



TELJESÍTMÉNYNYILATKOZAT

DoP W0003

fischer Power-Fast csavarok és fischer szerkezetépítő csavarok		
1. A terméktípus egyedi azonosító kódja:	DoP W0003	
2. Felhasználás célja(i):	Önmetsző csavarok mérnöki faszerkezet ezt a mellékleteket 1, 2.	ekben történő felhasználásra, ld. a Mellékletet, különösen
3. <u>Gyártó:</u>	fischerwerke GmbH & Co. KG, Klaus-Fise	cher-Str. 1, 72178 Waldachtal, Németország
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Méretek:		Mellékletek 12-31
Csavar folyását okozó hajlítónyomaték karakteris	sztikus értéke:	Melléklet 5
Becsavarási szög:		Melléklet 1
Menet extrakciós paraméter karakterisztikus érté	ke:	Mellékletek 5,6
Fejáthúzási paraméter karakterisztikus értéke:		Melléklet 6
Szakítószilárdság karakterisztikus értéke:		Melléklet 3
Folyáshatár karakterisztikus értéke:		Melléklet 7
Csavarási szilárdság karakterisztikus értéke:		Melléklet 3
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Csavarok tengely-és peremtávolságai, valamint	a fa alapanyag minimális vastagsága:	Mellékletek 9,10,38
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Biztonság tűz esetén (BWR 2)		
Tűzzel szembeni viselkedés:		Osztály (A1)
 Megfelelő műszaki dokumentáció és/vagy egyedi műszaki dokumentáció: 	-	

A fent azonosított termék teljesítménye megfelel a bejelentett teljesítmény(ek)nek. A 305/2011/EU rendeletnek megfelelően e teljesítménynyilatkozat kiadásáért kizárólag a fent meghatározott gyártó a felelős

A gyártó nevében és részéről aláíró személy:

U.S.

Dr.-Ing. Oliver Geibig, Üzleti egységek és Mérnökségért felelős vezérigazgató Tumlingen, 2021-01-16

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Ez a Teljesítmény nyilatkozat különböző nyelveken elkészült. Vitás értelmezés esetén az angol verzió az irányadó.

A melléklet a (nyelvsemleges formában megadott) törvényi előírásokon túl önkéntesen megadott, kiegészítő információkat is tartalmaz angolul.

II SPECIFIC PART OF THE EUROPEAN TECHNICAL ASSESSMENT

1 Technical description of product and intended use

Technical description of the product

"fischer Power-Fast" and "fischer construction screws" are self-tapping screws to be used in timber structures. "fischer Power-Fast" screws shall be threaded over a part or over the full length. "fischer construction screws" shall be threaded over a part of the length. The screws shall be produced from carbon steel wire for nominal diameters of 3,0 mm to 12,0 mm and from stainless steel wire for nominal diameters of 3,0 mm to 12,0 mm to 8,0 mm. The material specification of the stainless steel screws is deposited with ETA-Danmark. Where corrosion protection is required, the material or coating shall be declared in accordance with the relevant specification given in Annex A of EN 14592.

Geometry and Material

The nominal diameter (outer thread diameter), d, shall not be less than 3,0 mm and shall not be greater than 12,0 mm. The overall length, L, of screws shall not be less than 20 mm and shall not be greater than 600 mm. Other dimensions are given in Annex A1 to Annex A19.

The ratio of inner thread diameter to outer thread diameter d_i/d ranges from 0,59 to 0,69.

The screws are threaded over a minimum length ℓ_g of 4,0·d (i.e. $\ell_g \ge 4,0$ ·d).

The lead p (distance between two adjacent thread flanks) ranges from $0,50 \cdot d$ to $0,67 \cdot d$.

No breaking of screws shall be observed at a bend angle, α , of less than $(45/d^{0,7} + 20)$ degrees.

The material specification of the of the stainless steel screws is deposited with ETA-Danmark.

2 Specification of the intended use in accordance with the applicable EAD

The screws are used for connections in load bearing timber structures between members of solid timber (softwood and hardwood). Furthermore, all kinds of processed timber products (all softwood and hardwood as well), such as glued laminated timber, cross-laminated timber, laminated veneer lumber, similar glued members, wood-based panels or steel. Furthermore "fischer Power-Fast" screws with diameter of 6 mm, 8 mm, 10 mm and 12 mm may also be used for the fixing of heat insulation on rafters and on vertical facades.

Steel plates and wood-based panels except solid wood panels, Egger OSB Eurostrand 4 TOP and cross laminated timber shall only be located on the side of the screw head. The following wood-based panels may be used:

- Plywood according to EN 636 or ETA
- Particleboard according to EN 312 or ETA
- Oriented Strand Board, Type OSB/3 and OSB/4 according to EN 300 or ETA
- Fibreboard according to EN 622-2 and 622-3 or ETA (minimum density 650 kg/m³)
- Cement bonded particleboard according to ETA
- Solid wood panels according to EN 13353 and EN 13986, and cross laminated timber according to ETA
- Laminated Veneer Lumber according to EN 14374 or ETA
- Engineered wood products according to ETA if the ETA of the product includes provisions for the use of self-tapping screws, the provisions of the ETA of the engineered wood product apply

The screws shall be screwed into softwood without predrilling or after pre-drilling with a diameter not larger than the inner thread diameter for the length of the threaded part and with a maximum of the smooth shank diameter for the length of the smooth shank. The screws shall be driven into hardwood after pre-drilling with a suitable diameter according to section 3.11.

The screws are intended to be used in timber connections for which requirements for mechanical resistance and stability and safety in use in the sense of the Basic Works Requirements 1 and 4 of Regulation 305/2011 shall be fulfilled.

Form and dimensions of washers are given in Annex A20. Washers must be made of steel.

The design of the connections shall be based on the characteristic load-carrying capacities of the screws. The design capacities shall be derived from the characteristic capacities in accordance with Eurocode 5 or an appropriate national code (e.g. DIN 1052:2008-12). Regarding environmental conditions, national provisions at the building site shall apply.

The screws are intended for use for connections subject to static or quasi static loading.

The zinc-coated screws are for use in timber structures subject to the dry, internal conditions defined by the service classes 1 and 2 of EN 1995-1-1:2008 (Eurocode 5).

The screws made of stainless steel meet the requirements of Eurocode 5 (EN 1995-1-1:2008), for use in structures subject to the wet conditions defined as service class 3.

The scope of the screws regarding resistance to corrosion shall be defined according to national provisions that apply at the installation site considering environmental conditions.

The provisions made in this European Technical Assessment are based on an assumed intended working life of the screws of 50 years.

The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer or Assessment Body, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

3 Performance of the product and references to the methods used for its assessment

Characteristic	Assessment of characteristic
3.1 Mechanical resistance and stability*) (B	SWR1)
Tensile strength Screws made from carbon steel	Characteristic value $f_{tens,k}$: Screw d = 3,0 mm: 2,7 kN Screw d = 3,5 mm: 3,7 kN Screw d = 4,0 mm: 4,8 kN Screw d = 4,5 mm: 6,0 kN Screw d = 5,0 mm: 7,5 kN Screw d = 6,0 mm: 10,7 kN Screw d = 8,0 mm: 19,1 kN Screw d = 10,0 mm: 29,8 kN Screw d = 12,0 mm: 32,7 kN
Screws from stainless steel	Screw d = 3,0 mm:1,6 kNScrew d = 3,5 mm:2,1 kNScrew d = 4,0 mm:2,8 kNScrew d = 4,5 mm:3,5 kNScrew d = 5,0 mm:4,3 kNScrew d = 6,0 mm:6,2 kNScrew d = 8,0 mm:13,0 kN
Insertion moment	Ratio of the characteristic torsional strength to the mean insertion moment: $f_{tor,k} / R_{tor,mean} \ge 1,5$
Torsional strength Screws from carbon steel	Characteristic value $f_{tor,k}$: Screw d = 3,0 mm: 1,3 Nm Screw d = 3,5 mm: 2,0 Nm Screw d = 4,0 mm: 3,0 Nm Screw d = 4,5 mm: 4,3 Nm Screw d = 5,0 mm: 6,0 Nm Screw d = 5,0 mm: 9,5 Nm Screw d = 8,0 mm: 25,0 Nm Screw d = 10,0 mm: 40,0 Nm Screw d = 12,0 mm: 55,0 Nm
Screws from stainless steel	Screw d = 3,0 mm: $0,9 \text{ Nm}$ Screw d = 3,5 mm: $1,3 \text{ Nm}$ Screw d = 4,0 mm: $1,9 \text{ Nm}$ Screw d = 4,5 mm: $2,6 \text{ Nm}$ Screw d = 5,0 mm: $3,7 \text{ Nm}$ Screw d = 6,0 mm: $6,5 \text{ Nm}$ Screw d = 8,0 mm: $16,0 \text{ Nm}$
3.2 Safety in case of fire (BWR2)	

Reaction to fire

The screws are made from steel classified as **Euroclass A1** in accordance with EN 13501-1 and Commission Delegated Regulation 2016/364.

Char	acteristic		Assessment of characteristic
3.7	Sustainable use of natural resources (BR7)		No Performance Assessed
3.8	General aspects related to the performance the product	of	The screws have been assessed as having satisfactory durability and serviceability when used in timber structures using the timber species described in Eurocode 5 and subject to the conditions defined by service classes 1, 2 and 3
	Identification		See Annex A

^{*)} See additional information in section 3.9 – 3.12. **) In addition to the specific clauses relating to dangerous substances contained in this European technical Assessment, there may be other requirements applicable to the products falling within its scope (e.g. transposed European legislation and national laws, regulations and administrative provisions). In order to meet the provisions of the Construction Products Regulation, these requirements need also to be complied with, when and where they apply.

3.9 Mechanical resistance and stability

The load-carrying capacities for "fischer Power-Fast" and "fischer construction screws" are applicable to the woodbased materials mentioned in paragraph 1 even though the term timber has been used in the following.

The characteristic lateral load-carrying capacities and the characteristic axial withdrawal capacities of "fischer Power-Fast" and "fischer construction screws" screws should be used for designs in accordance with Eurocode 5 or an appropriate national code.

Pointside penetration length of the threaded part must be $\ell_{ef} \ge 4 \cdot d$, where d is the outer thread diameter of the screw. For the fixing of rafters, point side penetration must be at least 40 mm, $\ell_{ef} \ge 40$ mm.

ETA's for structural members may be considered if applicable.

For wood-based panels the relevant ETAs must be considered where applicable.

Lateral load-carrying capacity

The characteristic lateral load-carrying capacity of "fischer Power-Fast" and "fischer construction screws" screws shall be calculated according to EN 1995-1-1:2008 (Eurocode 5) using the outer thread diameter d as the nominal diameter of the screw. The contribution from the rope effect may be considered.

The characteristic yield moment shall be calculated from:

Screws from carbon steel for 3,0 mm $\leq d \leq$ 5,0 mm and 12,0 mm:

 $M_{y,k} = 0,15 \cdot 500 \text{ (N/mm^2)} \cdot d^{2,6}$ [Nmm]

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{Screws from carbon steel for 6,0 mm} \leq d \leq 10,0 \mbox{ mm:} \\ \mbox{M}_{y,k} = 0,15 \cdot 600 \ (N/mm^2) \cdot d^{2,6} \ \mbox{[Nmm]} \end{array}$

Screws from stainless steel for 3,0 mm < d < 6,0 mm: $M_{y,k} = 0,15 \cdot 350 (N/mm^2) \cdot d^{2,6}$ [Nmm]

Screws from stainless steel for d = 8,0 mm: $M_{y,k} = 0,15 \cdot 400 \text{ (N/mm}^2) \cdot d^{2,6} \text{ [Nmm]}$

where

d outer thread diameter [mm]

The embedding strength for screws in non-pre-drilled holes arranged at an angle between screw axis and grain direction, $0^{\circ} \le \alpha \le 90^{\circ}$ is:

$$f_{h,k} = \frac{0.082 \cdot \rho_k \cdot d^{-0.3}}{2.5 \cdot \cos^2 \alpha + \sin^2 \alpha}$$
 [N/mm²]

and accordingly, for screws in pre-drilled holes:

$$f_{h,k} = \frac{0,082 \cdot \rho_k \cdot (1-0,01 \cdot d)}{2,5 \cdot \cos^2 \alpha + \sin^2 \alpha}$$
 [N/mm²]

Where

 ρ_k characteristic timber density [kg/m³];

d outer thread diameter [mm];

 α angle between screw axis and grain direction.

The embedding strength for screws arranged parallel to the plane surface of cross laminated timber, independent of the angle between screw axis and grain direction, $0^{\circ} \le \alpha \le 90^{\circ}$, may be calculated from:

$$f_{hk} = 20 \cdot d^{-0.5}$$
 [N/mm²]

Where

d outer thread diameter [mm]

The embedding strength for screws in the plane surface of cross laminated timber should be assumed as for solid timber based on the characteristic density of the outer layer. If relevant, the angle between force and grain direction of the outer layer should be taken into account.

The direction of the lateral force shall be perpendicular to the screw axis and parallel to the plane surface of the cross laminated timber.

