



DEKLARACJA WŁAŚCIWOŚCI UŻYTKOWYCH

DoP 0230

dla systemu wklejanego fischer FIS EM plus (Zaprawa do wklejania dodatkowych połączeń prętów zbrojeniowych)

PL

1. Niepowtarzalny kod identyfikacyjny typu wyrobu:

DoP 0230
2. Zamierzone zastosowanie:

System do wklejania prętów zbrojeniowych z zaprawą do stosowania w betonie w warunkach sejsmicznych.  
Zobacz załącznik, w szczególności aneksy B1- B11  
fischerwerke GmbH & Co. KG, Otto-Hahn-Straße 15, 79211 Denzlingen, Niemcy
3. Producent:
4. Upoważniony przedstawiciel:

–
5. System(-y) oceny i weryfikacji stałości właściwości użytkowych:

1
6. Europejski dokument oceny:

EAD 331522-00-0601 (2018-07-03)  
ETA-17/1056; 2020-06-17  
DIBt- Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik  
1343 MPA Darmstadt / 2873 TU Darmstadt
7. Deklarowane właściwości użytkowe:

Wytrzymałość mechaniczna i stabilność osadzenia (BWR 1)

Nośność charakterystyczna na wrywanie (nośności statyczne i quasi-statyczne):

Siła wiązania wklejanego pręta zbrojeniowego:

Aneksy C2

Współczynnik redukujący:

Aneksy C1

Współczynnik wzmocnienia dla minimalnej długości

Aneksy C1

Charakterystyczna nośność na obciążenia w warunkach sejsmicznych:

Siła wiązania pod obciążeniem sejsmicznym:  
Współczynnik redukujący:  
Minimalna pokrywa beton:

Aneksy C3  
Aneksy C3  
Aneksy B5

Ochrona przeciwpożarowa (BWR 2)

- Odporność ogniowa

Klasy (A1)
- Odporność na działanie ognia:

Siła wiązania w podwyższonej temperaturze:

Aneksy C4, C5



8. Odpowiednia dokumentacja techniczna lub specjalna –  
dokumentacja techniczna:

Właściwości użytkowe określonego powyżej wyrobu są zgodne z zestawem deklarowanych właściwości użytkowych. Niniejsza deklaracja właściwości użytkowych wydana zostaje zgodnie z rozporządzeniem (UE) nr 305/2011 na wyłączną odpowiedzialność producenta określonego powyżej.

W imieniu producenta podpisał(-a):

Dr. Oliver Geibig, Dyrektor Zarządzający ds. Jednostek Biznesowych i Inżynierii  
Tumlingen, 2020-07-01

Jürgen Grün, Dyrektor Zarządzający ds. Chemii i Jakości

Niniejsza Deklaracja Właściwości Użytkowych została przygotowana w różnych językach. W razie wątpliwości w interpretacji, wersja angielska jest zawsze miarodajna.

Załącznik zawiera dobrowolne i uzupełniające informacje w języku angielskim (neutralne językowo), a wykraczające poza wymagania prawne.

**Specific Part**

**1 Technical description of the product**

The subject of this European technical assessment is the post-installed connection, by anchoring or overlap connection joint, of reinforcing bars (rebars) in existing structures made of normal weight concrete, using the injection mortar FIS EM Plus in accordance with the regulations for reinforced concrete construction.

Reinforcing bars with a diameter  $\phi$  from 8 to 40 mm or the fischer rebar anchor FRA of sizes M12 to M24 according to Annex A and the fischer injection mortar FIS EM Plus are used for the post-installed rebar connection. The steel element is placed into a drilled hole filled with injection mortar and is anchored via the bond between embedded reinforcing bar, injection mortar and concrete.

The product description is given in Annex A.

**2 Specification of the intended use in accordance with the applicable European assessment Document**

The performances given in Section 3 are only valid if the anchor is used in compliance with the specifications and conditions given in Annex B.

The verifications and assessment methods on which this European Technical Assessment is based lead to the assumption of a working life of the rebar connections of at least 50 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

**3 Performance of the product and references to the methods used for its assessment**

**3.1 Mechanical resistance and stability (BWR 1)**

| Essential characteristic                                        | Performance                |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Characteristic resistance under static and quasi-static loading | See Annex B 5, C 1 and C 2 |
| Characteristic resistance under seismic action                  | See Annex B 5 and C 3      |

**3.2 Safety in case of fire (BWR 2)**

| Essential characteristic | Performance           |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| Reaction to fire         | Class A1              |
| Resistance to fire       | See Annex C 4 and C 5 |

**4 Assessment and verification of constancy of performance (AVCP) system applied, with reference to its legal base**

In accordance with European Assessment Document EAD No. 331522-00-0601, the applicable European legal act is: [96/582/EC].

The system to be applied is: 1

Installation conditions and application examples reinforcing bars, part 1

Figure A1.1:

Overlap joint with existing reinforcement for rebar connections of slabs and beams

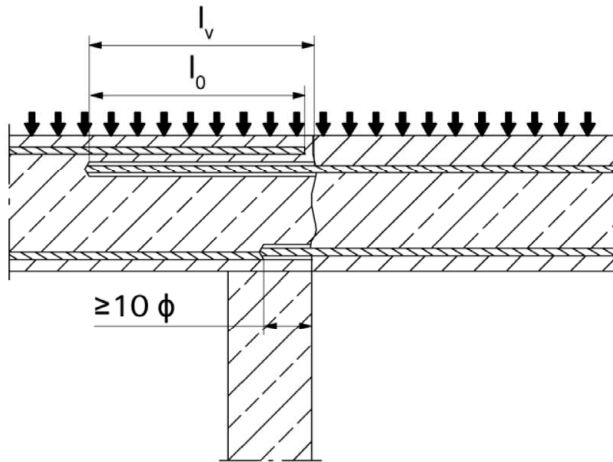


Figure A1.2:

Overlap joint with existing reinforcement at a foundation of a column or wall where the rebars are stressed

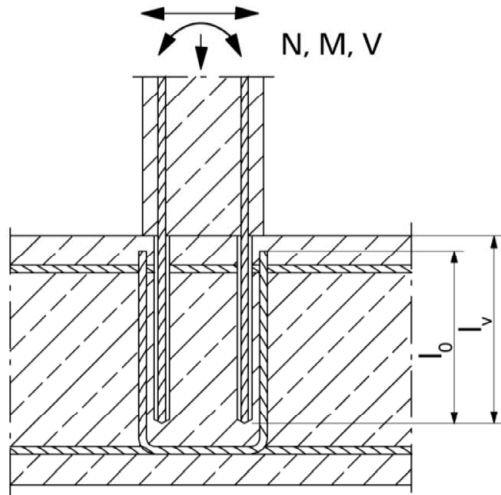
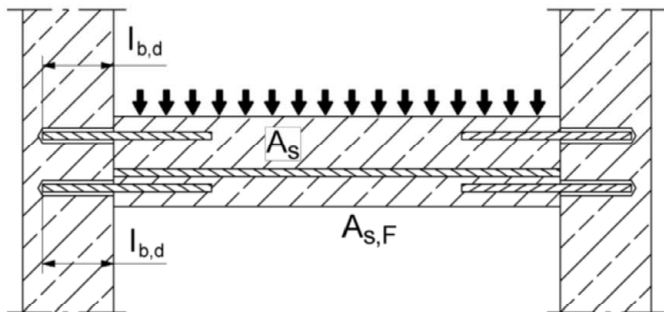


Figure A1.3:

End anchoring of slabs or beams (e.g. designed as simply supported)



Figures not to scale

Rebar connection with fischer injection mortar FIS EM Plus

Product description

Installation conditions and application examples reinforcing bars, part 1

Annex A 1

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Installation conditions and application examples reinforcing bars, part 2

Figure A2.1:

Rebar connection for stressed primarily in compression

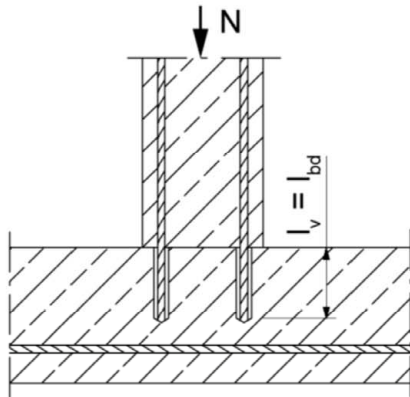
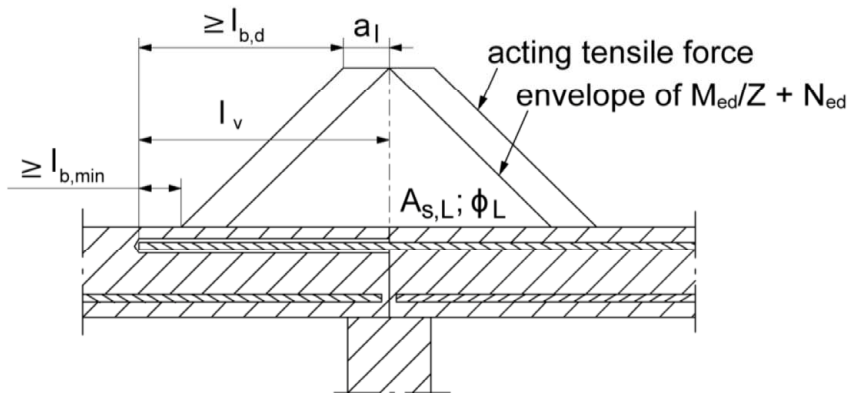


Figure A2.2:

Anchoring of reinforcement to cover the enveloped line of acting tensile force in the bending member



Note to **figure A1.1** to **A1.3** and **figure A2.1** to **A2.2**

In the figures no traverse reinforcement is plotted, the transverse reinforcement shall comply with EN 1992-1-1: 2004+AC:2010.

