downstream: End-of-life disposal should represent the region of disposal.	Two EoL scenarios (thermal treatment and landfill) were compared. European data sets were used.	good		
Technical representa- tiveness	Qualitative assessment of the degree to which the data set reflects the true population of interest (technology)	The specific data on the manufacture of the considered injection mortar and cartridges were provided by the company fischerwerke. They were determined on the actual systems and processes used for production.	Very good		

3.10 POWER MIX

According to the manufacturer, in 2024 green electricity from hydropower with guarantee of origin, own PV systems, energy from CHP as well as purchased electricity are used to produce the injection mortars and cartridges. Purchased electricity were considered with the use of residual mix of 2023. The composition of the residual mix for Germany was based on data from the Association of Issuing Bodies (AIB). The GWP value of the electricity mix amounts about 0.193 kg CO_2 per kWh. A location-based approach is used for the electricity data.

The average German electricity mix from the "Managed LCA Content" (MLC) database is used for processes that affect the following modules (A5, C1, C3, C4, D).



4 Scenarios and additional technical information

4.1 END OF LIFE (C3, C4)

Two end of life scenarios are considered during this study:

- Scenario 0: Landfill (module C3 and C4) It is assumed that 100 % of the product is disposed at the landfill.
- Scenario 1: thermal treatment (module C3/1 and C4/1) It is assumed that 100 % of the products are disposed thermally. For this reason, incineration of the end-of-life product is considered.

4.2 BENEFITS AND LOADS BEYOND THE SYSTEM BOUNDARY (D)

Scenario 0: In module D the benefits outside the system boundary are considered, through the incineration of packaging waste and cartridges in module A5.

Scenario 1: In module D/1 the benefits outside the system boundary are considered, through the incineration of packaging waste and cartridges in module A5 and the incineration of the product at in module C3/1.



5 Results

For the impact assessment, the characterization factors of the LCIA method EN 15804 +A2 Method v1.0 are used. Long-term emissions (>100 years) are not considered in the impact assessment. The results of the impact assessment are only relative statements that do not make any statements about endpoints of the impact categories, exceedance of threshold values, safety margins or risks. The following tables show the results of the indicators of the impact assessment, of the use of resources as well as of waste and other output flows.

5.1 ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT INDICATORS PER [enter reference unit (e.g. kilogram)]