Axial withdrawal capacity

The characteristic axial withdrawal capacity of ,,fischer Power-Fast" and "fischer construction screws" in solid timber (softwood and ash, beech or oak hardwood), glued laminated timber (softwood and hardwood, ash, beech or oak), laminated veneer lumber (softwood or hardwood beech) or cross-laminated timber members at an angle of $0^{\circ} \leq \alpha \leq 90^{\circ}$ to the grain or in Egger Eurostrand OSB 4 TOP at an angle of $\alpha = 90^{\circ}$ to the panel surface shall be calculated from:

$$F_{ax,\alpha,Rk} = n_{ef} \cdot k_{ax} \cdot f_{ax,k} \cdot d \cdot \ell_{ef} \cdot \left(\frac{\rho_k}{350}\right)^{0,8}$$
[N]

Where

 $\begin{array}{ll} F_{ax,\alpha,RK} & \mbox{Characteristic withdrawal capacity of the} \\ & \mbox{connection at an angle } \alpha \mbox{ to the grain [N]} \\ n_{ef} & \mbox{Effective number of screws according to EN} \\ & 1995\text{-}1\text{-}1 \end{array}$

For inclined screws:
$$n_{ef} = max \{n^{0,9}; 0, 9 \cdot n\}$$

 $\begin{array}{ll} k_{ax} & \mbox{Factor, taking into account the angle } \alpha \\ \mbox{between screw axis and grain direction} \\ k_{ax} = 1,0 \mbox{ for } 45^\circ \leq \alpha < 90^\circ \\ k_{ax} = 0,3 + \frac{0,7 \cdot \alpha}{45} \mbox{ for } 0^\circ \leq \alpha < 45^\circ \end{array}$

$f_{ax,k}$	Characteristic withdrawal parameter [N/mm ²]			
	for timber members			
	screw $d = 3,0$ mm:	$f_{ax,k} = 13,8 \text{ N/mm}^2$		
	screw $d = 3,5$ mm:	$f_{ax,k} = 13,4 \text{ N/mm}^2$		
	screw $d = 4,0$ mm:	$f_{ax,k} = 13,0 \text{ N/mm}^2$		
	screw $d = 4,5$ mm:	$f_{ax,k} = 12,6 \text{ N/mm}^2$		
	screw $d = 5,0$ mm:	$f_{ax,k} = 12,2 \text{ N/mm}^2$		
	screw $d = 6,0$ mm:	$f_{ax,k} = 11,6 \text{ N/mm}^2$		
	screw d \geq 8,0 mm:	$f_{ax,k} = 10,0 \text{ N/mm}^2$		
	for Egger Eurostrand	OSB 4 TOP with		
	minimum thickness $t = 12$ mm:			
	screw 5,0 mm \leq d \leq 1	screw 5,0 mm \le d \le 10,0 mm:		
		$f_{ax,k} = 10,0 \text{ N/mm}^2$		
d	Outer thread diameter	:[mm]		
ℓ_{ef}	Point side penetration length of the threaded			
	part according to EN	1995-1-1:2008 [mm]		
α	Angle between grain	and screw axis [°]		
O_k	Characteristic density	[kg/m ³], for hardwoods		

 ρ_k Characteristic density [kg/m³], for hardwoods the assumed characteristic density shall not exceed 730 kg/m³

For screws arranged under an angle between screw axis and grain direction of less than 90°, the minimum threaded penetration length is:

 $\ell_{ef} \ge \min(4 \cdot d/\sin\alpha; 20 \cdot d)$

For screws penetrating more than one layer of cross laminated timber, the different layers may be taken into account proportionally.

The axial withdrawal capacity is limited by the head pullthrough capacity and the tensile strength of the screw.

For axially loaded screws in tension, where the external force is parallel to the screw axes, the rules in EN 1995-1-1, 8.7.2 (8) should be applied.

For inclined screws in timber-to-timber or steel-to-timber shear connections, where the screws are arranged under an angle $30^{\circ} \le \alpha \le 60^{\circ}$ between the shear plane and the screw axis, the effective number of screws nef should be determined as follows:

For one row of n screws parallel to the load, the loadcarrying capacity should be calculated using the effective number of fasteners nef, where

$$n_{ef} = \max\{n^{0.9}; 0.9 \cdot n\}$$

and n is the number of inclined screws in a row. If crossed pairs of screws are used in timber-to-timber connections, n is the number of crossed pairs of screws in a row.

Note: For inclined screws as fasteners in mechanically

jointed beams or columns or for the fixing of thermal insulation material, $n_{ef} = n$.

Head pull-through capacity

The characteristic head pull-through capacity of "fischer Power-Fast" and "fischer construction screws" shall be calculated according to EN 1995-1-1:2008 from:

$$F_{ax,\alpha,Rk} = n_{ef} \cdot f_{head,k} \cdot d_h^2 \cdot \left(\frac{\rho_k}{350}\right)^{0.6}$$
[N]

where:

where:	
$F_{ax,\alpha,Rk}$	characteristic head pull-through capacity of
n _{ef}	the connection at an angle $\alpha \ge 30^{\circ}$ to the grain [N] effective number of screws according to EN 1995-1-1
	For inclined screws: $n_{ef} = max \left\{ n^{0,9}; 0, 9 \cdot n \right\}$
	(see axial withdrawal capacity)
$f_{\text{head},k}$	characteristic head pull-through parameter
	$[N/mm^2]$
d_h	diameter of the screw head [mm]
ρ_k	characteristic density [kg/m ³], for wood-
•	based panels $\rho_k = 380 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Characteristic head pull-through parameter for screws with head diameter ≤ 21 mm in connections with timber and with wood-based panels with thicknesses above 20 mm: $f_{head,k} = 12 \text{ N/mm}^2$

Characteristic head pull-through parameter for screws with head diameter 21 mm < $d_h \leq 35$ mm in connections with timber and with wood-based panels with thicknesses above 20 mm:

 $f_{head,k} = 10 \ N/mm^2$

Characteristic head pull-through parameter for screws in connections with wood-based panels with thicknesses between 12 mm and 20 mm: $f_{head,k} = 8 \text{ N/mm}^2$

Screws in connections with wood-based panels with a thickness below 12 mm (minimum thickness of the wood based panels of 1,2·d with d as outer thread diameter): $f_{head,k} = 8 \text{ N/mm}^2$ limited to $F_{ax,\alpha,Rk} = 400 \text{ N}$

The head diameter d_h shall be greater than 1,8·d_s, where d_s is the smooth shank or the wire diameter. Otherwise the characteristic head pull-through capacity $F_{ax,\alpha,Rk} = 0$.

Outer diameter of washers $d_h > 35 \mbox{ mm}$ shall not be considered.

The minimum thickness of wood-based panels according to the clause 3.9 must be observed.

In steel-to-timber connections the head pull-through capacity is not decisive.

Tensile capacity

The characteristic tensile strength $f_{tens,k}$ of "fischer Power-Fast" and "fischer construction screws" is:

Screws from carbon steel:

Screw $d = 3,0$ mm:	2,7 kN
Screw $d = 3,5$ mm:	3,7 kN
Screw $d = 4,0$ mm:	4,3 kN
Screw $d = 4,5$ mm:	5,5 kN
Screw $d = 5,0$ mm:	6,8 kN
Screw $d = 6,0$ mm:	10,7 kN
Screw $d = 8,0$ mm:	19,1 kN
Screw $d = 10,0$ mm:	29,8 kN
Screw $d = 12,0$ mm:	32,7 kN
0 0 1	. 1
Screws from stainless	steel:
Screw $d = 3.0$ mm:	$1.6 \mathrm{kN}$

Screw $d = 3,0$ mm:	1,6 KN
Screw $d = 3,5$ mm:	2,1 kN
Screw $d = 4,0$ mm:	2,8 kN
Screw $d = 4,5$ mm:	3,5 kN
Screw $d = 5,0$ mm:	4,3 kN
Screw $d = 6,0$ mm:	6,2 kN
Screw $d = 8,0$ mm:	13,0 kN

For screws used in combination with steel plates, the tearoff capacity of the screw head should be greater than the tensile strength of the screw.

Compressive capacity

The characteristic compressive capacity $F_{ax,Rk}$ of fischer Power-Fast screws with the head fixed between two aluminium-, carbon steel- or stainless steel plates according to Annex D and the thread driven completely into timber perpendicular to the grain shall be calculated from:

$$F_{ax,Rk} = \min \left\{ f_{ax,k} \cdot d \cdot \ell_{ef} \cdot \left(\frac{\rho_k}{350} \right)^{0,8} ; \kappa_c \cdot N_{pl,k} \right\} [N]$$

Where

$$\kappa_{c} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{for } \lambda_{k} \leq 0, 2 \\ \\ \frac{1}{k + \sqrt{k^{2} - \overline{\lambda}_{k}^{2}}} & \text{for } \overline{\lambda}_{k} > 0, 2 \end{cases}$$

$$k = 0.5 \cdot \left[1 + 0.49 \cdot (\overline{\lambda}_{k} - 0, 2) + \overline{\lambda}_{k}^{2} \right]$$

The relative slenderness ratio shall be calculated from:

$$\overline{\lambda}_{k} = \sqrt{\frac{N_{pl,k}}{N_{ki,k}}}$$

Where

$$N_{pl,k} = \pi \cdot \frac{d_s^2}{4} \cdot f_{y,k}$$
[N]

is the characteristic value for the axial capacity in case of plastic analysis referred to the smooth shank cross-section.

$$N_{ki,k} = \frac{\pi^2 \cdot EI_S}{\ell_{ef}^2}$$
[N]

is the characteristic ideal elastic buckling load.

Characteristic yield strength for screws made of carbon steel:

 $f_{v,k}$ = 1000 $[N/mm^2]$ Characteristic yield strength for screws made of stainless steel: $f_{y,k}$ = 500 $[N/mm^2]$ Modulus of elasticity for screws made of carbon steel: E_s = 210000 $[N/mm^2]$ Modulus of elasticity for screws made of stainless steel: = 160000 E_s $[N/mm^2]$

Second moment of area:

$I_{\rm S} = \frac{\pi}{64} \cdot d_{\rm s}^4$	- 1-
64	$[mm^4]$
d_s = smooth shank diameter	[mm]

 $\ell_{ef} = 0, 7 \cdot \ell$ buckling length [mm]

 ℓ = free screw length protruding from the timber

 $\begin{array}{ll} member \ including \ the \ screw \ head \qquad [mm]\\ Note: \ When \ determining \ design \ values \ of \ the \ compressive \\ capacity \ it \ should \ be \ considered \ that \ f_{ax,d} \ is \ to \ be \ calculated \\ using \ k_{mod} \ and \ \gamma_M \ for \ timber \ according \ to \ EN \ 1995 \ while \\ N_{pl,d} \ is \ calculated \ using \ \gamma_{M,1} \ for \ steel \ buckling \ according \ to \ EN \ 1993. \end{array}$

Combined laterally and axially loaded screws

For screwed connections subjected to a combination of axial load and lateral load, the following expression should be satisfied:

$$\left(\frac{F_{ax,Ed}}{F_{ax,Rd}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{F_{la,Ed}}{F_{la,Rd}}\right)^2 \le 1$$

where

F _{ax,Ed}	axial design load of the screw
$F_{la,Ed}$	lateral design load of the screw
F _{ax,Rd}	design load-carrying capacity of an axially
	loaded screw
F _{la,Rd}	design load-carrying capacity of a laterally
	loaded screw

Slip modulus

The axial slip modulus K_{ser} of a screw for the serviceability limit state should be taken independent of angle α to the grain as:

$$C = K_{ser} = 780 \cdot d^{0,2} \cdot \ell_{ef}^{0,4}$$
 [N/mm]

Where

d outer thread diameter [mm]

 ℓ_{ef} penetration length in the structural member [mm]

Thermal insulation material on top of rafters

"fischer Power-Fast" screws with an outer thread diameter of d = 6 mm, 8 mm, 10 mm and 12 mm may be used for the fixing of thermal insulation material on top of rafters.

The thickness of the insulation ranges up to 400 mm. The rafter insulation must be placed on top of solid timber or glued laminated timber rafters or cross-laminated timber members and be fixed by battens placed parallel to the rafters or by wood-based panels on top of the insulation layer. The insulation of vertical facades is also covered by the rules given here.

Screws must be screwed in the rafter through the battens or panels and the insulation without pre-drilling in one sequence.

The angle α between the screw axis and the grain direction of the rafter should be between 30° and 90°.

The battens must be from solid timber (softwood) according to EN 338:2003-04. The minimum thickness of the battens is 80 mm and the minimum width 100 mm for screws with outer thread diameter d = 12 mm. The minimum thickness of the battens is 40 mm and the minimum width 60 mm for screws with outer thread diameter d = 10 mm. For screws with outer thread diameter d = 6 mm and 8 mm the minimum thickness of the battens is 30 mm and the minimum width 50 mm.

Alternatively, to the battens, boards with a minimum thickness of 20 mm from plywood according to EN 636, particle board according to EN 312, oriented strand board OSB/3 and OSB/4 according to EN 300 or ETA and solid wood panels according to EN 13353 may be used.

The rafter consists of solid timber (softwood) according to EN 338, glued laminated timber according to EN 14081, cross-laminated timber, laminated veneer lumber according to EN 14374 or to ETA or similar glued members according to ETA and has a minimum width of 60 mm.

The insulation must comply with a ETA.

The insulation must have a minimum compressive stress of $\sigma_{10\%} = 0.05$ N/mm² at 10 % deformation according to EN 826:1996-05.

The analysis of the fixing of the insulation and battens or boards, respectively, may be carried out using the static model in Annex B. The battens or boards, respectively, must have sufficient strength and stiffness. The maximum pressure between the battens or boards, respectively, and the insulation shall not exceed $1,1\cdot\sigma_{10\%}$.