Preparing of joints according to **Annex B 2**

Figures not to scale

Rebar connection with fischer injection mortar FIS EM Plus

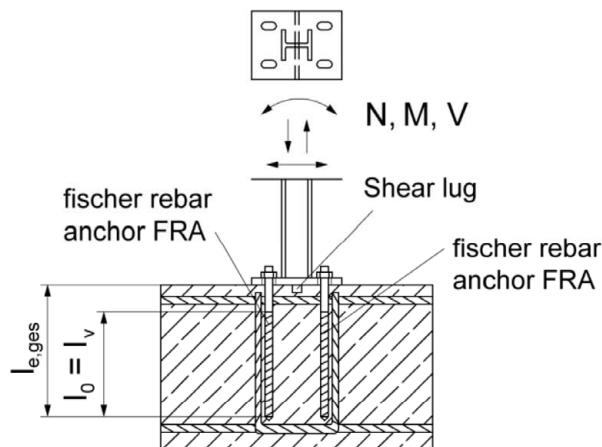
**Product description**  
Installation conditions and application examples reinforcing bars, part 2

**Annex A 2**  
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## Installation conditions and application examples fischer rebar anchor FRA, part 3

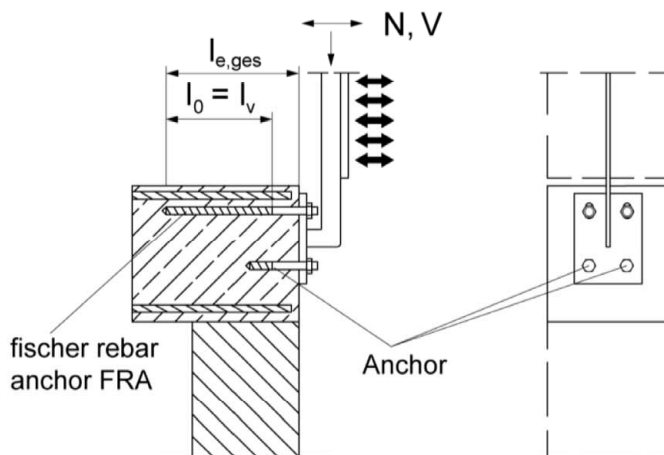
**Figure A3.1:**

Lap to a foundation of a column under bending.



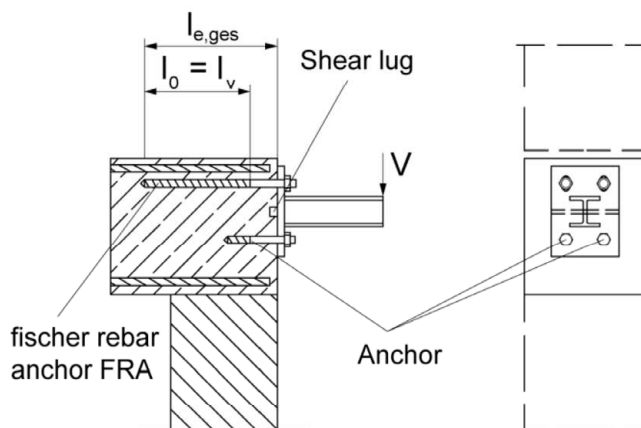
**Figure A3.2:**

Lap of the anchoring of guardrail posts. In the anchor plate, the drill holes for the fischer rebar anchors FRA have to be designed as slotted holes with axial direction to the shear force.



**Figure A3.3:**

Lap of the anchoring of cantilevered building components. In the anchor plate, the drill holes for the fischer rebar anchors FRA have to be designed as slotted holes with axial direction to the shear load.



The required transverse reinforcement acc. to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 is not shown in the figures. **The fischer rebar anchor FRA may be only used for axial tensile force.** The tensile force must be transferred by lap to the existing reinforcement of the building. The transfer of the shear force has to be ensured by suitable measure, e.g. by means of shear force or anchors with European Technical Assessment (ETA)

Figures not to scale

Rebar connection with fischer injection mortar FIS EM Plus

### Product description

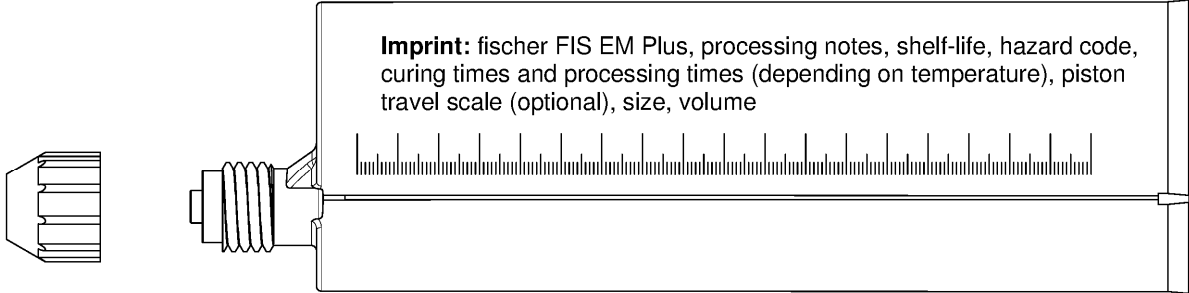
Installation conditions and application examples fischer rebar anchors FRA, part 3

**Annex A 3**

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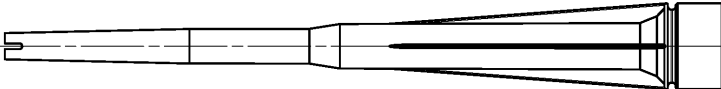
Overview system components

**Injection cartridge (shuttle cartridge) FIS EM Plus with sealing cap**  
 Sizes: 390 ml, 585 ml, 1100 ml, 1500 ml

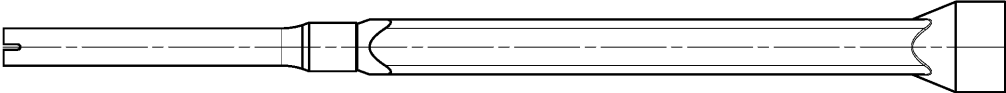


**Imprint:** fischer FIS EM Plus, processing notes, shelf-life, hazard code, curing times and processing times (depending on temperature), piston travel scale (optional), size, volume

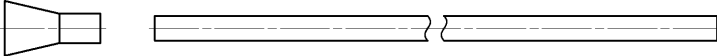
**Static mixer FIS MR Plus for injection cartridge 390 ml**



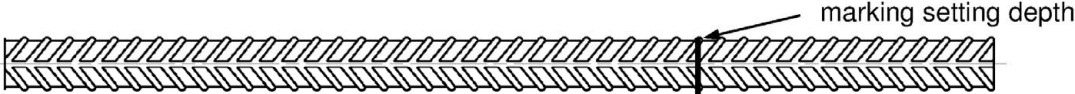
**Static mixer FIS UMR for injection cartridge 585 ml to 1500 ml**



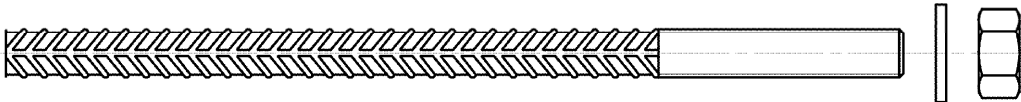
**Injection adapter and extension tube Ø 9 for static mixer FIS MR Plus;  
 Injection adapter and extension tube Ø 9 or Ø 15 for static mixer FIS UMR**



**Reinforcing bar (rebar)**  
 Sizes:  $\phi 8$ ,  $\phi 10$ ,  $\phi 12$ ,  $\phi 14$ ,  $\phi 16$ ,  $\phi 20$ ,  $\phi 22$ ,  $\phi 24$ ,  $\phi 25$ ,  $\phi 26$ ,  $\phi 28$ ,  $\phi 30$ ,  $\phi 32$ ,  $\phi 34$ ,  $\phi 36$ ,  $\phi 40$