CORE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT INDICATORS EN15804+A2

Abbreviation	Unit	A1- A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C3/1	C4	C4/1	D	D/1
AP	mol H⁺ eqv.	3.64E-03	4.94E-05	1.23E-04	1.91E-06	1.14E-05	1.33E-05	2.40E-04	1.02E-04	0.00E+00	-2.92E-04	-3.76E-04
GWP-total	kg CO2 eqv.	2.22E+00	4.22E-02	7.20E-01	9.95E-04	6.92E-03	2.69E-03	1.01E+00	1.45E-02	0.00E+00	-3.01E-01	-3.56E-01
GWP-b	kg CO2 eqv.	-9.03E-02	2.35E-04	9.03E-02	8.87E-06	3.86E-05	0.00E+00	1.41E-04	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	-1.18E-03	-1.55E-03
GWP-f	kg CO ₂ eqv.	2.31E+00	4.11E-02	6.29E-01	9.86E-04	6.75E-03	2.65E-03	1.01E+00	1.44E-02	0.00E+00	-3.00E-01	-3.54E-01
GWP-luluc	kg CO₂ eqv.	2.67E-03	7.91E-04	3.20E-05	1.50E-07	1.30E-04	3.59E-05	1.69E-04	8.62E-05	0.00E+00	-2.57E-05	-3.24E-05
EP-m	kg N eqv.	1.11E-03	1.78E-05	2.49E-05	4.76E-07	4.51E-06	6.11E-06	8.49E-05	2.63E-05	0.00E+00	-9.20E-05	-1.14E-04
EP-fw	kg P eqv.	8.22E-06	1.12E-07	2.19E-08	4.09E-09	1.84E-08	1.03E-08	2.93E-07	3.27E-08	0.00E+00	-4.35E-07	-6.00E-07
EP-T	mol N eqv.	1.25E-02	2.12E-04	5.76E-04	4.98E-06	5.32E-05	6.76E-05	1.11E-03	2.89E-04	0.00E+00	-9.90E-04	-1.23E-03
ODP	kg CFC 11 eqv.	6.56E-12	1.30E-14	7.77E-14	2.24E-14	2.13E-15	4.79E-15	7.31E-13	3.88E-14	0.00E+00	-2.32E-12	-3.22E+02
РОСР	kg NMVOC eqv	, 4.07E-03	4.96E-05	6.69E-05	1.26E-06	1.10E-05	1.69E-05	2.32E-04	8.04E-05	0.00E+00	-2.63E-04	-3.23E-04
ADP-f	MJ	5.40E+01	5.40E-01	1.38E-01	2.07E-02	8.87E-02	4.97E-02	1.12E+00	1.90E-01	0.00E+00	-5.28E+00	-6.34E+00
ADP-mm	kg Sb-eqv.	2.04E-06	7.00E-09	8.93E-10	1.85E-10	1.15E-09	2.78E-09	1.01E-08	9.31E-10	0.00E+00	-2.35E-08	-3.12E-08
WDP	m³ world eqv.	8.69E-02	2.95E-04	6.70E-02	2.73E-04	4.84E-05	5.08E-04	1.62E-01	1.65E-03	0.00E+00	-2.85E-02	-3.94E-02

AP=Acidification (AP) | **GWP-total**=Global warming potential (GWP-total) | **GWP-b**=Global warming potential - Biogenic (GWP-b) | **GWP-f**=Global warming potential - Fossil (GWP-f) | **GWP-f luluc**=Global warming potential - Land use and land use change (GWP-luluc) | **EP-m**=Eutrophication marine (EP-m) | **EP-fw**=Eutrophication, freshwater (EP-fw) | **EP-T**=Eutrophication, terrestrial (EP-T) | **ODP**=Ozone depletion (ODP) | **POCP**=Photochemical ozone formation - human health (POCP) | **ADP-f**=Resource use, fossils (ADP-f) | **ADP-mm**=Resource use, minerals and metals (ADP-mm) | **WDP**=Water use (WDP)



ADDITIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT INDICATORS EN15804+A2

Abbreviation	Unit	A1- A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	СЗ	C3/1	C4	C4/1	D	D/1
ETP-fw	CTUe	2,17E+01	4,19E-01	6,04E-02	6,00E-03	6,88E-02	3,46E-02	3,68E-01	1,09E-01	0,00E+00	-6,65E-01	-9,09E-01
PM	Disease incidence	3.28E-08	4.73E-10	7.69E-10	1.59E-11	9.57E-11	2.61E-10	4.78E-09	1.28E-09	0.00E+00	-2.39E-09	-3.08E-09
HTP-c	CTUh	6,21E-10	8,36E-12	5,19E-12	3,37E-13	1,37E-12	7,57E-13	2,03E-11	2,58E-12	0,00E+00	-5,79E-11	-7,31E-11
HTP-nc	CTUh	2,58E-08	3,52E-10	8,31E-11	5,16E-12	5,78E-11	2,77E-11	4,68E-10	9,96E-11	0,00E+00	-1,43E-09	-1,70E-09
IR	kBq U-235 eqv.	5,12E-02	9,07E-05	3,57E-04	5,45E-04	1,49E-05	9,93E-05	1,13E-02	2,30E-04	0,00E+00	-5,65E-02	-7,84E-02
SQP	Pt	5,39E+00	3,59E-01	5,11E-02	8,72E-03	5,90E-02	1,55E-02	3,80E-01	5,22E-02	0,00E+00	-9,09E-01	-1,26E+00