The characteristic axial withdrawal capacity of the screws for rafter or facade insulation shall be calculated from:

$$F_{ax,\alpha,Rk} = \min \begin{cases} k_{ax} \cdot f_{ax,k} \cdot d \cdot \ell_{ef} \cdot k_{1} \cdot k_{2} \left(\frac{\rho_{k}}{350}\right)^{0.8} \\ f_{head,k} \cdot d_{h}^{2} \cdot \left(\frac{\rho_{k}}{350}\right)^{0.8} \\ f_{tens,d} \end{cases}$$
[N]

where

where	
F _{ax,α,RK}	Characteristic withdrawal capacity of the connection at an angle α to the grain [N]
k _{ax}	Factor, taking into account the angle α
	between screw axis and grain direction
	$k_{ax} = 1,0 \text{ for } 45^{\circ} \le \alpha < 90^{\circ}$
	$k_{ax}=\ 0,3+\frac{0,7\cdot\alpha}{45}\ \ for\ 0^\circ\leq\alpha<45^\circ$
$f_{ax,k} \\$	Characteristic withdrawal parameter [N/mm ²]
D	
D	Outer thread diameter [mm]
ℓ_{ef}	Point side penetration length of the threaded
	part according to EN 1995-1-1:2008 [mm]
α	Angle between grain and screw axis ($\alpha \ge 30^{\circ}$)
\mathbf{k}_1	min {1; $220/t_{HI}$ }
\mathbf{k}_2	$\min \{1; \sigma_{10\%}/0, 12\}$
$t_{\rm HI}$	Thickness of the thermal insulation [mm]
$\sigma_{10\%}$	Compressive stress of the thermal insulation under 10 % deformation [N/mm ²]
	$\sigma_{10\%} \ge 0.05 \text{ N/mm}^2$
$f_{head,k}$	Characteristic head pull-through parameter
neud,k	$[N/mm^2]$
dh	Outer diameter of the screw head [mm]
	Characteristic density [kg/m ³]
ρ_k	Characteristic tensile capacity of the screw
$\mathbf{f}_{\text{tens,d}}$	
	[N]

Friction forces shall not be considered for the design of the characteristic axial withdrawal capacity of the screws.

The anchorage of wind suction forces as well as the bending stresses of the battens or the boards, respectively, shall be considered in design. Additional screws perpendicular to the grain of the rafter (angle $\alpha = 90^{\circ}$) may be arranged if necessary.

Screws for the anchorage of rafter insulation shall be arranged according to Annex B.

The maximum screw spacing is $e_s = 1,75$ m.

3.10 Aspects related to the performance of the product

3.10.1 Corrosion protection in service class 1, 2 and 3. The fischer Power-Fast and fischer construction screws are produced from carbon wire. Screws made from carbon steel are electrogalvanised and yellow or blue chromate. The mean thickness of the zinc coating is 5μ m.

The material specification of the stainless steel screws is deposited with ETA-Danmark.

3.11 General aspects related to the intended use of the product

The screws are manufactured in accordance with the provisions of the European Technical Assessment using the automated manufacturing process and laid down in the technical documentation.

The installation shall be carried out in accordance with Eurocode 5 or an appropriate national code unless otherwise is defined in the following. Instructions from fischerwerke GmbH & Co. KG should be considered for installation.

The screws are used for connections in load bearing timber structures between members of solid timber (softwood and hardwood), glued laminated timber (softwood and hardwood), cross-laminated timber (minimum diameter d = 6,0 mm, softwood and hardwood)), laminated veneer lumber (softwood and hardwood), similar glued members (softwood and hardwood), wood-based panels or steel members.

The screws may be used for connections in load bearing timber structures with structural members according to an associated ETA, if according to the ETA of the structural member a connection in load bearing timber structures with screws according to an ETA is allowed.

Furthermore, the screws with diameters between 6 mm and 12 mm may also be used for the fixing of insulation on top of rafters or at vertical facades.

A minimum of two screws should be used for connections in load bearing timber structures. A single screw may be used in structural connections if the penetration length of the screw including an unthreaded part of the shank is at least $20 \cdot d$ and the screw is only axially loaded. The loadbearing capacity of the single screw in this case shall be reduced by 50 %.

A single screw per connection may also be used, if the member is fixed with at least two screws and the screws are used for the fixing of boards, battens and wind braces, or for the fixing of rafters, purlins or similar on main beams or top plates.

The minimum penetration depth in structural members made of solid, glued or cross-laminated timber is 4.d.

Wood-based panels - except Egger Eurostrand OSB 4 TOP - and steel plates should only be arranged on the side of the screw head. The minimum thickness of wood-based panels should be $1,2 \cdot d$. Furthermore, the minimum thickness for following wood-based panels should be:

- Plywood, Fibreboards: 6 mm
- Particleboards, OSB, Cement Particleboards: 8 mm
- Solid wood panels: 12 mm

For structural members according to ETA's the terms of the ETA's must be considered.

If screws with an outer thread diameter $d \ge 8$ mm are used in load bearing timber structures, the structural solid or glued laminated timber, laminated veneer lumber and similar glued members must be from spruce, pine or fir. This does not apply for screws in pre-drilled holes.

The minimum angle between the screw axis and the grain direction is $\alpha = 0^{\circ}$.

The screws shall be driven into softwood without predrilling or after pre-drilling. The screws shall be driven into hardwood with a maximum characteristic density of 730 kg/m³ after predrilling.

The drill hole diameters are:

Outer thread	Drill hole diameter	
diameter	Softwood	Hardwood
4,0	2,5	3,0
4,5	2,5	3,0
5,0	3,0	3,0
6,0	4,0	4,0
8,0	5,0	6,0
10,0	6,0	7,0
12,0	7,0	8,0

The hole diameter in steel members must be predrilled with a suitable diameter.

Only the equipment prescribed by fischerwerke GmbH & Co. KG shall be used for driving the screws.

In connections with screws with countersunk head according to Annexes A1, A5, A6, A7, A11, A13 and A18, the head must be flush with the surface of the connected structural member. A deeper countersink is not allowed.

Screws from carbon steel and stainless steel with countersunk head according to Annex A1, A2, A5, A6, A7, A11, A13, A14 and A18 may be used together with washers according to Annex A20. Washers according to EN ISO 7094 may be used together with washers according to Annex A20.

Screws according to Annex A3, A4, A8, A9, A10, A12 A16, A17 and A19 may be used together with washers according to EN ISO 7094.

Washers from carbon steel should be used with screws from carbon steel and screws from stainless steel with washers from stainless steel. Washers should have a full bearing area.

For structural timber members, minimum spacing and distances for screws in predrilled holes are given in EN 1995-1-1:2008 (Eurocode 5) clause 8.3.1.2 and table 8.2 as for nails in predrilled holes. Here, the outer thread diameter d must be considered.

For screws in non-predrilled holes, minimum spacing and distances are given in EN 1995-1-1:2008 (Eurocode 5) clause 8.3.1.2 and table 8.2 as for nails in non-predrilled holes.

Alternatively, minimum distances and spacing for exclusively axially loaded "fischer Power-Fast" screws in non-predrilled holes in members of solid timber (softwood and hardwood), glued laminated timber or similar glued products (softwood and hardwood) with a minimum thickness $t = 12 \cdot d$ and a minimum width of $8 \cdot d$ or 60 mm, whichever is the greater, may be taken as:

Spacing a ₁ parallel to the grain	$a_1 = 5 \cdot d$
Spacing a ₂ perpendicular to the grain	$a_2 = 5 \cdot d$
Distance a _{3,c} from centre of the screw-part in	
timber to the end grain	$a_{3,c}=9\cdot d$
Distance a _{4,c} from centre of the screw-part in	
timber to the edge	$a_{4,c} = 4 \cdot d$

Spacing a_2 perpendicular to the grain may be reduced from 5·d to 2,5·d, if the condition $a_1 \cdot a_2 \ge 25 \cdot d^2$ is fulfilled.

For Douglas fir members minimum spacing and distances parallel to the grain shall be increased by 50%.

Minimum distances from loaded or unloaded ends must be $15 \cdot d$ for screws in non-predrilled holes with outer thread diameter $d \ge 8$ mm and timber thickness $t < 5 \cdot d$.

Minimum distances from the unloaded edge perpendicular to the grain may be reduced to $3 \cdot d$ also for timber thickness $t < 5 \cdot d$, if the spacing parallel to the grain and the end distance is at least $25 \cdot d$.

Unless specified otherwise in the technical specification (ETA or hEN) of cross laminated timber, minimum distances and spacing for screws in the plane surface of cross laminated timber members with a minimum thickness t = 10 d may be taken as (see Annex C):

Spacing a ₁ parallel to the grain	$a_1 = 4 \cdot d$
Spacing a ₂ perpendicular to the grain	$a_2 = 2,5 \cdot d$
Distance a _{3,c} from centre of the screw-part in	
timber to the unloaded end grain of	
the plane surface	$a_{3,c} = 6 \cdot d$
Distance a _{3,t} from centre of the screw-part in	
timber to the loaded end grain	

of the plane surface	$a_{3,t} = 6 \cdot d$
Distance a _{4,c} from centre of the screw-part in	
timber to the unloaded edge	$a_{4,c} = 2,5 \cdot d$
Distance a _{4,t} from centre of the screw-part in	
timber to the loaded edge	$a_{4,t} = 6 \cdot d$

Unless specified otherwise in the technical specification (ETA or hEN) of cross laminated timber, minimum distances and spacing for screws in the edge surface of cross laminated timber members with a minimum thickness $t = 10 \cdot d$ and a minimum penetration depth perpendicular to the edge surface of $10 \cdot d$ may be taken as (see Annex C): Spacing a₁ parallel to the CLT plane surface $a_1 = 10 \cdot d$ Spacing a_2 perpendicular to the CLT plane surface $a_2 = 4 \cdot d$ Distance a_{3,c} from centre of the screw-part in timber to the unloaded end $a_{3,c} = 7 \cdot d$ Distance a_{3,t} from centre of the screw-part in timber to the loaded end $a_{3,t} = 12 \cdot d$ Distance a_{4,c} from centre of the screw-part in timber to the unloaded edge $a_{4,c} = 3 \cdot d$ Distance a_{4,t} from centre of the screw-part in timber to the loaded edge $a_{4,t} = 6 \cdot d$

For a crossed screw couple the minimum spacing between the crossing screws is $1,5 \cdot d$.

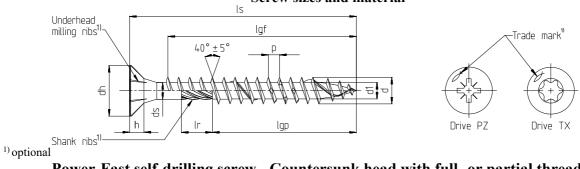
Minimum thickness for structural members is t = 24 mm for screws with outer thread diameter d < 8 mm, t = 30 mm for screws with outer thread diameter d = 8 mm, t = 40 mm for screws with outer thread diameter d = 10 mm and t = 80 mm for screws with outer thread diameter d = 12 mm.

4 Attestation and verification of constancy of performance (AVCP)

4.1 AVCP system

According to the decision 97/176/EC of the European Commission1, as amended, the system(s) of assessment and verification of constancy of performance (see Annex V to Regulation (EU) No 305/2011) is 3.

Screw sizes and material



r

Power-Fast self-drilling screw - Countersunk head with full- or partial thread

	oon Steel sible surface tre	eatments: y	ellow o	r blue z	zinc-pla	ated, bl	ue zinc-	plated	≥12µm	ı, bonus	s-zinceo	l, burni	ished, n	ickel-/,	brass j	olated
No	minal diam	eter	3	,0	3	,5	4	,0	4	,5	5	,0	6	,0		
1	Outer diame	eter	3,	00	3,	50	4,	00	4,	50	5,00		6,00			
d –	Allow. devia	ation						± 0	,30							
4	Core diamet	er	2,	00	2,	20	2,	50	2,	70	3,	00	4,	00		
d ₁ –	Allow. devia	ation				-0,25 /	+0,10					±0	,20			
d _h	Head diame	ter	6,	5,00 7,00 8,00 9,00 10,00							12	,00				
u_h	Allow. devia			-0,50 / +0,10												
d _s –	Shank diame	eter	2,	2,25 2,60 2,90 3,25 3,60							4,	20				
	Allow. devia								+0,10							
h	Head height		1,	90		10	2,			70		00	,	80		
l n 🗆	p Thread pitch			50	1,	80	2,			20	2,	50	3,00	-4,50		
Р	Allow. devia						-		0%							
l_{r}^{1}	Shank ribs l		3,	75	4,	25	4,	75	5,	50	6,	00	7,	00		
Ir '	Allow. devia	ation			±0	,75					±1	,00				
	Drive TX		10 20 20 25									30				
	Drive PZ			[-	2					3		
	Screw length	l ls	S	Standard thread length $ l_{gf} =$ Full thread $ l_{gp} =$ Partial thread Tolerance												2)
Nomin length	min	max	$l_{\rm gf}$	l_{gp}	$l_{\rm gf}$	l_{gp}	$l_{\rm gf}$	l_{gp}	$l_{\rm gf}$	l_{gp}	$l_{\rm gf}$	l_{gp}	$l_{\rm gf}$	l_{gp}		
20	18,95	21,05	16		16		16		16							
25	23,75	26,25	21		21	18	20	18	20							
30	28,75	31,25	26	18	26	18	25	18	25	18	24					
35	33,50	36,50	31	24	31	24	30	24	30	24	29	24	28			
40	38,50	41,50	36	24	36	24	35	24	35	24	34	24	33	24		
45	43,50	46,50	41	30	41	30	40	30	40	30	39	30	38	30		
50	48,50	51,50			46	30	45	30	45	30	44	30	43	30		
55	53,50	56,50					50	36	50	36	49	36	48			
60	58,50	61,50						36		36		36	53	36		
70	68,50	71,50						42		42		42	63	42		
80	78,50	81,50						50		50		50	73	50		
90	88,25	91,75										60		60		
100	98,25	101,75										60		60		
110	108,25	111,75										70		70		<u> </u>
120	118,25	121,75										70		70		
	n steps of 10r													70		
130-30	$1_{\rm s}$ -2,00	$l_{s}+2,00$												70		

All sizes in mm

Intermediate lengths at l_s are possible

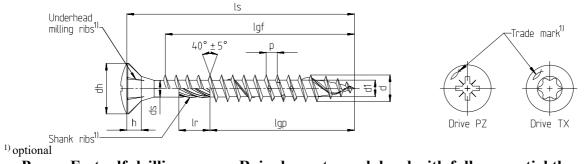
Screws with partial thread > 50 mm length with shank ribs