**fischer rebar anchor FRA**  
 Sizes: M12, M16, M20, M24



**Blow out pump ABP**



Figures not to scale

Rebar connection with fischer injection mortar FIS EM Plus

**Product description**  
 Overview system components;  
 Injection mortar, reinforcing bar, rebar anchor, blow out pump

## Properties of reinforcing bars (rebar)

Figure A5.1:



- The minimum value of related rip area  $f_{R,min}$  according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010
- The maximum outer rebar diameter over the ribs shall be:
  - The nominal diameter of the rip  $\phi + 2 \cdot h$  ( $h \leq 0,07 \cdot \phi$ )
  - ( $\phi$ : Nominal diameter of the bar;  $h$ : rip height of the bar)

Table A5.1: Installation conditions for rebars

| Nominal diameter of the bar          |           | $\phi$ | 8 <sup>1)</sup>              |    | 10 <sup>1)</sup> |    | 12 <sup>1)</sup> |              | 14 | 16 | 20 | 22 | 24 |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|--------|------------------------------|----|------------------|----|------------------|--------------|----|----|----|----|----|
| Nominal drill hole diameter          | $d_0$     | [mm]   | 10                           | 12 | 12               | 14 | 14               | 16           | 18 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 30 |
| Drill hole depth                     | $h_0$     |        | $h_0 = l_v$                  |    |                  |    |                  |              |    |    |    |    |    |
| Effective embedment depth            | $l_v$     |        | acc. to static calculation   |    |                  |    |                  |              |    |    |    |    |    |
| Minimum thickness of concrete member | $h_{min}$ |        | $l_v + 30$<br>( $\geq 100$ ) |    |                  |    |                  | $l_v + 2d_0$ |    |    |    |    |    |

| Nominal diameter of the bar          |           | $\phi$ | 25                         | 26 | 28 | 30 | 32 | 34 | 36 | 40 |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|--------|----------------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Nominal drill hole diameter          | $d_0$     | [mm]   | 30                         | 35 | 35 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 45 | 55 |
| Drill hole depth                     | $h_0$     |        | $h_0 = l_v$                |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Effective embedment depth            | $l_v$     |        | acc. to static calculation |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Minimum thickness of concrete member | $h_{min}$ |        | $l_v + 2d_0$               |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

Table A5.2: Materials of rebars

| Designation                                          | Reinforcing bar (rebar)                                                                                                                            |
|------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Reinforcing bar<br>EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Annex C | Bars and de-coiled rods class B or C with<br>$f_{yk}$ and $k$ according to NDP or NCL of EN 1992-1-1/NA:2013<br>$f_{uk} = f_{tk} = k \cdot f_{yk}$ |

Figures not to scale

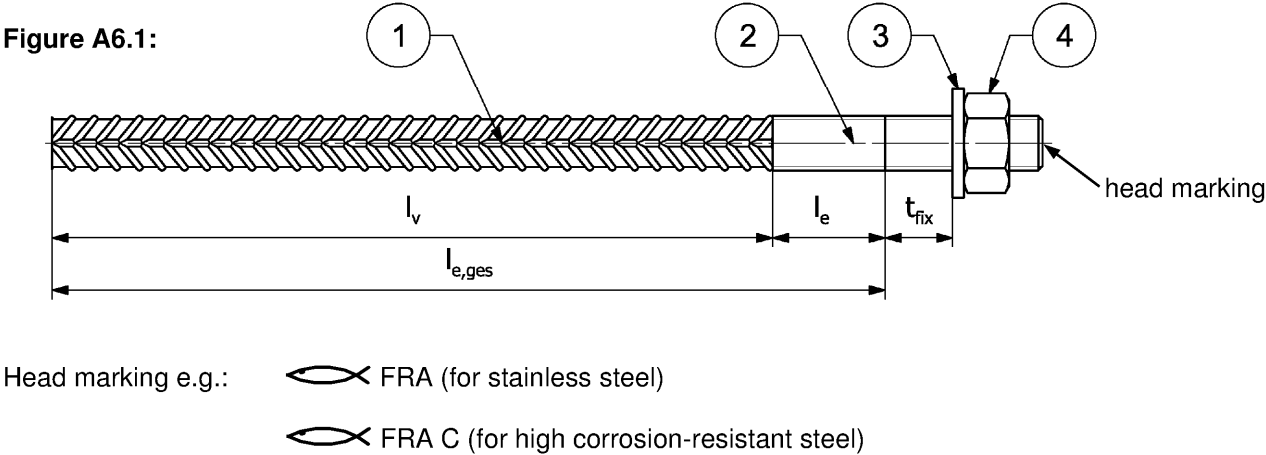
Rebar connection with fischer injection mortar FIS EM Plus

**Product description**  
Properties and materials of reinforcing bars (rebar)

**Annex A 5**

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**Properties of fischer rebar anchor FRA**



**Table A6.1: Installation conditions for fischer rebar anchors FRA**

| Threaded diameter                                       |                           |      | M12                        |    | M16          | M20 | M24 |
|---------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|------|----------------------------|----|--------------|-----|-----|
| Nominal diameter                                        | $\phi$                    | [mm] | 12                         |    | 16           | 20  | 25  |
| Width across flat                                       | SW                        | [mm] | 19                         |    | 24           | 30  | 36  |
| Nominal drill bit diameter                              | $d_0$                     | [mm] | 14 <sup>2)</sup>           | 16 | 20           | 25  | 30  |
| Drill hole depth ( $h_0 = l_{ges}$ )                    | $l_{e,ges}$               | [mm] | $l_v + l_e$                |    |              |     |     |
| Effective embedment depth                               | $l_v$                     | [mm] | acc. to static calculation |    |              |     |     |
| Distance concrete surface to welded joint               | $l_e$                     | [mm] | 100                        |    |              |     |     |
| Diameter of clearance hole in the fixture <sup>1)</sup> | Pre-positioned $\leq d_f$ | [mm] | 14                         |    | 18           | 22  | 26  |
|                                                         | Push through $\leq d_f$   | [mm] | 18                         |    | 22           | 26  | 32  |
| Minimum thickness of concrete member                    | $h_{min}$                 | [mm] | $h_0+30$<br>( $\geq 100$ ) |    | $h_0 + 2d_0$ |     |     |
| Maximum torque moment for attachment of the fixture     | $\max T_{fix}$            | [Nm] | 50                         |    | 100          | 150 | 150 |

<sup>1)</sup> For bigger clearance holes in the fixture see EN 1992-4  
<sup>2)</sup> Both drill bit diameters can be used

**Table A6.2: Materials of fischer rebar anchors FRA**

| Part | Description                           | Materials                                                                            |                                                                                                     |
|------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|      |                                       | FRA                                                                                  | FRA C                                                                                               |
| 1    | Reinforcing bar                       | B500B acc. to DIN 488-1:2009                                                         |                                                                                                     |
| 2    | Round bar with partial or full thread | Stainless steel acc. to EN 10088-1:2014                                              | High corrosion-resistant steel acc. to EN 10088-1:2014                                              |
| 3    | Washer                                | Stainless steel acc. to EN 10088-1:2014                                              | High corrosion-resistant steel acc. to EN 10088-1:2014                                              |
| 4    | Hexagon nut                           | Stainless steel acc. to EN 10088-1:2014, strength class 80; acc. to EN ISO 3506:2009 | High corrosion-resistant steel acc. to EN 10088-1:2014, strength class 80; acc. to EN ISO 3506:2009 |

Figures not to scale

Rebar connection with fischer injection mortar FIS EM Plus

**Product description**  
 Properties and materials of fischer rebar anchors FRA

Specifications of intended use (part 1)

Table B1.1: Overview use and performance categories

| Anchorages subject to                                                                                                                                                                                         |                    | FIS EM Plus with ...                                                                                 |                                         |                                                                                                                 |                                         |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
|                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                    | Reinforcing bar<br> |                                         | fischer rebar anchor FRA<br> |                                         |
| Hammer drilling with standard drill bit<br>                                                                                  |                    | all sizes                                                                                            |                                         |                                                                                                                 |                                         |
| Hammer drilling with hollow drill bit (fischer "FHD", Heller "Duster Expert"; Bosch „Speed Clean“; Hilti "TE-CD, TE-YD")<br> |                    | Nominal drill bit diameter (d <sub>0</sub> )<br>12 mm to 35 mm                                       |                                         |                                                                                                                 |                                         |
| Diamond drilling<br>                                                                                                         |                    | all sizes                                                                                            |                                         |                                                                                                                 |                                         |
| Static and quasi static load, in                                                                                                                                                                              | uncracked concrete | all sizes                                                                                            | Tables:<br>C1.1<br>C1.2<br>C1.3<br>C2.1 | all sizes                                                                                                       | Tables:<br>C1.1<br>C1.2<br>C1.3<br>C2.1 |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                               | cracked concrete   |                                                                                                      |                                         |                                                                                                                 |                                         |
| Seismic action (only hammer drilling with standard / hollow drill bits)                                                                                                                                       |                    | all sizes                                                                                            | Tables:<br>C3.1<br>C3.2<br>C3.3         | no performance assessed                                                                                         |                                         |
| Installation temperature                                                                                                                                                                                      |                    | T <sub>i,min</sub> = -5 °C to T <sub>i,max</sub> = +40 °C                                            |                                         |                                                                                                                 |                                         |
| Fire exposure                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                    | all sizes                                                                                            | Annex C4                                | no performance assessed                                                                                         |                                         |