ETP-fw=Ecotoxicity, freshwater (ETP-fw) | PM=Particulate Matter (PM) | HTP-c=Human toxicity, cancer (HTP-c) | HTP-nc=Human toxicity, non-cancer (HTP-nc) | IR=Ionising radiation, human health (IR) | SQP=Land use (SQP)

CLASSIFICATION OF DISCLAIMERS TO THE DECLARATION OF CORE AND ADDITIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT INDICATORS

ILCD classification	Indicator	Disclaimer
ILCD type / level 1	Global warming potential (GWP)	None
	Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer (ODP)	None
	Potential incidence of disease due to PM emissions (PM)	None
ILCD type / level 2	Acidification potential, Accumulated Exceedance (AP)	None
	Eutrophication potential, Fraction of nutrients reaching freshwater end compartment (EP-freshwater)	None
	Eutrophication potential, Fraction of nutrients reaching marine end compartment (EP-marine)	None
	Eutrophication potential, Accumulated Exceedance (EP-terrestrial	None
	Formation potential of tropospheric ozone (POCP)	None
	Potential Human exposure efficiency relative to U235 (IRP)	1
ILCD type / level 3	Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources (ADP-minerals&metals)	2
	Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources (ADP-fossil)	2
	Water (user) deprivation potential, deprivation-weighted water consumption (WDP)	2
	Potential Comparative Toxic Unit for ecosystems (ETP-fw)	2
	Potential Comparative Toxic Unit for humans (HTP-c)	2
	Potential Comparative Toxic Unit for humans (HTP-nc)	2
	Potential Soil quality index (SQP)	2

Disclaimer 1 – This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low dose ionizing radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure nor due to radioactive waste disposal in underground facilities. Potential ionizing radiation from the soil, from radon and from some construction materials is also not measured by this indicator.



Disclaimer 2 – The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experienced with the indicator.

5.2 INDICATORS DESCRIBING RESOURCE USE AND ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION BASED ON LIFE CYCLE INVENTORY (LCI)

PARAMETERS DESCRIBING RESOURCE USE

Abbreviation	Unit	A1- A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C3/1	C4	C4/1	D	D/1
PERE	MJ	6,32E+00	5,98E-02	8,99E-01	1,50E-02	9,82E-03	5,30E-03	4,38E-01	3,31E-02	0,00E+00	-1,55E+00	-2,15E+00
PERM	MJ	8,59E-01	0,00E+00	-8,59E-01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
PERT	MJ	7,18E+00	5,98E-02	3,94E-02	1,50E-02	9,82E-03	5,30E-03	4,38E-01	3,31E-02	0,00E+00	-1,55E+00	-2,15E+00
PENRE	MJ	5,40E+01	5,40E-01	8,68E+00	2,07E-02	8,87E-02	4,97E-02	1,31E+01	1,90E-01	0,00E+00	-5,28E+00	-6,34E+00
PENRM	MJ	2,06E+01	0,00E+00	-8,54E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	-1,20E+01	-1,20E+01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
PENRT	MJ	7,46E+01	5,40E-01	1,38E-01	2,07E-02	8,87E-02	-1,20E+01	1,12E+00	1,90E-01	0,00E+00	-5,28E+00	-6,34E+00
SM	kg	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
RSF	MJ	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
NRSF	MJ	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
FW	m ³	1,09E-02	5,58E-05	1,57E-03	1,14E-05	9,17E-06	1,48E-05	3,92E-03	5,02E-05	0,00E+00	-1,19E-03	-1,65E-03

PERE=renewable primary energy ex. raw materials | **PERM**=renewable primary energy used as raw materials | **PERT**=renewable primary energy total | **PENRE**=non-renewable primary energy ex. raw materials | **PENRE**=non-renewable primary energy used as raw materials | **PENRT**=non-renewable primary energy total | **SM**=use of secondary material | **RSF**=use of renewable secondary fuels | **NRSF**=use of non-renewable secondary fuels | **FW**=use of net fresh water

OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION DESCRIBING WASTE CATEGORIES

Abbreviation	Unit	A1- A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C3/1	C4	C4/1	D	D/1
HWD	kg	2,95E-08	2,63E-11	8,75E-11	2,99E-11	4,32E-12	7,19E-12	9,12E-10	4,72E-11	0,00E+00	-3,15E-09	-4,36E-09
NHWD	kg	4,65E-02	9,13E-05	4,50E-03	1,71E-05	1,50E-05	1,37E-05	8,41E-02	9,61E-01	0,00E+00	-2,58E-03	-3,33E-03
RWD	kg	4,16E-04	8,59E-07	3,36E-06	3,31E-06	1,41E-07	6,25E-07	7,37E-05	1,99E-06	0,00E+00	-3,43E-04	-4,76E-04

HWD=hazardous waste disposed | NHWD=non-hazardous waste disposed | RWD=radioactive waste disposed

ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION DESCRIBING OUTPUT FLOWS

Abbreviation	Unit	A1- A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	C3/1	C4	C4/1	D	D/1
CRU	kg	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
MFR	kg	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
MER	kg	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
EET	MJ	4,67E-02	0,00E+00	1,23E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,71E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
EEE	MJ	1,08E-01	0,00E+00	2,84E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	3,05E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00

CRU=Components for re-use | MFR=Materials for recycling | MER=Materials for energy recovery | EET=Exported Energy Thermic | EEE=Exported Energy Electric

5.3 INFORMATION ON BIOGENIC CARBON CONTENT PER KILOGRAM

BIOGENIC CARBON CONTENT

The following information describes the biogenic carbon content in (the main parts of) the product at the factory gate per kilogram:

Biogenic carbon content	Amount	Unit
Biogenic carbon content in the product	-	kg C
Biogenic carbon content in accompanying packaging	0,025	kg C

UPTAKE OF BIOGENIC CARBON DIOXIDE

The following amount carbon dioxide uptake is taken into account. Related uptake and release of carbon dioxide in downstream processes are not taken into account in this number although they do appear in the presented results. One kilogram of biogenic carbon content is equivalent to 44/12 kg of biogenic carbon dioxide uptake.

Uptake biogenic carbon dioxide	Amount	Unit
Product	-	kg CO ₂ (biogenic)
Packaging	0,090	kg CO2 (biogenic)



6 Interpretation of results

6.1 Contribution analysis

Many of the indicators on environmental impact and resource use are dominated by the production phase A1-A3. In addition, waste treatment (Module C3/1) has a significant share in the indicators. Furthermore, recovery potentials result in benefits outside the system boundaries (Module D/).

The following graph shows the relative shares of the modules in the indicator results the declared product (based on 1 kg injection mortar with cartridge). The values are scaled in such a way that all bars are the same height. Impact categories with a value of zero show no bar. Values below 10 % are not shown in the graph The graph shows an incineration at the End of Life.





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8 Contact information

Publisher	Operator	Owner of the declaration		
kiva Ecobility Experts	kiwa Ecobility Experts	fischer 🗪		
Kiwa-Ecobility Experts	Kiwa-Ecobility Experts	fischerwerke GmbH & Co. KG		
Wattstraße 11-13	Wattstraße 11-13	Klaus-Fischer-Straße 1		
13355 Berlin, DE	13355 Berlin, DE	72178 Waldachtal, DE		
E-mail:	E-mail:	E-mail:		
DE.Ecobility.Experts@kiwa.com	DE.Ecobility.Experts@kiwa.com	info@fischer.de		
Website:	Website:	Website: www.fischer-international.com		
experts/ecobility-experts-epd-program/	experts/ecobility-experts-epd-program/			

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