. Threaded lengths between $4{\times}d \leq l_g \leq l_{gmax}$ are possible $^{2)}$ 10mm \geq l_g ${\leq}18mm$ \triangleq ${\pm}1{,}5mm$ $18mm \geq l_g \leq 30mm \triangleq \pm 1,7mm$

fischer Power-Fast and Construction Screws

Sizes and Material

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Power-Fast self-drilling screw - Raised countersunk head with full- or partial thread

	oon steel sible surface t	reatments:	yellow	or blue	-zinc-pl	lated, b	lue zinc	c-plated	l≥12µn	n, bont	ıs- zince	ed, burr	nished,	nickel-	/brass j	plated
Noi	ninal dian	neter	3	,0	3,5		4	4,0		,5	5,0		6,0			
L	Outer diam	eter	3,	00	3,	50	4,	00	4,	50	5,	00	6,	00		
d –	Allow. devi	ation						± 0	,30							
4	Core diame	ter	2,	00	2,	20	2,	50	2,	70	3,	00	4,	00		
d_1	Allow. devi	ation				-0,25 /	+0,10					± 0	,20			
d	Head diame	eter	6,	6,00 7,00 8,00 9,00 10,00 12,00												
d _h –	Allow. devi	ation							+0,10							
d _s –	Shank diam	leter	2,	25	2,	60	2,	90	3,2	25	3,	60	4,	20		
	Allow. devi	ation			-				+0,10							
h	Head heigh		,	90		10		50	2,		3,			40		
n	Thread pitc		1,	50	1,	80	2,	00	2,2	20	2,	50	3,00	-4,50		
p	Allow. devi			$\pm 10\%$												
l_{r}^{1}	Shank ribs length			75	4,2	25	4,	75	5,	50	6,	00	7,	00		
1 _r	Allow. devi				±0	,75	-				±1,					
	Drive TX				0				0		20	25		0		
	Drive PZ			1 2 3									3			
ŝ	Screw length	n l _s	S	Standard thread length $ l_{gf} =$ Full thread $ l_{gp} =$ Partial thread Tolerance										erance	± 2,0	2)
Nomina length	min	max	$l_{\rm gf}$	l_{gp}	$l_{\rm gf}$	l _{gp}	l_{gf}	l_{gp}	\mathbf{l}_{gf}	l _{gp}	$l_{\rm gf}$	l_{gp}	$l_{\rm gf}$	l _{gp}		
20	18,95	21,05	16		16		16		16							
25	23,75	26,25	21		21	18	20	18	20							
30	28,75	31,25	26	18	26	18	25	18	25	18	24					
35	33,50	36,50	31	24	31	24	30	24	30	24	29	24	28			
40	38,50	41,50	36	24	36	24	35	24	35	24	34	24	33	24		
45	43,50	46,50	41	30	41	30	40	30	40	30	39	30	38	30		
50	48,50	51,50			46	30	45	30	45	30	44	30	43	30		<u> </u>
55	53,50	56,50					50	36	50	36	49	36	48			
60	58,50	61,50						36		36		36	53	36		
70	68,50	71,50						42		42		42	63	42		
80	78,50	81,50			_	_	_	50		50		50	73	50		

Intermediate lengths at l_{s} are possible

Screws with partial thread > 50 mm length with shank ribs

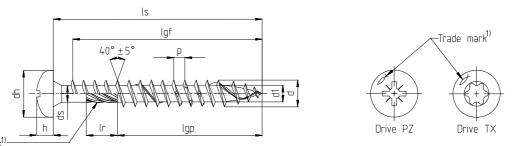
Threaded lengths between $4 \times d \le l_g \le l_{gmax}$ are possible

 $^{2)}$ 10mm \geq l_g ${\leq}18mm$ \triangleq ${\pm}1{,}5mm$ $18mm \geq l_g \leq 30mm \triangleq \pm 1,7mm$

fischer Power-Fast and Construction Screws Sizes and Material

All sizes in mm

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Shank ribs^{1).} ¹⁾ optional

Power-Fast self-drilling screw - Pan head with full- or partial thread

	n steel ble surface ti	reatments: y	yellow	or blue	zinc-pl	ated, b	lue zinc	-plated	l≥12µn	n, bonu	s- zince	ed, burr	nished,	nickel-	/brass j	plated		
Nom	inal diam	leter	3,	,0	3	,5	4	4,0 4,5		,5	5,0		6,0					
4 (Outer diame	eter	3,0	00	3,	50	4,	00	4,	50	5,	00	6,	00				
d A	Allow. devi	ation							±0,	,30								
	Core diame	ter	2,	00	2,2	20	2,	50	2,70				3,	00	4,00			
d_1	Allow. devi	ation				-0,25 /	+0,10					± 0	,20					
J H	Iead diame	eter	6,	00	7,	00	8,	00	9,0	00	10	,00	12	,00,				
d_h	Allow. devi	ation						-0,50 /	+0,10									
, S	hank diam	eter	2,2	25	2,	60	2,	90	3,2	25	3,	60	4,	20				
$d_s = A$	Allow. devi	ation						-0,30 /	+0,10									
h F	Iead heigh	t	2,		2,		2,	90	3,		3,4			80				
n T	Thread pite	h	1,	50	1,	80	2,	00	2,2	20	2,	50	3,00	-4,50				
p A	Allow. devi	ation						±1	0%									
	hank ribs l		3,	75	4,2	25	4,	75	5,	50	6,	00	7,	00				
^I r A	^I r ¹ Allow. deviation				±0,75 ±1,00													
	Drive TX			1	0				0		20	25		0				
	Drive PZ		1 2 3								3							
Sc	rew length	ı ls	S	Standard thread length $ l_{gf} =$ Full thread $ l_{gp} =$ Partial thread Tolerance										:±2,0	2)			
Nominal length	min	max	$l_{\rm gf}$	l_{gp}	$l_{\rm gf}$	l_{gp}	$l_{\rm gf}$	l_{gp}	$l_{\rm gf}$	l_{gp}	$l_{\rm gf}$	l_{gp}	$l_{\rm gf}$	l _{gp}				
20	18,95	21,05	16		16		16		16									
25	23,75	26,25	21		21	18	20	18	20									
30	28,75	31,25	26	18	26	18	25	18	25	18	24							
35	33,50	36,50	31	24	31	24	30	24	30	24	29	24	28					
40	38,50	41,50		24	36	24	35	24	35	24	34	24	33	24				
45	43,50	46,50		30		30	40	30	40	30	39	30	38	30				
50	48,50	51,50				30	45	30	45	30	44	36	43	30				
55	53,50	56,50					50	36	50	36	49	36	48					
60	58,50	61,50						36		36		42	53	36				
70	68,50	71,50						42		42		50	63	42				
80	78,50	81,50						50		50		50	73	50				
90	88,25	91,75										60		60				
100	98,25	101,75										60		60				

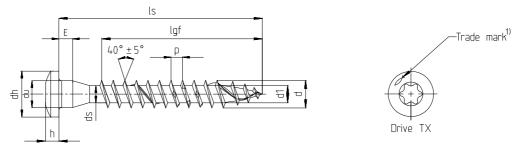
• Intermediate lengths at ls are possible

• Screws with partial thread > 50 mm length with shank ribs

• Threaded lengths between $4 \times d \le l_g \le l_{gmax}$ are possible

All sizes in mm

 $\begin{array}{l} ^{2)} \ 10mm \geq l_g \leq \! 18mm \triangleq \pm \! 1,\! 5mm \\ 18mm \geq l_g \leq \! 30mm \triangleq \pm \! 1,\! 7mm \end{array}$



Power-Fast self-drilling screw - Wood connector screw with full thread

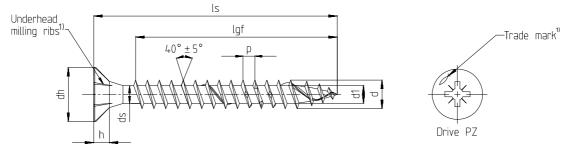
	arbon ossible		reatments:	yellow	or blue	zinc-p	lated, l	Bonus-2	zinced,	blue zi	nc-plate	ed ≥12ı	ım				
		al dian			,0		/		/		-						
1	Ou	iter diam	eter	5,00													
d	Al	low. dev	iation	-0,30													
	Co	ore diame	eter	3,	00												
d_1	d ₁ Allow. deviation			±0	,20												
	Underhead diameter				00												
du	d _u Allow. deviation				35												
	Head diameter				25												
$d_{\rm h}$	d _h Allow. deviation				,40												
		eight	lation		·												
Е		low. dev	iation	$2,50 \pm 0,30$													
h		ad heigh			, <u>50</u> 60												
11		read pitc			50												
р		low. dev						-									
					0%			-									
		Drive TX		20	25						-		1.1.00			2	
<u>эт</u> .		ew lengtł	ı l _s	Stand	dard th	read le	ength	$I_{gf} = F$	ull thr	ead I_g	_p =Par	tial thr	ead T	oleran	ce: ± 2	$2,0^{2}$	
Nomi leng		min	max	$l_{\rm gf}$	$l_{\rm gp}$												
20		18,95	21,05	14													
25		23,75	26,25	19													
30		28,75	31,25	24													
35 40		33,50	36,50	29 34													
40		38,50 43,50	41,50 46,50	34 39													
50		48,50	51,50	44													
55		53,50	56,50	49													
60		58,50	61,50	54			1		1				1		1		
70		68,50	71,50	64													
80		78,50	81,50	74											A 11 - :-		

All sizes in mm

• Intermediate lengths at ls are possible

• Threaded lengths between $4 \times d \le l_g \le l_{gmax}$ are possible

fischer Power-Fast and Construction Screws
Sizes and Material



1) optional

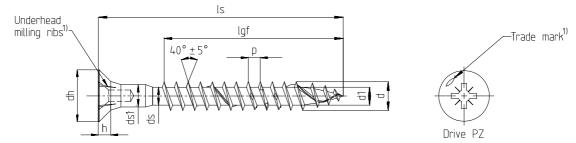
Power-Fast self-drilling screw - Small countersunk head with full thread

		n steel le surface t	reatments:	yellow	or blue	zinc-p	lated, b	olue zin	c-plated	l≥12μı	n						
No	omi	nal diam	neter	3,	,0	3	,5	4	,0								
d	0	uter diam	eter	3,0	00	3,	50	4,	00								
a	Α	llow. dev	iation			± 0	,30										
d_1	Core diameter			2,0	00	2,2	20	2,	50								
\mathbf{u}_1	Α	llow. dev	iation			-0,25 /	′ +0,10)									
dh	Η	ead diam	eter	5,0	00	6,	00	7,	00								
uh	Α	llow. dev	iation			-0,50 /	+0,10)									
h	Η	Head height			1,90		2,10		50								
	T	hread pitc	h	1,:	1,50		1,80		00								
р	Α	llow. dev	iation			±1	0%										
]	Drive PZ		1	l			2									
	Scr	ew length	n l _s	Stand	lard th	read le	ength	l _{gf} =F	ull thre	ad l _{gr}	, =Part	ial thro	ead T	oleran	ce: ± 2	$2,0^{2)}$	
Nomin lengt		min	max	$l_{\rm gf}$	l_{gp}	$l_{\rm gf}$	l _{gp}	$l_{\rm gf}$	l _{gp}								
20		18,95	21,05	16		16		16									
25		23,75	26,25	21		21		20									
30	_	28,75	31,25	26													

All sizes in mm

Intermediate lengths at ls are possible

• Threaded lengths between $4 \times d \le l_g \le l_{gmax}$ are possible



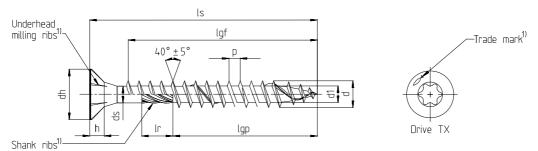
Power-Fast self-drilling screw - Countersunk headhole screw with full thread

		steel e surface ti	reatments:	blue zin	c-plate	d, blue	zinc-pl	lated >1	2um								
1		nal diam		4,			,5	1	,0	6,	0						
1	0	uter diame	eter	4,0	00	4,	50	5,	00	6,0	00						
d	A	llow. devi	ation				± 0	,30									
L	C	ore diame	ter	2,4	50	2,	70	3,	00	4,0	00						
d_1	A	llow. devi	ation		-0,25 /	+0,10			±0	,20							
d		ead diame		8,0	00	9,0	00	10	,00	12,	00						
d_h	A	llow. devi	ation				-0,50 /	/+0,10									
d _s	d Shank diameter				90	3,2		,	60	4,3	30						
us		llow. devi						/+0,10									
h		ead height		2,4		2,		,	00	3,8							
р		nread pitel		2,0	00	2,2	20	2,	50	3,00-	4,50						
Р		llow. devi				-		0%									
d _{s1}	d Shank diameter				70	3,	85	4,	50	4,2	20						
ca _{S1}		llow. devi	ation					,10									
ļ		Drive PZ				2				3							
		ew length	ı l _s	S	tanda	rd threa	ad leng	gth l _{gf}	= Full	$ _{gp} =$	Partia	l threa	d Tol	erance	: ± 2,0	2)	
Nomi leng		min	max	$l_{\rm gf}$	l _{gp}	$l_{\rm gf}$	l_{gp}	$l_{\rm gf}$	l _{gp}	$l_{\rm gf}$	l_{gp}						
25		23,75	26,25	17,5													
27		25,75	28,25	19,5													
30		28,75	31,25	22,5		19											
35		33,50	36,50	27,5		24											
40		38,50	41,50	32,5		29		29									
45		43,50	46,50	37,5		34		34									
50		48,50	51,50	42,5		39		39		41							
55		53,50	56,50	47,5		44		44		46							
60		58,50	61,50	50,0		49		49		51							
70		68,50	71,50			59		60		60							
80		78,50	81,50			59		60		60							
90		88,25	91,75			59		60		60							
100	100 98,25 101,75						60		60								