## Specifications of intended use (part 2)

### **Anchorage subject to:**

- Static, quasi-static and seismic loads: reinforcing bar (rebar) size 8 mm to 40 mm
- Fire exposure

### **Base materials:**

- Compacted reinforced or unreinforced normal weight concrete without fibres according to EN 206:2013+A1:2016
- Strength classes C12/15 to C50/60 according to EN 206:2013+A1:2016
- Maximum chloride content of 0,40 % (CL 0.40) related to the cement content according to EN 206:2013+A1:2016
- Non-carbonated concrete

Note: In case of a carbonated surface of the existing concrete structure the carbonated layer shall be removed in the area of the post-installed rebar connection with a diameter of  $\phi + 60$  mm prior to the installation of the new rebar. The depth of concrete to be removed shall correspond to at least the minimum concrete cover in accordance with EN 1992-1-1 :2004+AC:2010. The foregoing may be neglected if building components are new and not carbonated and if building components are in dry conditions

### **Temperature Range:**

- - 40°C to +80°C (max. short term temperature +80°C and max long term temperature +50°C).

### **Installation temperature:**

- -5 °C to +40 °C

### **Use conditions (Environmental conditions) for fischer rebar anchors FRA:**

- Structures subject to dry internal conditions (fischer rebar anchors FRA and FRA C)
- Structures subject to external atmospheric exposure (including industrial and marine environment) and to permanently damp internal condition, if no particular aggressive conditions exist (fischer rebar anchors FRA and FRA C)
- Structures subject to external atmospheric exposure and to permanently damp internal condition, if other particular aggressive conditions exist (fischer rebar anchors FRA C)

Note: Particular aggressive conditions are e.g. permanent, alternating immersion in seawater or the splash zone of seawater, chloride atmosphere of indoor swimming pools or atmosphere with extreme chemical pollution (e.g. in desulphurization plants or road tunnels where de-icing materials are used)

### **Design:**

- Anchorages are designed under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in anchorages and concrete work.
- Verifiable calculation notes and drawings are prepared taking account of the forces to be transmitted.
- Design according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 and Annex B 3 and B 4.
- The actual position of the reinforcement in the existing structure shall be determined on the basis of the construction documentation and taken into account when designing.

### **Installation:**

- Dry or wet concrete
- It must not be installed in water filled holes
- Hole drilling by hammer drill, hollow drill, compressed air drill or diamond drill mode
- Overhead installation allowed
- The installation of post-installed rebar respectively fischer rebar anchor FRA shall be done only by suitable trained installer and under Supervision on site; the conditions under which an installer may be considered as suitable trained and the conditions for Supervision on site are up to the Member States in which the installation is done.
- Check the position of the existing rebars (if the position of existing rebars is not known, it shall be determined using a rebar detector suitable for this purpose as well as on the basis of the construction documentation and then marked on the building component for the overlap joint).

Rebar connection with fischer injection mortar FIS EM Plus

**Intended use**  
Specifications (part 2)

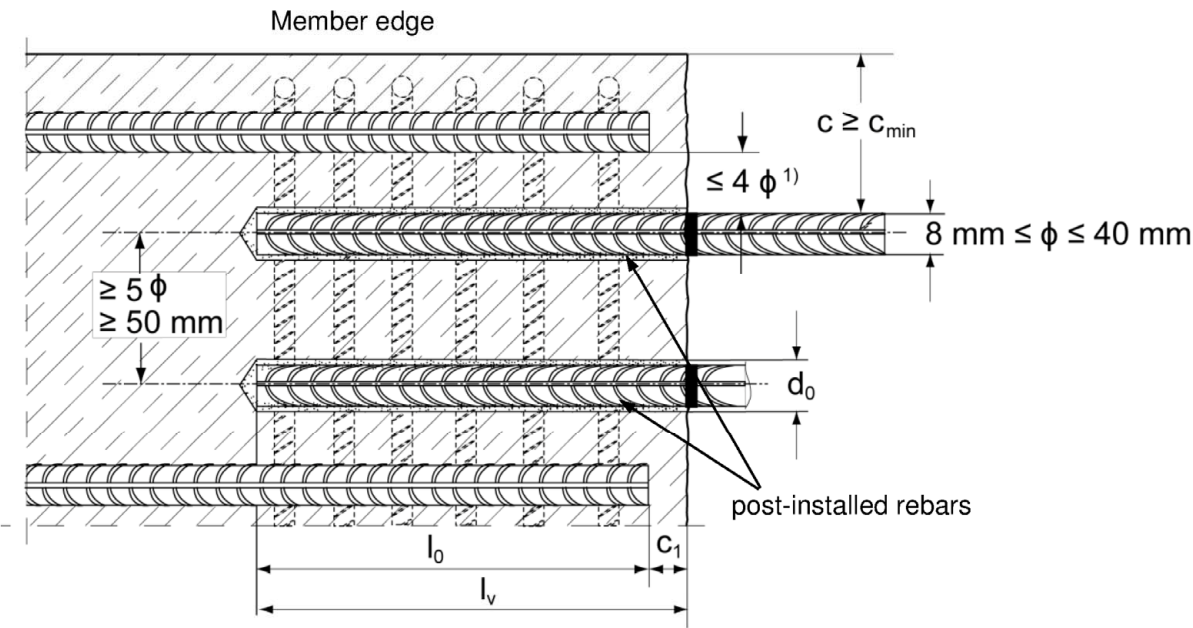
**Annex B 2**

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# General construction rules for post-installed rebars

Figure B3.1:

- Only tension forces in the axis of the rebar may be transmitted
- The transfer of shear forces between new concrete and existing structure shall be designed additionally according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010.
- The joints for concreting must be roughened to at least such an extent that aggregate protrude.



1) If the clear distance between lapped bars exceeds  $4 \phi$  then the lap length shall be increased by the difference between the clear bar distance and  $4 \phi$

- c concrete cover of post-installed rebar
- c<sub>1</sub> concrete cover at end-face of existing rebar
- c<sub>min</sub> minimum concrete cover according to table B5.1 and to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Section 4.4.1.2
- φ nominal diameter of reinforcing bar
- l<sub>0</sub> lap length, according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 for static loading and according to EN 1998-1:2004, section 5.6.3 for seismic loading
- l<sub>v</sub> effective embedment depth,  $\geq l_0 + c_1$
- d<sub>0</sub> nominal drill bit diameter, see Annex B 6

Figures not to scale

Rebar connection with fischer injection mortar FIS EM Plus

**Intended use**  
General construction rules for for post-installed rebars

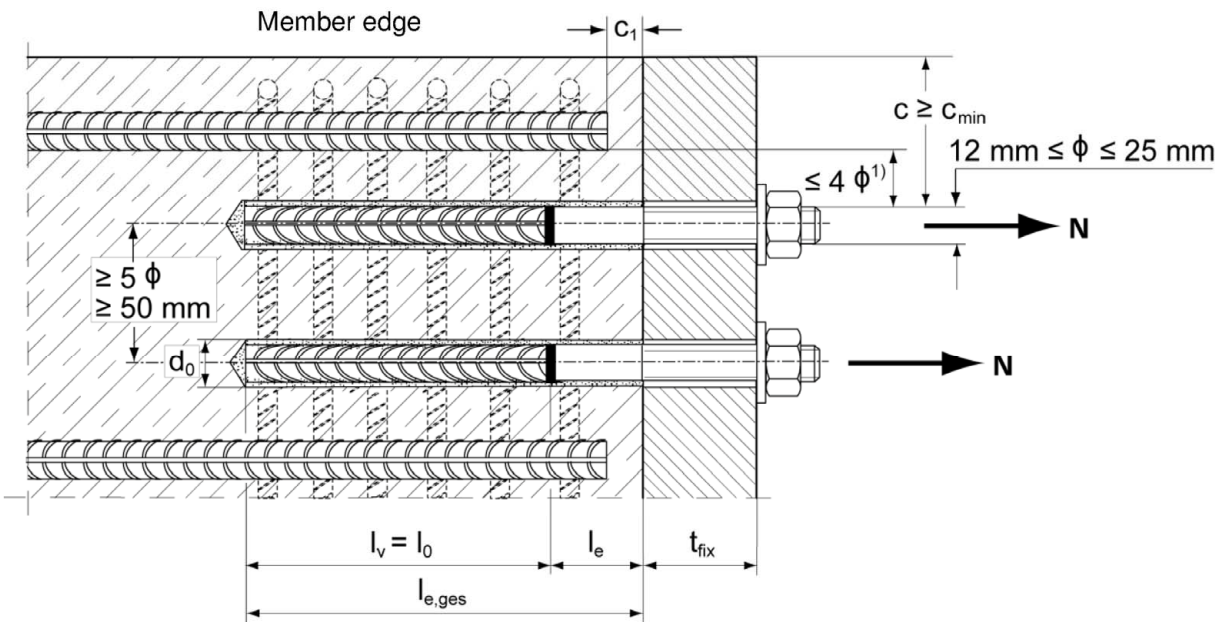
**Annex B 3**

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General construction rules for post-installed rebar anchors FRA

Figure B4.1:

- Only tension forces in the axis of the FRA may be transmitted.
- The tension force must be transferred via an overlap joint to the reinforcement in the building part.
- The transmission of the shear load shall be ensured by appropriate additional measures, e.g. by shear lugs or by anchors with a European Technical Assessment (ETA).
- In the anchor plate, the holes for the tension anchor shall be executed as slotted holes with the axis in the direction of the shear force.



1) If the clear distance between lapped bars exceeds 4 φ then the lap length shall be increased by the difference between the clear bar distance and 4 φ.

|                    |                                                                                                 |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| c                  | concrete cover of post-installed rebar anchor FRA                                               |
| c <sub>1</sub>     | concrete cover at end-face of existing rebar                                                    |
| c <sub>min</sub>   | minimum concrete cover according to table B5.1 and to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Section 4.4.1.2 |
| φ                  | nominal diameter of reinforcing bar                                                             |
| l <sub>0</sub>     | lap length, according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Section 8.7.3                                |
| l <sub>e,ges</sub> | overall embedment depth, ≥ l <sub>0</sub> + l <sub>e</sub>                                      |
| d <sub>0</sub>     | nominal drill bit diameter, see Annex B 6                                                       |
| l <sub>e</sub>     | length of the bonded in threaded part                                                           |
| t <sub>fix</sub>   | thickness of the fixture                                                                        |
| l <sub>v</sub>     | effective embedment depth                                                                       |

Figures not to scale

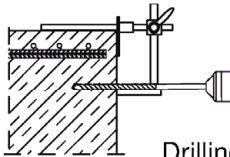
Rebar connection with fischer injection mortar FIS EM Plus

Intended use  
General construction rules for post-installed rebar anchors FRA

Annex B 4

Appendix 11/ 23

**Table B5.1:** Minimum concrete cover  $c_{min} = c_{min,seis}$ <sup>1)</sup> depending of the drilling method and the drilling tolerance

| Drilling method                                                                                                          | nominal diameter of reinforcing bar $\phi$ [mm] | Minimum concrete cover $c_{min} = c_{min,seis}$ |                                | <br>Drilling aid |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                                                                                                          |                                                 | Without drilling aid [mm]                       | Without drilling aid [mm]      |                                                                                                     |
| Hammer drilling with standard drill bit                                                                                  | < 25                                            | 30 mm + 0,06 $l_v \geq 2 \phi$                  | 30 mm + 0,02 $l_v \geq 2 \phi$ |                                                                                                     |
|                                                                                                                          | $\geq 25$                                       | 40 mm + 0,06 $l_v \geq 2 \phi$                  | 40 mm + 0,02 $l_v \geq 2 \phi$ |                                                                                                     |
| Hammer drilling with hollow drill bit (fischer "FHD", Heller "Duster Expert"; Bosch „Speed Clean“; Hilti "TE-CD, TE-YD") | < 25                                            | 30 mm + 0,06 $l_v \geq 2 \phi$                  | 30 mm + 0,02 $l_v \geq 2 \phi$ |                                                                                                     |
|                                                                                                                          | $\geq 25$                                       | 40 mm + 0,06 $l_v \geq 2 \phi$                  | 40 mm + 0,02 $l_v \geq 2 \phi$ |                                                                                                     |
| Compressed air drilling                                                                                                  | < 25                                            | 50 mm + 0,08 $l_v$                              | 50 mm + 0,02 $l_v$             |                                                                                                     |
|                                                                                                                          | $\geq 25$                                       | 60 mm + 0,08 $l_v \geq 2 \phi$                  | 60 mm + 0,02 $l_v \geq 2 \phi$ |                                                                                                     |
| Diamond drilling                                                                                                         | < 25                                            | 30 mm + 0,06 $l_v \geq 2 \phi$                  | 30 mm + 0,02 $l_v \geq 2 \phi$ |                                                                                                     |
|                                                                                                                          | $\geq 25$                                       | 40 mm + 0,06 $l_v \geq 2 \phi$                  | 40 mm + 0,02 $l_v \geq 2 \phi$ |                                                                                                     |

<sup>1)</sup> See Annex B3, figure B3.1 and Annex B4, figure B4.1  
Note: The minimum concrete cover as specified in EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 must be observed.

**Table B5.2:** Dispensers and cartridge sizes corresponding to maximum embedment depth  $l_{v,max}$

| reinforcing bars (rebar) | rebar anchor FRA | Manual dispenser                 | Accu and pneumatic dispenser (small) | Pneumatic dispenser (large)      |
|--------------------------|------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
|                          |                  | Cartridge size 390 ml, 585 ml    | Cartridge size 390 ml, 585 ml        | Cartridge size 1500 ml           |
| $\phi$ [mm]              | thread [M]       | $l_{v,max} / l_{e,ges,max}$ [mm] | $l_{v,max} / l_{e,ges,max}$ [mm]     | $l_{v,max} / l_{e,ges,max}$ [mm] |
| 8                        | ---              | 1000                             | 1000                                 | 1800                             |
| 10                       | ---              |                                  | 1200                                 |                                  |
| 12                       | FRA 12           |                                  | 1500                                 |                                  |
| 14                       | ---              |                                  | 1300                                 |                                  |
| 16                       | FRA 16           | 700                              | 1000                                 | 2000                             |
| 20                       | FRA 20           |                                  | 700                                  |                                  |
| 22 / 24 / 25             | FRA 24           | no performance assessed          | 500                                  |                                  |
| 26 / 28                  | ---              |                                  | 500                                  |                                  |
| 30 / 32 / 34             | ---              |                                  | 500                                  |                                  |
| 36                       | ---              |                                  | 500                                  |                                  |
| 40                       | ---              |                                  | 500                                  |                                  |

Rebar connection with fischer injection mortar FIS EM Plus

**Intended use**  
Minimum concrete cover;  
dispenser and cartridge sizes corresponding to maximum embedment depth

**Annex B 5**

Appendix 12/ 23

**Table B6.1:** Working times  $t_{work}$  and curing times  $t_{cure}$ 

| Temperature in the anchorage base [°C] | Maximum working time <sup>1)</sup><br>$t_{work}$<br><b>FIS EM Plus</b> | Minimum curing time <sup>2)</sup><br>$t_{cure}$<br><b>FIS EM Plus</b> |
|----------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| >-5 to -1                              | 240 min <sup>3)</sup>                                                  | 200 h                                                                 |
| >±0 to +4                              | 150 min <sup>3)</sup>                                                  | 90 h                                                                  |
| >+5 to +9                              | 120 min <sup>3)</sup>                                                  | 40 h                                                                  |
| >+10 to +19                            | 30 min                                                                 | 18 h                                                                  |
| >+20 to +29                            | 14 min                                                                 | 10 h                                                                  |
| >+30 to +40                            | 7 min <sup>4)</sup>                                                    | 5 h                                                                   |

<sup>1)</sup> Maximum time from the beginning of the injection to rebar / FRA setting and positioning

<sup>2)</sup> For wet concrete the curing time must be doubled

<sup>3)</sup> If the temperature in the concrete falls below 10°C the cartridge has to be warmed up to +15°C.