All sizes in mm

Intermediate lengths at l_s are possible Threaded lengths between $4{\times}d \leq l_g \leq l_{gmax}$ are possible

 $\label{eq:lg_sigma_lg} \begin{array}{l} ^{2)} 10mm \geq l_g \leq \! 18mm \triangleq \pm \! 1,\! 5mm \\ 18mm \geq l_g \leq 30mm \triangleq \pm \! 1,\! 7mm \end{array}$

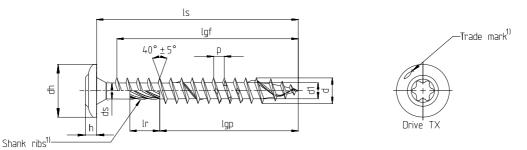


Power-Fast wood construction screw - Countersunk head with full- or partial thread

		steel e surface t	reatments:	vellow	or blue	zinc-pl	ated, b	lue zinc	-plated	>12un	n, bonu	s-zince	d	•			
		nal dian		1	,0		,0),0	12							
1	Oı	iter diame	ter	6,	00	8,	00	10	,00	12,	,00						
d	Al	low. devia	ation		± 0	,30		±0	,40	±0,	,50						
d.	Co	ore diamet	er	4,	00	5,40		6,40		7,0	50						
d_1	Al	low. devia	ation			±0,20				±0,30							
d_{h}	He	ead diamet	ter	12	,00	14,40		18,40		22,40							
uh	Al	low. devia	ation	-0,50 /+0,10			± 0	,40		$\pm 0,50$							
ds	Shank diameter			30	5,9	90		10	8,3	30							
_	Allow. deviation				/+0,10				,20								
h		ead height			80		10	6,		7,2	20						
n		read pitch		3,00-	-4,50	6,			7,	50							
Р	p Allow. deviation						±1										
lr ¹⁾		ank ribs le	-	8,	00			13	,00								
-		low. devia	ation		0	[-2,			_							
		Drive TX			0			0		5							
			1		Standa	ard thre	ead len	gth l	_{gf} =Ful	l threa	$d \mid l_{gp}$ =	Partia	l threa	d Tol	lerance	$e: \pm 2,0$	
Nomi leng		min	max	$l_{\rm gf}$	$l_{\rm gp}$	$l_{\rm gf}$	$l_{\rm gp}$	$l_{\rm gf}$	$l_{\rm gp}$	$l_{\rm gf}$	$l_{\rm gp}$						
60		58,50	61,50	50	36												
80		78,50	81,50	70	50	70	50		52								
90		88,25	91,75		60	80	50										
100		98,25	101,75		60	80	50		52		60						
120		118,25	121,75		70	100	75		80		80						
140		138,00	142,00		70		75		80		80						
160		158,00	162,00		70		75		80		80						
180		178,00 198,00	182,00		70		75		100		100						
200 220		218,00	202,00 222,00		70 70		100 100		100 100		100 100						
240		238,00	242,00		70		100		100		120						
260		258,00	242,00		70		100		100		120						
280		278,00	282,00		70		100		115		120						
300		298,00	302,00		70		100		115		120						
320		317,00	323,00				100		115								
330		327,00	333,00						115						Ì		
340		337,00	343,00				100		115								
350		347,00	353,00								145						
360		357,00	363,00				100		115								
380		377,00	383,00				100		115								
400		397,00	403,00														
450/5		ls -3,00	$l_{s}+3,00$				100		115		145						
550/6	550/600 ls -3,00 ls +3,00									145							

All sizes in mm

Intermediate lengths at l_s are possible Threaded lengths between $4 \times d \leq l_g \leq l_{gmax}$ are possible



Power-Fast wood construction screw - Flange head with full- or partial thread

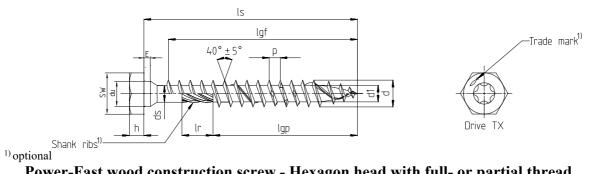
	on steel ible surface t	reatments.	vellow	or blue	zinc-n	lated b	lue zin	c-nlate	d >12u	m hom	us-zince	d				
	ninal dian			<u>,0</u>		,0	10,0		12,0		us-zinee	u	1			
(Duter diame			00		00		,00		,00						
	Allow. devia				,30			,40		,50						
(Core diameter		4,	00		40		40		60						
d_1	Allow. devia	ition			±0,20		· · · ·		±0	,30						
I I	Iead diamet	er	13	,70	21	,00	24	,70	27	,90						
d_h	Allow. devia	ition	-0,70/	+1,30	±1	,00	-1,20/	-1,20/+2,80		+2,60						
	Shank diame		4,30		5,	90	7,	10		30						
us A	Allow. devia	ition	-0,30/	+0,10		±0	,20			,30						
	Head height			3,	50		5,	5,60		6,70						
Ā	Allow. deviation				,00				,50							
	Thread pitch		3,00	-4,50	6,	00		7,	50							
F	Allow. devia				r	±1	0%									
	Shank rib lei		8,	00				,00								
-1 A	Allow. devia	ition		-	1		,00									
	Drive TX			0			0			50						
	crew length	ls	Stand	lard th	read lei	ngth l	_{gf} =Ful	l threa	d l _{gp} =	Partial	thread	Tole	rance:	$\pm 2,0$	1	
Nominal length	min	max	$l_{\rm gf}$	$l_{\rm gp}$	$l_{\rm gf}$	$l_{\rm gp}$	$l_{\rm gf}$	$l_{\rm gp}$	$l_{\rm gf}$	lgp						
60	58,50	61,50	50	36												
80	78,50	81,50	70	50	70	50		52								
90	88,25	91,75		60	80	50										
100	98,25	101,75		60	80	50		52		60						
120	118,25	121,75		70	100	75		80		80						
140	138,00	142,00		70		75		80		80						
160	158,00	162,00		70		75		80		80						
180	178,00	182,00		70		75		100		100						
200	198,00	202,00		70		100		100		100						
220	218,00	222,00		70		100		100		100						
240	238,00	242,00		70		100		100		100						
260	258,00	262,00		70		100		100		100						
280 300	278,00 298,00	282,00 302,00		70 70		100 100		115 115		120 120						
300	<u>298,00</u> 317,00	302,00		70		100	<u> </u>	115		120						
330	317,00	333,00				100		115								
330	337,00	343,00				100		115								
340	347,00	343,00				100		115		145						
	steps of 101									175						
360-500	· ·	$l_{s}+3,00$				100		115					<u> </u>			
	steps of 501					100		110								
	50-600 ls -3,00 ls +3,00									145				1		
	$50-600$ $I_s - 3,00$ $I_s + 3,00$						I	L	L	112			1	A 11 ·	1	1

All sizes in mm

Intermediate lengths at l_s are possible

 $\bullet \qquad \mbox{Threaded lengths between } 4{\times}d \leq l_g \leq l_{gmax} \mbox{ are possible}$

Sizes and Material



Power-Fast wood construction screw - Hexagon head with full- or partial thread

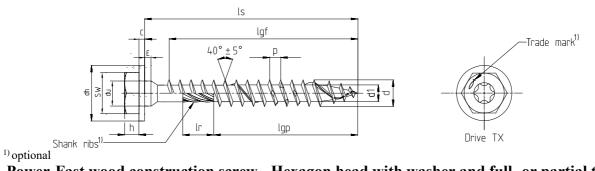
	on steel						9						1 (111			
 Possi 	ble surface	treatments:	yellow	or blue	zinc-p	lated, b	lue zin	c-plated	d≥12µı	m, bon	us-zince	d	•			
Nom	inal dian	neter		,0		,0		10,0		2,0						
d (Outer diam	eter	6,	00	8,	00	10	,00	12	,00						
1	Allow. devi			± 0				,40		,50						
<i>d</i> .	Core diame		4,	00		40	6,40			60						
1	Allow. devi					,20	1			,30						
du.	Underhead		6,	25	8,	25		,30		,40						
1	Allow. devi				80			,90		,00						
	Wrench size		9,	90	12	,80		,80	16,80							
1	Allow. devi	ation	-	0.0	2		,30	20	3,30							
	Height		2,	00	2,	10		30	3,	30						
	Allow. devi		4	20	5		,50	10	0	20						
	ds Shank diameter Allow. deviation			30 +0,10	э,	90		10 ,20	٥,	30						
	Allow. deviation Head height			$\frac{10,10}{00}$	1	50		,20 20	5	70						
	Allow. deviation		+, ±0			,40	5,		,50	/0						
	Thread pite			. <u></u>		, 10 00			<u>,50</u> 50						-	
	Allow. devi		5,00	1,50	0,		0%	/,	50							
	Shank rib le			8.	00	<u> </u>	070	13	,00							
	Allow. devi				00	-2.	00	10	,00							
	Drive TX		3	0			0		5	0						
S	crew length	ı ls	Stand	lard th	ead lei	ngth l _i	_{gf} = Ful	l threa	d 1 _{gp} =	Partial	thread	Tole	rance:	$\pm 2,0^{2)}$		
Nominal		min														
length	min	max	l _{gf}	l _{gp}	$l_{\rm gf}$	l _{gp}	l_{gf}	l _{gp}	l_{gf}	l _{gp}						
60	58,5	61,5	50	30												
80	78,5	81,5	70	50	70	50		52								
90	88,25	91,75		60	80	50										
100	98,25	101,75		60	80	50		52		60						
120	118,25	121,75		70	100	75		80		80						
140/160	ls -2,00	$l_{s}+2,00$		70		75		80		80					ļ	
180	178,00	182,00		70		75		100		100						
200/220	$l_{\rm s} = -2,00$	$l_{s}+2,00$		70		100		100		100						
240/260	$l_{\rm s} = -2,00$	$l_{s}+2,00$		70 70		100		100 115		120 120						1
280/300 320	ls -2,00 317,00	$\frac{l_s+2,00}{323,00}$		/0		100 100		115		120						1
320	317,00	323,00				100		115								<u> </u>
340	337,00	343,00				100		115								
340	347,00	343,00				100		115		145					+	
360/380		$l_{\rm s}$ +3,00				100		115		175						<u> </u>
	teps of 50n					100		115							+	
400-500		$l_{s}+3,00$				100		115		145					1	1
	$l_{\rm s} = 3,00$					100				145					1	1
220.000				1		1		1	1					A 11 ·		·,

All sizes in mm

Intermediate lengths at $l_{\rm s}$ are possible

Threaded lengths between $4{\times}d{\,\leq\,}l_g{\,\leq\,}l_{gmax}$ are possible .

 $^{2)}$ 18mm \geq l_g \leq 30mm \triangleq $\pm1,7mm$



Power-Fast wood construction screw - Hexagon head with washer and full- or partial thread

No	minal dia	meter	6	,0	8	,0	10),0	12	2,0					
d –	Outer diam	neter	6,	00	8,	00	10	,00	12	,00					
a	Allow. dev	iation		±0	,30			,40		,50					
d ₁	Core diam		4,	00		40	6,	40	60				\vdash		
G 1	Allow. dev					,20				,30				<u> </u>	
dh	Head diam		15	,00		,00	21	,50		,40				 	
	Allow. dev Underhead		6	<u>1,</u> 25	20	25	10	<u>1,</u> ,30		,40					
du	Allow. dev		0,		<u>80</u>	23		, <u>50</u> ,90		,40 ,00				+	
	Wrench siz		9	-0. 90		,80		,90 ,80		,00 ,80					
SW Allow. deviat),	70	12	/	,30	,00	10	,00				+	
c Washer height			1,80			00		20	2.	50					
Height		8		00		10		30		30					
E Allow. deviation						±0	,50								
Shank diameter			4,	30	5,	90	7,	10	8,	30					
d _s Allow. deviation			1	/+0,10				,20							
h Head height				00		50	5,	20		70				\vdash	
	Allow. dev			,30		,40		±0						<u> </u>	
p –	Thread pite		3,00	-4,50	6,	00		7,	50						
1	Allow. dev			0	0.0	±I	0%	10	0.0						
l _r ¹⁾	Shank rib			8,	00	2	00	13	,00					+	
	Allow. dev Drive T2		3	0			.00 0		5	0				+	
	Screw leng				ad leng		-	ead 1		al thread	Toler	ance: +	$2 0^{2}$		
Vomin	al		Stand		au iong	ui igi	i un un	cau 1g	1 41 11	ai tineac			2,0		Т
lengt	min	max	l_{gf}	l _{gp}	l_{gf}	l_{gp}	l_{gf}	l_{gp}	l_{gf}	l _{gp}					
60	58,50	61,50	50	30											1
80	78,50	81,50	70	50	70	50		52							
90	88,25	91,75		60	80	50									
100	98,25	101,75		60	80	50		52		60					
120	118,25	121,75		70	100	75		80		80				\vdash	\bot
40/16		$l_{s}+2,00$		70		75		80		80			ļ	──	\vdash
180	178,00	182,00		70		75		100		100				 ┿	+
$\frac{00}{22}$				70		100		100		100 120				+	+
240/26 280/30		$\frac{1_{s}+2,00}{1_{s}+2,00}$		70 70		100 100		100 115		120				┼──	+
320	$\frac{10}{317,00}$			70		100		115		120				+	+
330	317,00					100		115						+	+
340	337,00					100		115						1	+
350	/	,								145				1	\uparrow
60/38		/		1		100		115		_			1	1	\uparrow
	n steps of 50														L
00-50		$l_s + 3,00$				100		115		145					
	$0 l_{\rm s} = -3,00$	$l_{s}+3,00$								145					

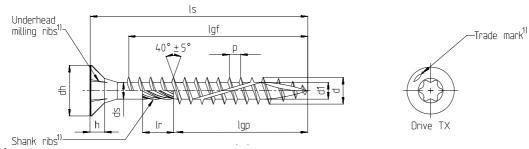
Intermediate lengths at $l_{\rm s}$ are possible

Threaded lengths between $4{\times}d \leq l_g \leq l_{gmax}$ are possible

 $^{2)}~18mm \geq l_g \leq 30mm \triangleq \pm 1,7mm$

fischer Power-Fast and Construction Screws

Sizes and Material



FCS wood construction screw - Countersunk head with full- or partial thread

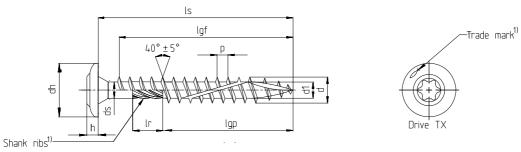
	arbon st ossible s		treatments:	yellow	or blue	zinc-p	lated, ł	olue zin	c-plate	d ≥12µ	m, bon	us-zinc	ed									
1		l diam			,0),0															
d	Oute	r diame	eter	8,	00	10	,00															
a	Allow	w. devi	ation	±0.	,30	±0	,40															
d_1		diamet		5,4	40		35															
\mathbf{u}_1	Allow	w. devi	ation		-0,30/	+0,20																
$d_{\rm h}$	Head	l diame	ter	14	,40	18	,40															
\mathbf{u}_{h}	Allow	w. devi	ation		± 0	,40																
ds	Shan	k diam	eter	5,	90	7,	10															
us	Allow	w. devi	ation		-0,30/	+0,10																
h		l height		6,00-	-7,00	7,50	-8,50															
n		ad pitcl		5,2	20	5,	60															
р	Allov	w. devi	ation		±1	0%																
l_{r}^{1}		k rib le				3,0																
1r		w. devi				,00																
	Dri	ive TX			4	0																
	Screw	/ length	n l _s	Stand	lard th	read le	ength	$l_{gf} = Fu$	ull thre	ead lg	p =Part	tial thr	ead T	oleran	$\operatorname{ice}:\pm 2$	2,0						
Nomir lengt		min	max	$l_{\rm gf}$	$l_{\rm gp}$	$l_{\rm gf}$	l_{gp}															
80	7	'8,50	81,50	70	50		52															
90	8	8,25	91,75	80	50		52															
100	100 98,25 101,75				50		52															
110	110 108,25 111,75				75		80															
120		18,25	121,75		75		80															
		s of 101																				
130-4	00 l _s	-2,00	$l_s + 2,00$		75		80															

All sizes in mm

Intermediate lengths at ls are possible

• Threaded lengths between $4 \times d \le l_g \le l_{gmax}$ are possible

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¹⁾optional

.

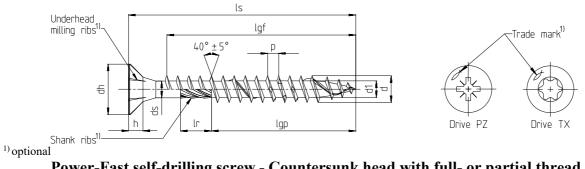
FCS wood construction screw - Flange head with partial thread

			treatments:	ŕ					e-plate	u <u>~</u> 12	4111	1		1		1	
No	minal				,0	10),0										
d	Outer of	diame	eter		00		,00										
u	Allow.				+0,30		,40										
dı	Core d			5,4	40	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	35										
u	Allow.	. devi	ation			,30											
d _h	Head d			21	,00		,70										
un	Allow. deviation Shank diameter			±1,	,00	-1,20/+2,80											
ds –				5,	90	,	10										
5	Allow.					+0,20											
h Head height				-	-4,50		-5,70									<u> </u>	
p –	Thread pitch			5,	20		60									<u> </u>	
Р		Allow. deviation				0%										<u> </u>	
l_{r}^{1}	Shank					,00										<u> </u>	
*1	Allow.		ation			,00										<u> </u>	
	Driv	e TX			4	0											
	Screw 1	length	ı l _s	Stand	lard th	read le	ength	$l_{gf} = F$	ull thre	ad 1	_{gp} =Par	tial thr	ead T	oleran	$ce: \pm 2$.,0	
Nomin lengt	m	nin	max	$l_{\rm gf}$	$l_{\rm gp}$	$l_{\rm gf}$	l _{gp}										
80		,50	81,50	70	50		52										
90		,25	91,75	80	50		52										
100		,25	101,75	80	50		52										
110	108	3,25	111,75	100	75		80										
120	118	3,25	121,75		75		80										
i	n steps j	pf 10	mm														
130-40			$l_{s}+2,00$		75		80										

Intermediate lengths at ls are possible

• Threaded lengths between $4 \times d \le l_g \le l_{gmax}$ are possible

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Power-Fast self-drilling screw - Countersunk head with full- or partial thread

 Stai 	nless steel			<u>.</u>								•				
Non	ninal diam	neter	3	,0	3	,5	4	,0	4	,5	5	,0	6,0			
	Outer diame	eter	3,	00	3,	50	4,	00	4,	50	5,	00	6,	00		
d	Allow. devi	ation						± 0	,30							
	Core diamet		2,	00		20		50	2,	70	3,	00		00		
	Allow. devi					,	+0,10		-	-			,20			
d	Head diame		6,	00	7,	00	8,			00	10	,00	12	,00		
	Allow. devi				-				(+0,10		-					
	Shank diam		2,	25	2,	60	2,			25	3,	60	4,	30		
	Allow. devi				-			,	+0,10		-					
	Head height		,	90	,	10	2,			70		00	,	80		
	Thread pitcl		1,	50	1,	80	2,	00		20	2,	50	3,00	-4,50		
	Allow. devi								0%				r			
	Shank rib le		3,	75	,	25	4,	75	5,	50	· · · · · ·	00	7,	00		
IT A	Allow. devi				± 0	,75						,00	r			
	Drive TX				0				0		20	25		0		
	Drive PZ]	1	_				2					3	_	
	Screw length	n ls	Stand	dard th	read le	ngth	$l_{gf} = Ft$	ull- thi	ead l	_{gp} =Par	tial th	read]	Folerar	nce: ± 1	$2,0^{2}$	
Nomina	min	max	l_{gf}	l_{gp}	l_{gf}	l_{gp}	l_{gf}	lgp	l_{gf}	lgp	l_{gf}	l _{gp}	l_{gf}	l_{gp}		
length			Ū	rgp	Ũ	rgp	č	rgp	Ũ	rgp	igi	rgp	rgi	rgp		
20	18,95	21,05	16		16		16		16							
25	23,75	26,25	21		21	18	20	18	20							
30	28,75	31,25	26	18	26	18	25	18	25	18	24					
35	33,50	36,50	31	24	31	24	30	24	30	24	29	24	28			
40	38,50	41,50	36	24	36	24	35	24	35	24	34	24	33	24		
45	43,50	46,50	41	30	41	30	40	30	40	30	39	30	38	30		
50	48,50	51,50			46	30	45	30	45	30	44	30	43	30		
55	53,50	56,50					50	36	50	36	49	36	48	26		
60	58,50	61,50						36 42		36 42		36 42	53 63	36 42		
70 80	68,50	71,50						42 50		42 50		42 50	63 73	42 50		$\left - \right $
<u>80</u> 90	78,50 88,25	81,50 91,75						50		50		50 60	13	60		$\left \right $
90 100	98,25	101,75										60		60		
110	98,23	101,75										70		70		+
110	118,25	121,75										70		70		
	steps of 10											/0		/0		
														70		+
130-300	30-300 $l_s - 2,00$ $l_s + 2,00$													70		

All sizes in mm

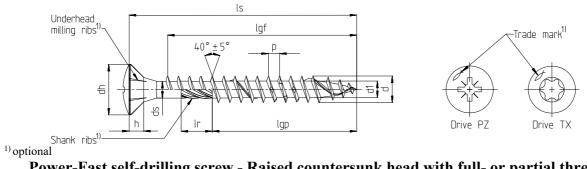
Intermediate lengths at $l_{\rm s}$ are possible

Screws with partial thread > 50 mm length with shank ribs

• Threaded lengths between $4{\times}d{\,\leq\,}l_g{\,\leq\,}l_{gmax}$ are possible $^{2)}~10mm \geq l_g \leq \!\! 18mm \triangleq \pm 1{,}5mm$ $18mm \geq l_g \leq 30mm \triangleq \pm 1,7mm$

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Sizes and Material

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Power-Fast self-drilling screw - Raised countersunk head with full- or partial thread

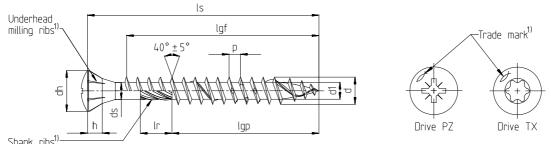
 Stair 	nless steel															
Non	ninal dian	neter	3	,0	3	,5	4	,0	4	,5	5	,0	6	,0		
1 (Outer diam	eter	3,00		3,50		4,	4,00		50	5,	00	6,00			
d	Allow. devi						± 0	,30								
, (Core diame	ter	2,	2,00 2,20			2,	50	2,	70	3,	00	4,	00		
d_1	Allow. devi	ation		-0,25 / +0,10 ±0,20												
. 1	Head diame	eter	6,	6,00 7,00 8,00 9,00 10,00 12,00									,00,			
dh	Allow. devi	ation						-0,50	/+0,10		1	-		-		
	Shank diam	eter	2,	25	2,	60	2,	90		25	3.	60	4.	30		
d _s	Allow. devi	ation	,				,	-0,30 /	,				,			
h	Head heigh	t	1.	90	2,	10	2,	50	2,	70	3.	00	3.	80		
	Thread pitch			50	,	80	2,00 2,20				50		-4,50			
n —	Allow. devi		, ,	±10%												
	Shank ribs I		3,75 4,25		25	4.	75	5.	50	6,00		7,00				
1)	Allow. devi	-	,		,	,75			,			,00	,			
	Drive TX			1	0	,		2	0		20	25	3	0		
	Drive PZ											3				
S	crew lengtl			Standard thread length $ l_{gf} =$ Full thread $ l_{gp} =$ Partial thread Tolerance: ± 2 ,										$0^{2)}$		
Nomina	1														,0	1
length		max	$l_{\rm gf}$	l_{gp}	$l_{\rm gf}$	l _{gp}										
20	18,95	21,05	16		16		16		16							
25	23,75	26,25	21		21	18	21	18	20							
30	28,75	31,25	26	18	26	18	26	18	25	18	24		•			
35	33,50	36,50	31	24	31	24	31	24	30	24	29	24	28			<u> </u>
40	38,50	41,50		24	36	24	36	24	35	24	34	24	33			
45	43,50	46,50		30		30	41	30	40	30	39	30	38			\vdash
50	48,50	51,50				30	46	30	45	30	44	30	43			-
55	53,50	56,50	<u> </u>					36		36		36	52			+
60	58,50	61,50						36		36		36	53			_
70	68,50	71,50						42		42		42	63			\vdash
80	78,50	81,50						50		50		50	73	All size		

Intermediate lengths at ls are possible

Screws with partial thread > 50 mm length with shank ribs Threaded lengths between $4 \times d \le l_g \le l_{gmax}$ are possible .

 $\label{eq:lsmm} \begin{array}{l} ^{2)} 10mm \geq l_g \leq \! 18mm \triangleq \pm \! 1,\! 5mm \\ 18mm \geq l_g \leq \! 30mm \triangleq \pm \! 1,\! 7mm \end{array}$

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Shank ribs^{1)_} ¹⁾ optional

Power-Fast self-drilling screw – Facade screw with full- or partial thread

• Sta	inless steel	r ast sen														
No	minal dian	neter	4	,0	4	,5	5	,0								
	Outer diam	eter	4,	00	4,	50	5,	00								
d –	Allow. devi	iation			± 0	,30										
	Core diame	ter	2,	50	2,	70	3,	00								
d_1	Allow. devi	iation		-0,25 /			±0	,20								
	Head diame	eter	6,	90	6,90		7,	80								
d _h	Allow. devi	iation			±0	,50										
	Shank diam	neter	2,	90	3,	25	3,	60								
d _s	Allow. deviation					+0,10)									
h				50	2.	70	3.	00								
	Thread pitch			00		20		50								
р	Allow. deviation			±1												
. 1)	Shank ribs length		4,	75		50	6,	00								
$l_r^{(1)}$	Allow. deviation		±0	,75		±1	,00									
	Drive TX			-	0		20	25								
	Drive PZ					2										
	Screw lengtl	ı l _s	Stan	dard th	read le	ngth	l _{gf} =Fu	ull thre	ad lgr	=Part	ial thre	ad T	olerand	ce: ± 2,	$0^{2)}$	
Nomin																
lengtl	n	max	l _{gf}	l _{gp}	l _{gf}	l _{gp}	l _{gf}	l _{gp}								
20	18,95	21,05	16	10	16											
25	23,75	26,25	21	18	20											
30	28,75	31,25	26	18	25	18	24									
35	33,50	36,50	31	24	30	24	29	24								
40	38,50	41,50	36	24	35	24	34	24								
45	43,50	46,50	41	30	40	30	39	30								
50	48,50	51,50	46	30	45	30	44	30								
55	53,50	56,50		36		36		36								
60	58,50	61,50		36		36		36								
70	68,50	71,50		42		42		42								
80	78,50	81,50		50		50		50								
90	88,25	91,75						60								
100	98,25	101,75						60								
110	108,25	111,75						70								
120	118,25	121,75						70								