<sup>4)</sup> If the temperature in the concrete exceeds 30 °C the cartridge has to be cooled down to +15°C up to 20°C

**Table B6.2:** Installation tools for drilling and cleaning the bore hole and injection of the mortar

| reinforcing bars (rebar)<br>$\phi$ [mm] | rebar anchor FRA<br>thread [M] | Drilling and cleaning                    |                                            |                                    |                                     | Injection                          |                               |
|-----------------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
|                                         |                                | Nominal drill bit diameter<br>$d_0$ [mm] | Diameter of cutting edge<br>$d_{cut}$ [mm] | Steel brush diameter<br>$d_b$ [mm] | Diameter of cleaning nozzle<br>[mm] | Diameter of extension tube<br>[mm] | Injection adapter<br>[colour] |
| 8 <sup>1)</sup>                         | ---                            | 10                                       | ≤ 10,50                                    | 11,0                               | ---                                 | 9                                  | ---                           |
|                                         |                                | 12                                       | ≤ 12,50                                    | 12,5                               |                                     |                                    | nature                        |
| 10 <sup>1)</sup>                        | ---                            | 12                                       | ≤ 12,50                                    | 12,5                               | 11                                  |                                    | blue                          |
|                                         |                                | 14                                       | ≤ 14,50                                    | 15                                 |                                     |                                    | red                           |
| 12 <sup>1)</sup>                        | FRA 12 <sup>1)</sup>           | 14                                       | ≤ 14,50                                    | 15                                 | 15                                  | 9 or 15                            | yellow                        |
|                                         |                                | 16                                       | ≤ 16,50                                    | 17                                 |                                     |                                    | green                         |
| 14                                      | ---                            | 18                                       | ≤ 18,50                                    | 19                                 |                                     |                                    | black                         |
| 16                                      | FRA 16                         | 20                                       | ≤ 20,55                                    | 21,5                               | 19                                  |                                    | grey                          |
| 20                                      | FRA 20                         | 25                                       | ≤ 25,55                                    | 26,5                               |                                     |                                    | grey                          |
| 22 / 24                                 | ---                            | 30                                       | ≤ 30,55                                    | 32                                 |                                     |                                    | brown                         |
| 25                                      | FRA 24                         | 30                                       | ≤ 30,55                                    | 32                                 | 28                                  |                                    | red                           |
| 26 / 28                                 | ---                            | 35                                       | ≤ 35,70                                    | 37                                 |                                     |                                    | yellow                        |
| 30 / 32 / 34                            | ---                            | 40                                       | ≤ 40,70                                    | 42                                 |                                     |                                    | nature                        |
| 36                                      | ---                            | 45                                       | ≤ 45,70                                    | 47                                 | 38                                  |                                    |                               |
| 40                                      | ---                            | 55                                       | ≤ 55,70                                    | 58                                 |                                     |                                    |                               |

<sup>1)</sup> Both drill bit diameters can be used

Rebar connection with fischer injection mortar FIS EM Plus

#### Intended use

Working times and curing times;

Installation tools for drilling and cleaning the bore hole and injection of the mortar

**Annex B 6**

Appendix 13/ 23

## Safety regulations



Review the Material Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use for proper and safe handling!

Wear well-fitting protective goggles and protective gloves when working with mortar FIS EM Plus

Important: Observe the instructions for use provided with each cartridge.

## Installation instruction part 1; Installation with FIS EM Plus

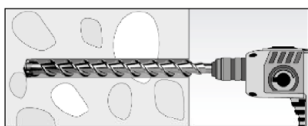
### Hole drilling

Note: Before drilling, remove carbonized concrete; clean contact areas (see Annex B 2)

In case of aborted drill holes the drill hole shall be filled with mortar.

1a

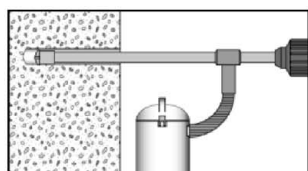
#### Hammer drilling or compressed air drilling



Drill the hole to the required embedment depth using a hammer drill with carbide drill bit set in rotation hammer mode or a pneumatic drill.  
Drill bit sizes see table B6.2

1b

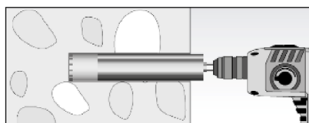
#### Hammer drilling with hollow drill bit



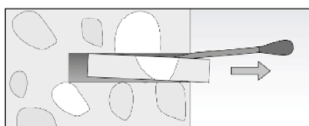
Drill the hole to the required embedment depth using a hammer drill with hollow drill bit in rotation hammer mode.  
Dust extraction conditions see drill hole cleaning annex B8.  
Drill bit sizes see table B6.2

1c

#### Diamond drilling

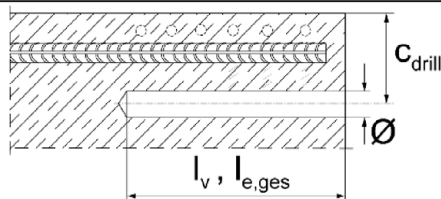


Drill the hole to the required embedment depth using a diamond drill in rotation mode.  
Drill bit sizes see table B6.2

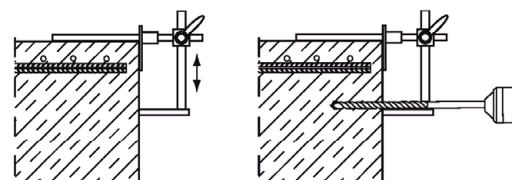


Break away the drill core and remove it

2



Measure and control concrete cover  $c$   
( $c_{\text{drill}} = c + \varnothing / 2$ )  
Drill parallel to surface edge and to existing rebar.  
Where applicable use fischer drilling aid.



For holes  $l_v > 20$  cm use drilling aid.  
Three different options can be considered:

- A) fischer drilling aid
- B) Slat or spirit level
- C) Visual check

Minimum concrete cover  $c_{\text{min}}$  see table B5.1

## Rebar connection with fischer injection mortar FIS EM Plus

### Intended use

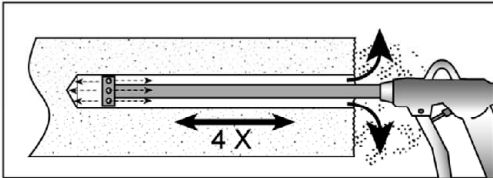
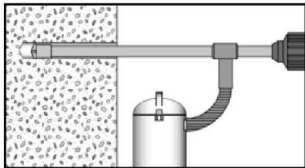
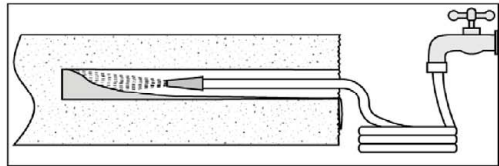
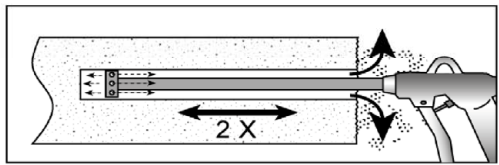
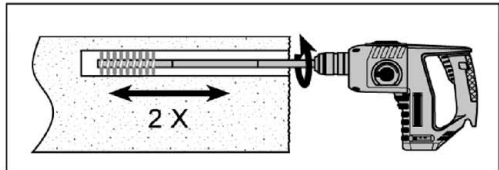
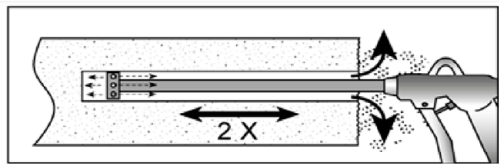
Safety regulations; Installation instruction part 1, hole drilling

## Annex B 7

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## Installation instruction part 2; Installation with FIS EM Plus

### Drill hole cleaning

|    |                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 3a | <b>Hammer or compressed air drilling</b>                                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|    |    | <p>Blowing four times from the back of the hole with the appropriate nozzle (oil-free compressed air <math>\geq 6</math> bar) until return air stream is free of noticeable dust. Personal protective equipment must be used (see regulations Annex B7).</p>                                                                                                     |
| 3b | <b>Hammer drilling with hollow drill bit</b>                                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|    |    | <p>Use a suitable dust extraction system, e. g. fischer FVC 35 M or a comparable dust extraction system with equivalent performance data. Drill the hole with hollow drill bit. The dust extraction system has to extract the drill dust nonstop during the drilling process and must be adjusted to maximum power. No further drill hole cleaning necessary</p> |
| 3c | <b>Diamond drilling</b>                                                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|    |   | Flush the bore hole until the water comes clear                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|    |  | <p>Blowing twice from the back of the hole with the appropriate nozzle (oil-free compressed air <math>\geq 6</math> bar) until return air stream is free of noticeable dust. Personal protective equipment must be used (see regulations Annex B7).</p>                                                                                                          |
|    |  | <p>Check steel brush with brush control template. Fix an adequate steel brush with an extension into a drilling machine and brush the bore hole twice</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|    |  | <p>Blowing twice from the back of the hole with the appropriate nozzle (oil-free compressed air <math>\geq 6</math> bar) until return air stream is free of noticeable dust. Personal protective equipment must be used (see regulations Annex B7).</p>                                                                                                          |