All sizes in mm

Intermediate lengths at ls are possible

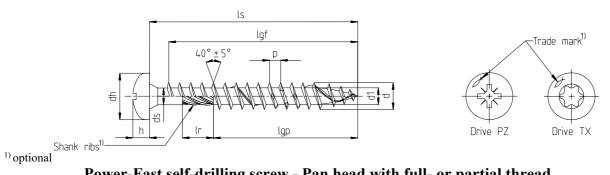
• Screws with partial thread > 50 mm length with shank ribs

 $\bullet \qquad \text{Threaded lengths between } 4{\times}d \leq l_g \leq l_{gmax} \text{ are possible}$

 $\label{eq:lg_sigma_lg} \begin{array}{l} ^{2)} 10mm \geq l_g \leq \! 18mm \triangleq \pm \! 1,\! 5mm \\ 18mm \geq l_g \leq 30mm \triangleq \pm \! 1,\! 7mm \end{array}$

fischer Power-Fast and Construction Screws

Sizes and Material



Power-Fast self-drilling screw - Pan head with full- or partial thread

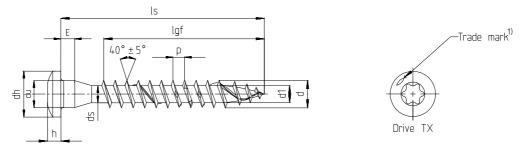
 Stain 	less steel															
Non	ninal diam	neter	3	,0	3	,5	4	,0	4	,5	5	,0	6	,0		
1 (Duter diame	eter	3,	00	3,	50	4,00		4,	50	5,	00	6,	00		
d A	Allow. devi	ation						± 0	,30							
d	Core diamet		2,	00	,	20	2,50 2,70			70	3,	00	4,	00		
u_1	Allow. devi	ation		-0,25 / +0,10 ±0,20												
d _h H	Head diame	ter	6,	00	7,	00	8,	00	9,	00	10	,00	12	,00		
u _h	Allow. devi	ation						-0,50 /	+0,10							
4 5	d _s Shank diameter			25	2,	60	2,	90	3,	25	3,	60	4,	30		
u _s	Allow. devi						-0,30 /	+0,10								
h H	h Head height			30	2,	50	2,	90	3,	10	3,	40	3,	80		
7	Thread pitch			50	1,	80	2,	00	2,	20	2,	50	3,00	-4,50		
p A	Allow. devi	ation						±1	0%							
$l_r^{1)}$ S	Shank ribs length		3,75		4,25		4,	75	5,	50	6,00		7,00			
Ir'' A	Ir ¹ Allow. deviation				±0	,75					±1	,00				
	Drive TX				0			2	0		20	25	3	0		
	Drive PZ		1	1 2 3							3					
S	crew length	n l _s	Standard thread length l_{gf} = Full thread l_{gp} =Partial thread Tolerance: ± 2,										,0 ²⁾			
Nominal length	min	max	$l_{\rm gf}$	l _{gp}	$l_{\rm gf}$	l_{gp}	$l_{\rm gf}$	l_{gp}	$l_{\rm gf}$	l _{gp}	$l_{\rm gf}$	l _{gp}	$l_{\rm gf}$	l _{gp}		
20	18,95	21,05	16		16		16									
25	23,75	26,25	21		21	18	20	18	20							
30	28,75	31,25	26	18	26	18	25	18	25	18	24					
35	33,50	36,50	31	24	31	24	30	24	30	24	29	24	28			
40	38,50	41,50		24	36	24	35	24	35	24	34	24	33	24		
45	43,50	46,50		30		30	40	30	40	30	39	30	38	30		
50	48,50	51,50				30	45	30	45	30	44	36	43	30		
55 60	53,50	56,50					50	36 36	50	36 36	49	36 42	48 53	36		
<u> </u>	58,50 68,50	61,50 71,50						<u> </u>		42		42 50	63	42		
80	78,50	81,50						42 50		42 50		50	73	42 50		
90	88,25	91,75						50		50		60	15	60		+
100	98,25	101,75										60		60		
100	100 98,25 101,75											00	I	A 11 ·		4

All sizes in mm

Intermediate lengths at l_s are possible

- Screws with partial thread > 50 mm length with shank ribs
- Threaded lengths between $4{\times}d{\,\leq\,}l_g{\,\leq\,}l_{gmax}$ are possible

fischer Power-Fast and Construction Screws
Sizes and Material



Power-Fast self-drilling screw - Wood connector screw with full thread

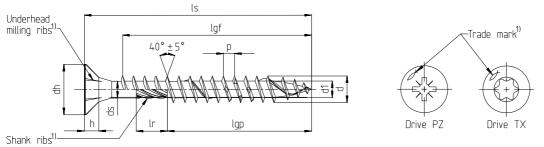
 St 	ainless steel															
N	ominal diar	neter	5	,0												
d	Outer diam	eter	5,	00												
a	Allow. dev	iation	-0,	30												
4	Core diame	eter	3,	3,00												
d_1	Allow. dev	iation	± 0	±0,20												
d_{u}	Underhead	diameter	5,	5,00												
uu	Allow. deviation			35												
dı	d _h Head diameter			25												
un	Allow. dev	iation		,40												
Е	Height			50												
	Allow. dev			,30												
h	Head height			60												
р	Thread pitch			50												
Р	Allow. dev			0%												
	Drive TX		20	25												
	Screw lengt	h l _s	Stand	lard th	read le	ength	$l_{gf} = F$	ull thre	ead l_{g}	_p =Part	ial thr	ead T	oleran	$ce: \pm 2$	$2,0^{2)}$	
Nomir	nal min	max	l_{gf}	1												
leng	th		Ũ	l _{gp}												
20	18,95	21,05	14													
25	23,75	26,25	19													
30		31,25	24													
35		36,50	29													
40	38,50	41,50	34													
45	43,50	46,50	39													
50		51,50	44													
55	53,50	56,50	49													
60	58,50	61,50	54													
70		71,50	64													
80	78,50	81,50	74											A 11 - :-		

Intermediate lengths at l_s are possible Threaded lengths between $4{\times}d \leq l_g \leq l_{gmax}$ are possible .

All sizes in mm

fischer Power-Fast and Construction Screws Sizes and Material

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¹⁾ optional

Power-Fast wood construction screw - Countersunk head with full- or partial thread

 Stainl 	ess steel															
Nomi	nal diam	leter	6	,0	8	,0										
, C	Outer diam	eter	6,	00	8,	00										
	llow. dev			± 0	,30											
d.	Core diame		4,	00	5,	5,40										
· A	llow. dev				,20	20										
	Iead diam			,00		,40										
P	Allow. dev		,	/+0,10		,40										
	hank dian			4,30		90										
- A	Allow. deviation			/+0,10		,20										
	Iead heigł		,	80	,	10										
	Thread pitch			4,50		00										
P_{i}	p Allow. deviation				0%											
	Shank rib length			00		,00										
· A	Allow. deviation			,00		-2,00										
	Drive TX			30	4	0										
	Drive PZ			3		-										
Sc	rew lengtl	ı ls	Stan	Standard thread length $l_{gf} = Full$ thread l_{gp} =Partial thread Tolerance: :								$ce: \pm 2$,0			
Nominal			1	1	1	1										
length	min	max	$l_{\rm gf}$	l _{gp}	$l_{\rm gf}$	l _{gp}										
60	58,50	61,50	50	36												
80	78,50	81,50	70	50	70	50										
90	88,25	91,75		60	80	50										
100	98,25	101,75		60	80	50										
120	118,25	121,75		70	100	75										
140	138,00	142,00		70		75										
160	158,00	162,00		70		75										
	180 178,00 182,00			70		75										
	in steps of 20mm															
	200-300 $l_s - 2,00$ $l_s + 2,00$			70		100										
	teps of 201															
320-500	l _s -3,00	l_{s} +3,00				100								A 11 ·		

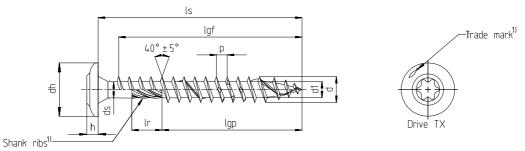
All sizes in mm

Intermediate lengths at ls are possible

Screws with partial thread > 50 mm length with shank ribs

 $\bullet \qquad \text{Threaded lengths between } 4{\times}d \leq l_g \leq l_{gmax} \text{ are possible}$

fischer Power-Fast and Construction Screws Sizes and Material



Power-Fast wood construction screw - Flange head with full- or partial thread

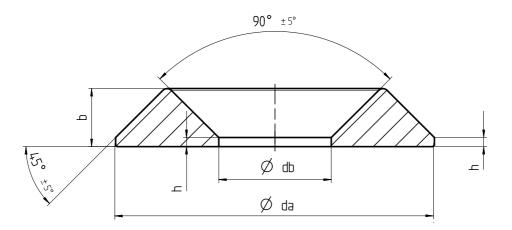
Stainless steel																
Noi	ninal dia	meter	6	,0	8	,0										
1	Outer diam	eter	6,	00	8,	00										
d	Allow. dev	iation		± 0	,30											
	Core diame	eter	4,	00	5,4	40										
d ₁	Allow. dev	iation		-0,30/	+0,20											
	Head diam			,70	21	,00										
u _h	Allow. dev	iation	-0,70/	+1,30	±1,	,00										
	Shank dian		4,	4,30 5,90												
	Allow. dev			-0,30/+0,10												
	Head heigh			3,50												
	ⁿ Allow. deviation			±1,00												
n	Thread pitch		3,00	-4,50												
-	Allow. deviation			±1												
1 1 /	Shank rib length		8,	00		,00										
1 <u>r</u>	Allow. dev				00											
	Drive TX		3	-	4	•										
S	crew lengtl	ı ls	Stand	dard th	read le	ngth	$l_{gf} = Ft$	all thre	ead $ l_g$	_p =Part	ial thre	ead T	oleran	$ce: \pm 2$.,0	
Nominal	min	max	l_{gf}	l_{gp}	l_{gf}	lgp										
length			č		Igf	Igp										
60	58,50	61,50	50	36												
80	78,50	81,50	70	50	70	50										
90	88,25	91,75		60	80	50										
100	98,25	101,75		60	80	50										
120	118,25	121,75		70	100	75										
140	138,00	142,00		70		75										
160	158,00	162,00		70		75									<u> </u>	
180	, , ,			70		75									<u> </u>	
	in steps of 20mm					4.6.5									<u> </u>	
	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $			70		100										
	in steps of 20mm					100										
$320-500$ $1_s - 3,00$ $1_s + 3,00$						100										

All sizes in mm

• Intermediate lengths at ls are possible

• Threaded lengths between $4 \times d \le l_g \le l_{gmax}$ are possible

fischer Power-Fast and Construction Screws Sizes and Material



Washer for Power-Fast and construction screws

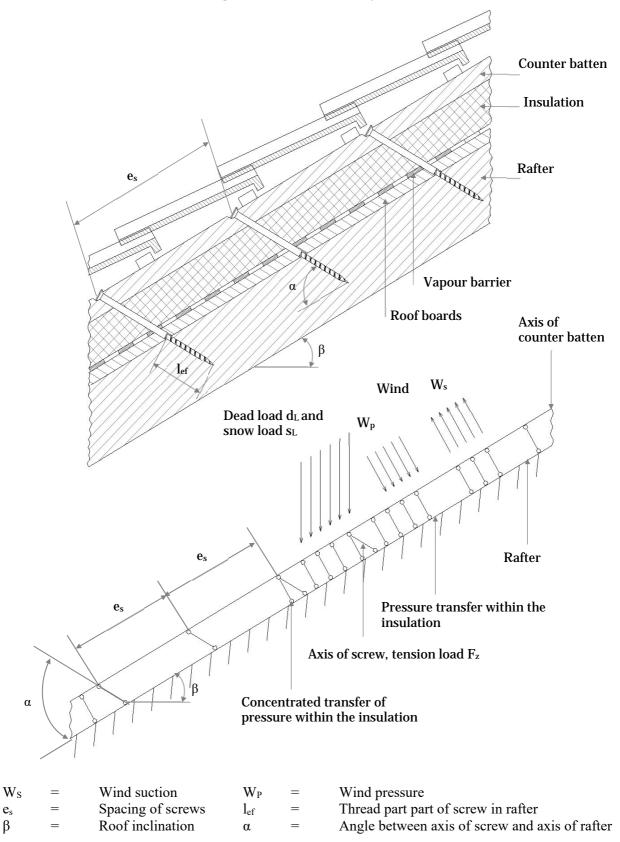
	arbon Steel - possible su tainless steel	rface treatme	nts: yellow o	r blue zinc-pl	ated, bonus-	zinced , $\geq 12\mu$	m blue zinc-pl	ated
N	ominal diameter		Ty	pe 1			Type 2	
	Size	6	8	10	12	6	8	10
<u>م</u> الہ	Inner diameter	6,70	8,70	11,20	6,70	6,70	8,70	11,20
db	Allow. deviation				-0,40			
da	Outer diameter	21	30	35	43	21	25,50	30,50
da	Allow. deviation				±2,0			
b	Height	4,70	5,20	6,20	8,30	4,70	5,20	6,20
D	Allow. deviation				-0,40			
h	Height	1,50	1,80	2,00	2,20	1,50	1,80	2,00
11	Allow. deviation				-0,15			

All sizes in mm

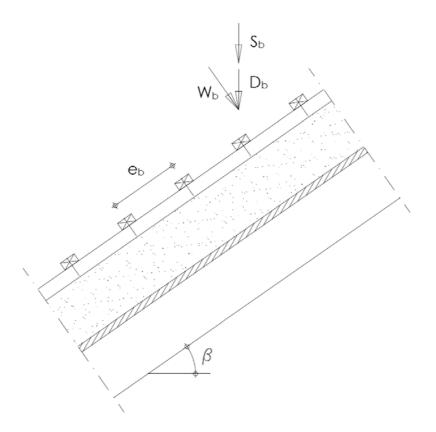
fischer Power-Fast and Construction Screws

Accessories

Fixing of on-roof insulation system



Fixing of on-roof insulation system Point loads F_b perpendicular to the battens

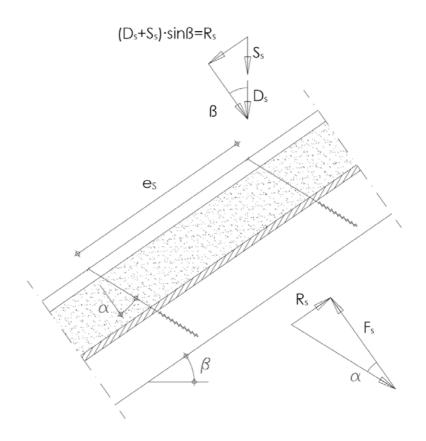


$$\begin{split} D_b &= d \cdot e_b \cdot e_r \\ S_b &= s \cdot e_b \cdot e_r \cdot \cos \beta \\ W_b &= w_p \cdot e_b \cdot e_r \\ F_b &= W_b + (D_b + S_b) \cdot \cos \beta \end{split}$$

where

$$\begin{split} D_b &= \text{point load by dead load} \\ S_b &= \text{point load by snow load} \\ W_b &= \text{point load perpendicular to the batten by wind load (pressure)} \\ e_b &= \text{distance of the battens} \\ e_r &= \text{distance of the rafters} \\ s &= \text{snow load per m}^2 \text{ ground area} \\ w_p &= \text{wind pressure on the roof area} \\ d &= \text{dead load per m}^2 \text{ roof area} \\ \beta &= \text{roof angle} \end{split}$$

Point loads F_s perpendicular to the battens by screws



$$\begin{split} D_s &= d \cdot e_s \cdot e_r \\ S_s &= s \cdot e_s \cdot e_r \cdot \cos\beta \\ R_s &= (D_s + S_s) \cdot \sin\beta \\ F_s &= R_s / \tan\alpha \end{split}$$

where

 $D_s = point load by dead load$

 $S_s = point load by snow load$

 R_s = shear load of the roof by dead load and snow load

 $e_s = distance$ of the screws

 e_r = distance of the rafters

 α = angle between screw axis and perpendicular to rafter axis

Design of the battens

The bending stresses are calculated as:

$$\mathsf{M} = \frac{(\mathsf{F}_{\mathsf{b}} + \mathsf{F}_{\mathsf{s}}) \cdot \ell_{\mathsf{char}}}{4}$$

Where

$$\ell_{char} = characteristic length \ \ell_{char} = 4 \frac{4 \cdot EI}{W_{ef} \cdot K}$$

EI = bending stiffness of the batten

K = coefficient of subgrade

 w_{ef} = effective width of the heat insulation

 F_b = Point loads perpendicular to the battens

 F_s = Point loads perpendicular to the battens, load application in the area of the screw heads

The coefficient of subgrade K may be calculated from the modulus of elasticity E_{HI} and the thickness t_{HI} of the heat insulation if the effective width w_{ef} of the heat insulation under compression is known. Due to the load extension in the heat insulation the effective width w_{ef} is greater than the width of the batten or rafter, respectively. For further calculations, the effective width w_{ef} of the heat insulation may be determined according to:

 $w_{ef} = w + t_{HI} / 2$

where

w = minimum width of the batten or rafter, respectively

 $t_{\rm HI}$ = thickness of the heat insulation

$$\mathbf{K} = \frac{\mathbf{E}_{\mathrm{HI}}}{\mathbf{t}_{\mathrm{HI}}}$$

The following condition shall be satisfied:

$$\frac{\sigma_{m,d}}{f_{m,d}} = \frac{M_d}{W \cdot f_{m,d}} \le 1$$

For the calculation of the section modulus W the net cross section has to be considered.

The shear stresses shall be calculated according to:

$$V = \frac{(F_{b} + F_{s})}{2}$$

The following condition shall be satisfied:

$$\frac{\tau_d}{f_{v,d}} = \frac{1,5 \cdot V_d}{A \cdot f_{v,d}} \leq 1$$

For the calculation of the cross section area the net cross section has to be considered.

Design of the heat insulation

The compressive stresses in the heat insulation shall be calculated according to:

$$\sigma = \frac{1, 5 \cdot F_{b} + F_{s}}{2 \cdot \ell_{char} \cdot W}$$

The design value of the compressive stress shall not be greater than 110 % of the compressive stress at 10 % deformation calculated according to EN 826.

Design of the screws

The screws are loaded predominantly axially. The axial tension force in the screw may be calculated from the shear loads of the roof R_s :

$$T_s = \frac{R_s}{\cos \alpha}$$

The load-carrying capacity of axially loaded screws is the minimum design value of the axial withdrawal capacity of the threaded part of the screw, the head pull-through capacity of the screw and the tensile capacity of the screw.

In order to limit the deformation of the screw head for heat insulation thicknesses over 200 mm or with compressive strength below 0,12 N/mm², respectively, the axial withdrawal capacity of the screws shall be reduced by the factors k_1 and k_2 :

$$\mathsf{F}_{_{ax,\alpha,\mathsf{Rd}}} = \mathsf{min} \begin{cases} \mathsf{k}_{ax} \cdot \mathsf{f}_{ax,\mathsf{d}} \cdot \mathsf{d} \cdot \ell_{_{ef}} \cdot \mathsf{k}_{_{1}} \cdot \mathsf{k}_{_{2}} \bigg(\frac{\rho_{_{k}}}{350} \bigg)^{^{0,8}} \\ \\ \mathsf{f}_{_{\mathsf{head},\mathsf{d}}} \cdot \mathsf{d}_{_{\mathsf{h}}}^{^{2}} \cdot \bigg(\frac{\rho_{_{k}}}{350} \bigg)^{^{0,8}} \end{cases}$$

where:

where.	
$f_{ax,d}$	design value of the axial withdrawal parameter of the threaded part of the screw
d	outer thread diameter of the screw
ℓ_{ef}	Point side penetration length of the threaded part of the screw in the rafter, $l_{ef} \ge 40 \text{ mm}$
α	Angle between grain and screw axis ($\alpha \ge 30^\circ$)
ρ_k	characteristic density of the wood-based member [kg/m3]
$\mathbf{f}_{\text{head},\text{d}}$	design value of the head pull-through capacity of the screw
\mathbf{d}_{h}	head diameter
\mathbf{k}_1	min $\{1; 200/t_{HI}\}$
\mathbf{k}_2	min {1; $\sigma_{10\%}/0,12$ }
$t_{\rm HI}$	thickness of the heat insulation [mm]
$\sigma_{10\%}$	compressive stress of the heat insulation under 10 % deformation [N/mm ²]

If equation k_1 and k_2 are considered, the deflection of the battens does not need to be considered. Alternatively to the battens, panels with a minimum thickness of 20 mm from plywood according to EN 636 or an ETA or national provisions that apply at the installation site, particle board according to EN 312 or an ETA or national provisions that apply at the installation site, oriented strand board according to EN 300 or an ETA or national provisions that apply at the installation site and solid wood panels according to EN 13353 or an ETA or national provisions that apply at the installation site or cross laminated timber according to an ETA may be used.

Thermal insulation material on rafters with parallel screws perpendicular to the roof plane

Alternatively to the battens, panels with a minimum thickness of 20 mm from plywood according to EN 636, particleboard according to EN 312, oriented strand board OSB/3 and OSB/4 according to EN 300 or European Technical Approval and solid wood panels according to EN 13353 may be used.

Characteristic load-carrying capacity of a screw loaded in shear:

$$F_{v,Rk} = \min \begin{cases} f_{h,b,k} \cdot d \cdot t_{b} \\ f_{h,r,k} \cdot d \cdot t_{r} \\ \frac{f_{h,b,k} \cdot d \cdot \beta}{1+\beta} \cdot \left(\sqrt{4t_{il}^{2} + (2+\frac{1}{\beta})t_{b}^{2} + (2+\beta)t_{r}^{2} + 4t_{il}\left(t_{b} + t_{r}\right) + 2t_{b}t_{r}} - 2t_{il} - t_{b} - t_{r}\right) + \frac{F_{ax,Rk}}{4} \\ 1,05 \cdot \frac{f_{h,b,k} \cdot d \cdot \beta}{\frac{1}{2} + \beta} \left(\sqrt{t_{il}^{2} + t_{il}t_{b} + \frac{t_{b}^{2}}{2}\left(1+\frac{1}{\beta}\right) + \frac{M_{y,k}}{f_{h,b,k}d}\left(1+\frac{2}{\beta}\right)} - t_{il} - \frac{t_{b}}{2}\right) + \frac{F_{ax,Rk}}{4} \\ 1,05 \cdot \frac{f_{h,b,k} \cdot d \cdot \beta}{\frac{1}{2} + \beta} \left(\sqrt{t_{il}^{2} + t_{il}t_{r} + \frac{t_{r}^{2}}{2}(1+\beta) + \frac{M_{y,k}}{f_{h,b,k}d}\left(2+\frac{1}{\beta}\right)} - t_{il} - \frac{t_{r}}{2}\right) + \frac{F_{ax,Rk}}{4} \\ 1,15 \cdot \frac{f_{h,b,k} \cdot d}{1+\beta} \left(\sqrt{\beta^{2}t_{il}^{2} + 4\beta(\beta+1) \cdot \frac{M_{y,k}}{f_{h,b,k}d}} - \beta t_{il}\right) + \frac{F_{ax,Rk}}{4} \end{cases}$$

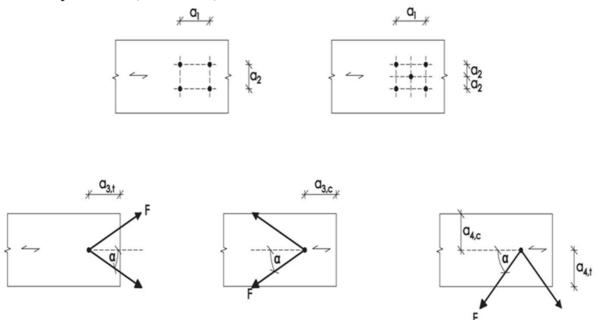
Where:

$f_{h,b,k}$	Characteristic batten embedding strength [N/mm ²]
$f_{h,r,k} \\$	Characteristic rafter embedding strength [N/mm ²]
β	$f_{h,r,k}/f_{h,b,k}$
d	Outer thread diameter [mm]
t _b	Batten thickness [mm]
t _r	The lower value of rafter thickness or screw penetration length [mm]
t _{il}	Interlayer thickness [mm]
$M_{y,k}$	Characteristic fastener yield moment [Nmm]
F _{ax,Rk}	Characteristic axial tensile capacity of the screw [N]

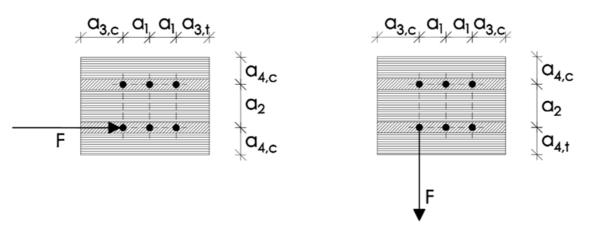
fischer Power-Fast and Construction Screws
Accessories

Minimum distances and spacing

Axially or laterally loaded screws in the plane surface or edge surface of cross laminated timber Definition of spacing, end and edge distances in the plane surface unless otherwise specified in the technical specification (ETA or hEN) for the cross laminated timber:



Definition of spacing, end and edge distances in the edge surface unless otherwise specified in the technical specification (ETA or hEN) for the cross laminated timber.



For screws in the edge surface, a_1 and a_3 are parallel to the CLT plane surface, a_2 and a_4 perpendicular to CLT plane surface.

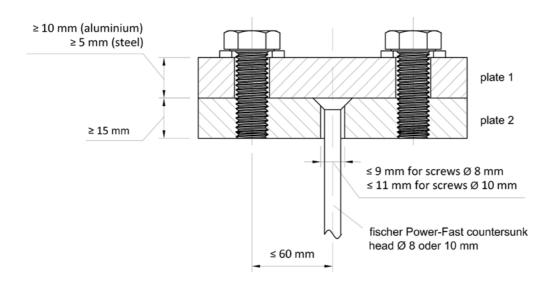
Table C1: Minimum spacing, end and edge distances of screws in the plane or edge surfaces of cross laminated timber

	a 1	a _{3,t}	a _{3,c}	a ₂	a _{4,t}	a _{4,c}
Plane surface (see Figure 1)	$4 \cdot d$	$6 \cdot d$	$6 \cdot d$	2,5 · d	$6 \cdot d$	2,5 · d
Edge surface (see Figure 2)	10 · d	12 · d	7 · d	$4 \cdot d$	$6 \cdot d$	3 · d

fischer Power-Fast and Construction Screws
Minimum distances and spacings

Visualisation of the Power-Fast screw head clamped between two metal plates

Metric screws with hexagon head, countersunk head or cylindric head or threaded rods with nut and washer – each according to the structural requirements – at least 2xM8 (\geq 4.6 respectively A2-50) for the connection of the two plates made of aluminium (mechanical properties at least like e.g. EN AW 6082, EN AW 5083, EN AW 6060 or EN AC-44100); made of carbon steel or made of stainless steel (each at least S235).



Information for the structural analysis of the metric screw connection and the metal plates are not part of this European Technical Assessment.

(Fig. not to scale)

fischer Power-Fast and Construction Screws
clamping of the screw head for compression impact