### Rebar connection with fischer injection mortar FIS EM Plus

#### Intended use

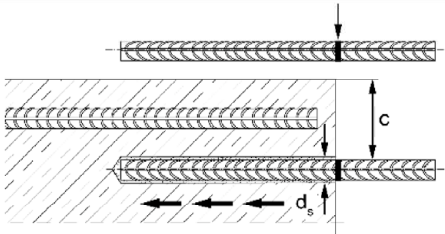
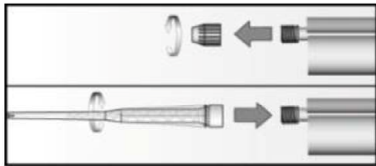
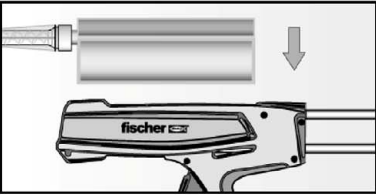
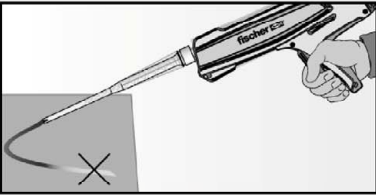
Installation instruction part 2, hole cleaning

### Annex B 8

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Installation instruction part 3; Installation with FIS EM Plus

reinforcing bars (rebar) / fischer rebar anchor FRA and cartridge preparation

|   |                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 4 |  | Before use, make asure that the rebar or the rebar anchor FRA is dry and free of oil or other residue.<br>Mark the embedment depth $l_v$ on the rebar (e.g. with tape)<br>Insert rebar in borehole, to verify drill hole depth and setting depth $l_v$ resp. $l_{e,ges}$ |
| 5 |  | Twist off the sealing cap<br>Twist on the static mixer (the spiral in the static mixer must be clearly visible).                                                                                                                                                         |
| 6 |  | Place the cartridge into a suitable dispenser.                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 7 |  | Press out approximately 10 cm of mortar until the resin is permanently grey in colour. Mortar which is not grey in colour will not cure and must be disposed.                                                                                                            |

Rebar connection with fischer injection mortar FIS EM Plus

**Intended use**  
Installation instruction part 3,  
reinforcing bars (rebar) / fischer rebar anchor FRA and cartridge preparation

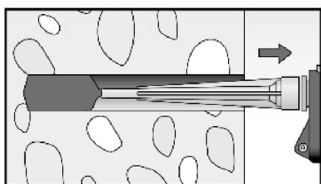
**Annex B 9**

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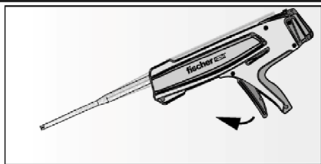
## Installation instruction part 4; Installation with FIS EM Plus

### Injection of the mortar; borehole depth ≤ 250 mm

8a



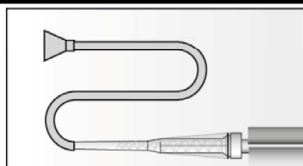
Inject the mortar from the back of the hole towards the front and slowly withdraw the mixing nozzle step by step with each trigger pull. Avoid bubbles.  
Fill holes approximately 2/3 full, to ensure that the annular gap between the rebar and the concrete will be completely filled with adhesive over the entire embedment length.



After injecting, release the dispenser. This will prevent further mortar discharge from the mixing nozzle.

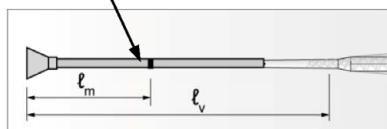
### Injection of the mortar; borehole depth > 250 mm

8b



Assemble mixing nozzle FIS MR Plus or FIS UMR, extension tube and appropriate injection adapter (see table B 6.2)

Mortar level mark



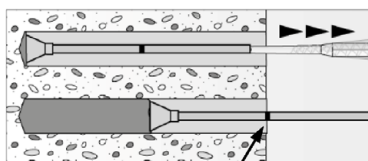
Mark the required mortar level  $l_m$  and embedment depth  $l_v$  resp.  $l_{e,ges}$  with tape or marker on the injection extension tube.

a) Estimation:

$$l_m = \frac{1}{3} * l_v \text{ resp. } l_m = \frac{1}{3} * l_{e,ges}$$

b) Precise equation for optimum mortar volume:

$$l_m = l_v \text{ resp. } l_{e,ges} \left( (1,2 * \frac{d_s^2}{d_0^2} - 0,2) \right) [\text{mm}]$$



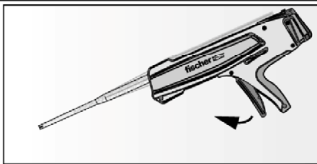
Mortar level mark

Insert injection adapter to back of the hole. Begin injection allowing the pressure of the injected adhesive mortar to push the injection adapter towards the front of the hole. Do not actively pull out!

Fill holes approximately 2/3 full, to ensure that the annular gap between the rebar and the concrete will be completely filled with adhesive over the embedment length.

When using an injection adapter continue injection until the mortar level mark  $l_m$  becomes visible.

Maximum embedment depth see table B 5.2



After injecting, release the dispenser. This will prevent further mortar discharge from the mixing nozzle.

## Rebar connection with fischer injection mortar FIS EM Plus

### Intended use

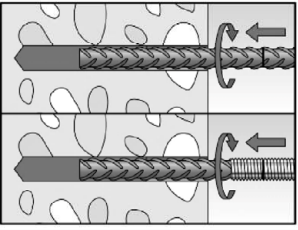
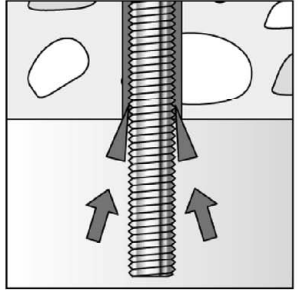
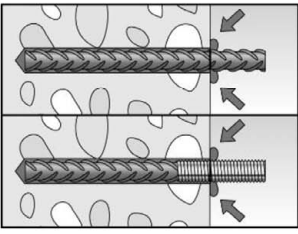
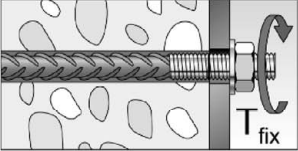
Installation instruction part 4, mortar injection

## Annex B 10

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## Installation instruction part 5; Installation with FIS EM Plus

### Insert rebar / rebar anchor FRA

|    |                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 9  |    | <p>Insert the rebar / rebar anchor FRA slowly twisted into the borehole until the embedment mark is reached.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| 10 |    | <p>For overhead installation, support the rebar / rebar anchor FRA and secure it from falling till mortar started to harden, e.g. using wedges.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| 11 |    | <p>After installing the rebar or FRA the annular gap must be completely filled with mortar.</p> <p>Proper installation</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Desired embedment depth is reached i.e. embedment mark at concrete surface.</li> <li>• Excess mortar flows out of the borehole after the rebar has been fully inserted up to the embedment mark.</li> </ul> |
| 12 |  | <p>Observe the working time "<math>t_{work}</math>" (see table B 6.1), which varies according to temperature of base material. Minor adjustments to the rebar / rebar anchor FRA position may be performed during the working time</p> <p>Full load may be applied only after the curing time "<math>t_{cure}</math>" has elapsed (see table B 6.1)</p>                         |
| 13 |  | <p>Mounting the fixture,<br/>max <math>T_{fix}</math> see table A 6.1</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

Rebar connection with fischer injection mortar FIS EM Plus

#### Intended use

Installation instruction part 5, insert rebar / rebar anchor FRA

**Annex B 11**

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### Minimum anchorage length and minimum lap length

The minimum anchorage length  $l_{b,min}$  and the minimum lap length  $l_{o,min}$  according to EN 1992-1-1 shall be multiply by the relevant amplification factor  $\alpha_{lb}$  according to table C1.1.

**Table C1.1:** Amplification factor  $\alpha_{lb}$  related to concrete strength class and drilling method

| Concrete strength class | Drilling method                                                                                                          | Amplification factor $\alpha_{ib}$ |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| C12/15 to C50/60        | Hammer drilling with standard drill bit                                                                                  | 1,0                                |
|                         | Hammer drilling with hollow drill bit (fischer "FHD", Heller "Duster Expert"; Bosch „Speed Clean“; Hilti "TE-CD, TE-YD") | 1,0                                |
|                         | Compressed air drilling                                                                                                  | 1,0                                |
|                         | Diamond drilling                                                                                                         | 1,3                                |

**Table C1.2:** Bond efficiency factor  $k_b$  for hammer drilling, hollow drilling and compressed air drilling

## Hammer drilling, hollow drilling and compressed air drilling

[illegible]

**Table C1.3:** Bond efficiency factor  $k_b$  for diamond drilling

## Diamond drilling

| Rebar / rebar<br>anchor FRA<br>$\phi$ [mm] | Bond efficiency factor $k_b$ |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------------------------------------------|------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
|                                            | Concrete strength class      |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|                                            | C12/15                       | C16/20 | C20/25 | C25/30 | C30/37 | C35/45 | C40/50 | C45/55 | C50/60 |
| 8 to 12                                    | 1,00                         |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
| 14 to 25                                   | 1,00                         |        |        |        |        |        |        | 0,92   | 0,86   |
| 26 to 40                                   | 0,90                         |        |        |        |        | 0,88   | 0,81   | 0,75   | 0,69   |

## Rebar connection with fischer injection mortar FIS EM Plus

## Performance

Amplification factor  $\alpha_{lb}$ , bond efficiency factor  $k_b$ 

## Annex C 1

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|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Table C2.1:</b> | Design values of the bond strength $f_{bd,PIR}$ in N/mm <sup>2</sup> for hammer drilling, hollow drilling, compressed air drilling, diamond drilling and for good bond conditions                                                       |
|                    | $f_{bd,PIR} = k_b \cdot f_{bd}$                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|                    | $f_{bd}$ : Design value of the bond strength in N/mm <sup>2</sup> considering the concrete strength classes and the rebar diameter according to EN 1992-1-1: 2004+AC:2010<br>(for all other bond conditions multiply the values by 0,7) |
|                    | $k_b$ : Bond efficiency factor according to table C1.2 and C1.3                                                                                                                                                                         |

| Hammer drilling, hollow drilling and compressed air drilling |                                    |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Rebar / rebar anchor FRA                                     | bond strength $f_{bd,PIR}$ [N/mm²] |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|                                                              | Concrete strength class            |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|                                                              | C12/15                             | C16/20 | C20/25 | C25/30 | C30/37 | C35/45 | C40/50 | C45/55 | C50/60 |
|                                                              | $\phi$ [mm]                        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
| 8 to 25                                                      | 1,6                                | 2,0    | 2,3    | 2,7    | 3,0    | 3,4    | 3,7    | 4,0    | 4,3    |
| 26 to 40                                                     |                                    |        |        |        |        |        |        |        | 4,0    |
| Diamond drilling                                             |                                    |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
| Rebar / rebar anchor FRA                                     | bond strength $f_{bd,PIR}$ [N/mm²] |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|                                                              | Concrete strength class            |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|                                                              | C12/15                             | C16/20 | C20/25 | C25/30 | C30/37 | C35/45 | C40/50 | C45/55 | C50/60 |
|                                                              | $\phi$ [mm]                        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
| 8 to 12                                                      | 1,6                                | 2,0    | 2,3    | 2,7    | 3,0    | 3,4    | 3,7    | 4,0    | 4,3    |
| 14 to 25                                                     |                                    |        |        |        |        |        |        | 3,7    |        |
| 26 to 40                                                     |                                    |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |

|                                                                       |  |                                         |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------------|
|                                                                       |  |                                         |
| Rebar connection with fischer injection mortar FIS EM Plus            |  | <b>Annex C 2</b><br><br>Appendix 20/ 23 |
| <b>Performance</b><br>Design values of the bond strength $f_{bd,PIR}$ |  |                                         |

# Minimum anchorage length and minimum lap length under seismic conditions

The minimum anchorage length  $l_{b,min}$  and the minimum lap length  $l_{o,min}$  according to EN 1992-1-1 shall be multiply by the relevant amplification factor  $\alpha_{lb,seis}$  according to table C3.1.

**Table C3.1:** Amplification factor  $\alpha_{lb,seis}$  related to concrete strength class and drilling method

| Concrete strength class | Drilling method                                                                                                          | Amplification factor $\alpha_{lb,seis}$ |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| C16/20 to C50/60        | Hammer drilling with standard drill bit                                                                                  | 1,0                                     |
|                         | Hammer drilling with hollow drill bit (fischer "FHD", Heller "Duster Expert"; Bosch „Speed Clean“; Hilti "TE-CD, TE-YD") | 1,0                                     |
|                         | Compressed air drilling                                                                                                  | 1,0                                     |

**Table C3.2:** Bond efficiency factor  $k_{b,seis}$  for hammer drilling, hollow drilling and compressed air drilling

| Hammer drilling, hollow drilling and compressed air drilling |                                     |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Rebar<br>$\phi$ [mm]                                         | Bond efficiency factor $k_{b,seis}$ |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|                                                              | Concrete strength class             |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|                                                              | C16/20                              | C20/25 | C25/30 | C30/37 | C35/45 | C40/50 | C45/55 | C50/60 |
| 8 to 25                                                      | 1,00                                |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
| 26 to 40                                                     | 1,00                                |        |        |        |        |        |        | 0,93   |

**Table C3.3:** Design values of the bond strength  $f_{bd,PIR,seis}$  in N/mm² for hammer drilling, hollow drilling and compressed air drilling **under seismic action** and for good bond conditions

| Hammer drilling, hollow drilling and compressed air drilling |                                         |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Rebar<br>$\phi$ [mm]                                         | bond strength $f_{bd,PIR,seis}$ [N/mm²] |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|                                                              | Concrete strength class                 |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|                                                              | C16/20                                  | C20/25 | C25/30 | C30/37 | C35/45 | C40/50 | C45/55 | C50/60 |
| 8 to 25                                                      | 2,0                                     | 2,3    | 2,7    | 3,0    | 3,4    | 3,7    | 4,0    | 4,3    |
| 26 to 40                                                     |                                         |        |        |        |        |        |        | 4,0    |

|                                                                                                                                                            |                                         |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| Rebar connection with fischer injection mortar FIS EM Plus                                                                                                 | <b>Annex C 3</b><br><br>Appendix 21/ 23 |
| <b>Performance</b><br>Amplification factor $\alpha_{lb,seis}$ , bond efficiency factor $k_{b,seis}$ , Design values of the bond strength $f_{bd,PIR,seis}$ |                                         |

**Table C4.1:** Essential characteristics of **tensile resistance** for **fischer rebar anchors FRA** under fire exposure  
concrete strength classes C12/C15 to C50/60, according to EN 1992-4

| fischer rebar anchor FRA          |      |                    |                      | M12 | M16 | M20 | M24 |
|-----------------------------------|------|--------------------|----------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Stainless steel (FRA or FRA C)    |      |                    |                      |     |     |     |     |
| Characteristic tensile resistance | R30  | $\sigma_{Rk,s,fi}$ | [N/mm <sup>2</sup> ] | 30  |     |     |     |
|                                   | R60  |                    |                      | 25  |     |     |     |
|                                   | R90  |                    |                      | 20  |     |     |     |
|                                   | R120 |                    |                      | 16  |     |     |     |

**Design value of the steel bearing capacity  $\sigma_{Rd,s,fi}$  under fire exposure for fischer rebar anchor FRA**

The design value of the steel bearing capacity  $\sigma_{Rd,s,fi}$  under fire exposure has to be calculated by the following equation:

$$\sigma_{Rd,s,fi} = \sigma_{Rk,s,fi} / \gamma_{M,fi}$$

with:

- $\sigma_{Rk,s,fi}$ Characteristic tensile resistance according to table C4.1
- $\gamma_{M,fi}$ Partial factor according to EN 1992-1-2:2004+AC:2008

**Design values of the bond strength  $f_{bk,fi}$  at increased temperature for concrete strength classes C12/15 to C50/60 (all drilling methods)**

The design value of the bond strength  $f_{bk,fi}$  at increased temperature has to be calculated by the following equation:

$$f_{bk,fi} = k_{fi}(\theta) \cdot f_{bd,PIR} \cdot \frac{\gamma_c}{\gamma_{M,fi}}$$

If:  $\theta > 46\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$        $k_{fi}(\theta) = \frac{862,3 \cdot \theta^{-1,166}}{f_{bd,PIR} \cdot 4,3} \leq 1,0$

If:  $\theta > \theta_{max} \text{ (284 }^{\circ}\text{C)}$        $k_{fi}(\theta) = 0$

- $f_{bk,fi}$  = Design value of the bond strength in case of fire (in N/mm<sup>2</sup>)
- $(\theta)$  = Temperature in  $^{\circ}\text{C}$  in the mortar layer
- $k_{fi}(\theta)$  = Reduction factor at increased temperature
- $f_{bd,PIR}$  = Design value of the bond strength in N/mm<sup>2</sup> in cold condition according to table C2.1 considering the concrete classes, the rebar diameter, the drilling method and the bond conditions according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010
- $\gamma_c$  = Partial factor according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010
- $\gamma_{M,fi}$  = Partial factor according to EN 1992-1-2:2004+AC:2008

For evidence at increased temperature the anchorage length shall be calculated according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 Equation 8.3 using the temperature-dependent ultimate bond strength  $f_{bk,fi}$ .

**Figure C5.1:** Example graph of reduction factor  $k_{fi}(\theta)$  for concrete class C20/25 for good bond conditions

